

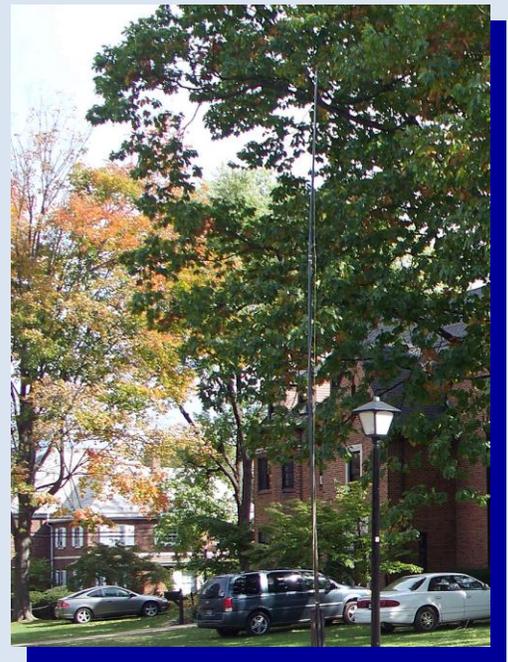
State College Borough

F8 Report

2006 - 2011

Determining impact on neighborhoods

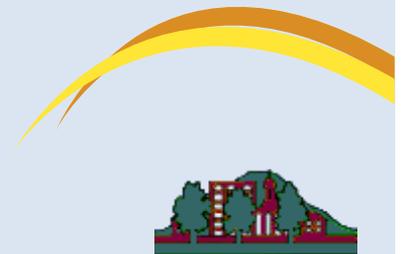
The F8 data study presents an analysis of representative Police and Ordinance Enforcement incidents affecting quality of life in select State College neighborhoods during each Fall Semester in the years 2006 through 2011. The data covers State College Highlands, Holmes-Foster, and College Heights neighborhoods through a 16-week timeframe for each year.



What Is F8?

F8 is an ongoing project to evaluate and address adverse behavior in certain State College residential neighborhoods during the Penn State University Fall Semester.

The Borough of State College partners with Penn State University and the Centre Region Council of Governments on the F8 initiative, meeting on a weekly basis throughout the Fall Semester.



State College Borough

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* Excludes Refuse offenses

2011 – At a Glance

Staff prepared *2011 - At a Glance* provides a quick overview of key findings summarized in the F8 report. Staff believes that overall trends reflected by type of complainant and total number of offenses are a result of the efforts of the Neighborhood Enforcement Alcohol Teams (NEAT) and increased Ordinance Enforcement. In addition, the State College Police continue their policy of increased officer-initiated enforcement of noise offenses.

- Total offenses were up by 174 (17.6%) in 2011 compared to 2010. Of this increase, 173 were refuse offenses.

Offenses by Type

	2011	2010	Change	% Change
Total Offenses	1159	985	174	17.66%
Alcohol	183	188	-5	-2.66%
Refuse	439	266	173	65.04%
Noise	256	251	5	1.99%

- Total offenses were up in all neighborhoods in 2011 compared with 2010.

Offenses by Neighborhood

Neighborhood	2011	2010	Change	% Change
Highlands South	111	86	25	29.07%
Highlands North	607	551	56	10.16%
Holmes-Foster	375	300	75	25.00%
College Heights	66	48	18	37.50%

- However, Police offenses are only up by a total of 6 (.83%) year over year (725 in 2011 vs 719 in 2010)
- Police offenses by neighborhood shows that police offenses are up in 2 neighborhoods and down in 2 neighborhoods.

Police Offenses by Neighborhood

Police Offenses by Neighborhood	2011	2010	Change	% Change
Highlands South	75	66	9	13.64%
Highlands North	406	437	-31	-7.09%
Holmes-Foster	210	179	31	17.32%
College Heights	34	37	-3	-8.11%

- Offenses by Complainant shows a reduction in complaints by the public and an increase in officer-initiated complaints.

Offenses by Complainant

	2011	2010	Change	% Change
Civilian Staff	4	4	1	0.00%
Downtown Student Auxiliary Enforcement Program (DSEP)	2	2	0	0.00%
Neighborhood Enforcement Alcohol Teams (NEAT)	137		137	NA
Officer	569	503	96	13.12%
Public	447	476	-29	-6.09%

Looking at specific types of complaints by complainant, we see that the number of noise complaints reported by the public are down 7% (198 in 2011 vs. 214 in 2010) and that no refuse offenses were reported by the public in either 2011 or 2010.

Executive Summary

The First Eight (F8) program is a collaborative effort of Penn State University and State College Borough to address issues that arise in neighborhoods near campus as students return to town for the fall semester. The program was initiated in 2007 following visits to and consultations with several other communities that host major universities and had started similar programs with encouraging results. Our own experience, and that of other university communities, is that the first weeks of the new school year is a critical time to set the tone for the entire year. Collaboration among officials and agencies enables us to focus our efforts where they will have the greatest impact. Additional details on the development of the F8 program may be found in the Appendix.

This report provides an overview of the F8 program in the Highlands, Holmes-Foster and College Heights neighborhoods. The data presented in this report are for these specific neighborhoods, not the entire Borough, unless otherwise noted. All data are for a 16 week period for each year beginning in mid-August.

Police activity has been tracked in 8 categories. These categories, while not covering the full range of police activity, are key indicators of activity that contributes to neighborhood issues. The Police categories reported here are as follows:

- Alcohol
- Assaults/Fights/Harassment
- Criminal Mischief/Trespass
- Drug Offenses
- Noise Offenses
- Public Urination
- Sex Crimes
- Thefts

The key indicator tracked for Ordinance Enforcement was the number of refuse violations.

The offenses tracked for F8 are those that typically have the most direct impact on residents' perceptions of the quality of life in their neighborhood. Other work of the police, code enforcement and ordinance enforcement staff is equally important, but has less of an impact on quality of life.

The F8 program is part of the Borough's efforts to meet the following goals:

- Communicate expectations for as members of the Penn State and State College Community
- Maintain safe, healthy and vibrant neighborhoods
- Promote positive relations between student and non-student residents
- Improve quality of life in neighborhoods near campus
- Improve communication among students and non-students and between organizations
- Build community
- Stabilize property values and tax base

As described within this report, analysis of key indicators suggests that there has been progress towards meeting these goals and maintaining the quality of life in Borough neighborhoods near campus.

- Total police offenses in the neighborhoods for the F8 study periods in 2007-2011 were below 2006 (pre-F8) levels.
- Alcohol violations in the neighborhoods for the F8 study periods in 2007-2011 were below 2006 (pre-F8) levels.
- National Citizen's Survey (NCS) and other surveys results for each year from 2007 - 2011 showed that more than 85 percent of non-student residents Borough-wide believe their neighborhood an excellent place to live. This approval rating is similar to that of other communities participating in the NCS. (No comparable survey for 2006.)
- The favorable response rate to questions related to quality of life in State College and in respondents' neighborhoods was higher in State College than in other university communities with populations between 25,000 – 99,000 that also participated in the National Citizen's Survey.

The report examines offenses in 27 police reporting areas (RAs) in whole or in part. These RAs were selected because they encompass the neighborhoods adjacent to either downtown or campus. An examination of the data for each of these 27 RAs reveals that the number of violations varies substantially depending on the RA. The RA with the lowest total number of violations was F2, which is located in the Holmes-Foster neighborhood along S. Sparks Street south of W. Fairmount Avenue. The RA with the highest number of violations is D7, which is bounded by Locust Lane, E. Fairmount Avenue, Garner Street, and E. Beaver Avenue. For the 5 years examined in the report, RA F2 experienced the fewest offenses with a total of 15 while the highest total, 533 offenses, were logged in RA D7. In fact, of the 27 RAs for which data were examined, 10 of them (37% of the RAs) accounted for 63% of the violations. These drastic differences in violations among the different RAs must be factored into any intervention strategies for the neighborhoods.

New Initiatives in 2011

Enforcement Activities

In 2011 State College and Penn State police departments deployed the NEAT (Neighborhood Enforcement Alcohol Teams) program for the first time during the F8 period. NEAT is a cooperative effort between State College Borough and Penn State police departments focused on enforcement in neighborhoods south of campus and downtown. In previous F8 periods, weekend ordinance enforcement was handled through overtime hours for existing staff. As a result of staffing changes in 2011, ordinance enforcement staff was on duty every weekend beginning at 6:00 am.

Other Activities

Penn State's Office of Judicial Affairs worked with borough staff to identify student-occupied properties that had accumulated a substantial number of violations during the F8 period, and invited the student occupants to a meeting with Judicial Affairs staff to discuss the ramifications of unacceptable behavior that occurs off campus.

As part of our community building initiatives, borough staff initiated a Community Dialogues program with the goal of bringing the student and non-student residents of the community together in face-to-face settings to build confidence and address issues of common interest.

Conclusions and Recommendations

While it is encouraging to see positive overall trends in the F8 neighborhoods, additional analysis is needed for several sub-neighborhood areas which are identified through the report. Moreover, a number of factors may have contributed to the positive reports for 2007-2011. For example, the number of home football games was higher in 2009, contributing to an increase in some offenses above 2007 and 2008 levels (but still below 2006 levels.) Weather also had an impact on any given weekend's activities. Nevertheless, F8 and other programs have made a difference in helping to maintain and improve the quality of life in the neighborhoods near campus.

Based on the data and assessments by the participants, continuation of the F8 program is recommended. Additional strategies for addressing neighborhood issues include the following:

- Increase focus on noise violations, including officer-initiated citations for such violations. (Note: if this enforcement is increased substantially the number of noise violations will likely increase - see discussion in Appendix 7 regarding officer-initiated versus complaint-response enforcement.)
- Complete revisions to the noise ordinance to improve the tools available to police to combat excessive noise in neighborhoods.
- Increase pre-party contacts and other proactive measures, and explore the feasibility of implementing a party registration program.
- Focus resources on those Police RAs where the greatest number of offenses have historically occurred.
- Increase focus on large parties and gatherings that have negative impacts on neighborhoods, and continue designating specific teams to be assigned to this effort on a regular basis.
- Continue the NEAT, a cooperative effort between State College Borough and Penn State police departments, focused on enforcement in neighborhoods south of campus and downtown.

Explore new ways for the Borough and Penn State police to collaborate on intervention and enforcement in neighborhoods near campus when Penn State students are involved.

- Work with Penn State administrators to find new ways to enable the University to address issues with students and landlords when major neighborhood impacts result from student activities.

Expand the borough's efforts to use community building activities and alternatives to the criminal justice system to increase civility in our neighborhoods and increase cooperation between student and non-student residents in preventing and resolving problems.

Institute a Restorative Justice Program and a Good Neighborhood Program.

- Expand the participation of landlords when addressing problems - particularly those landlords whose properties have historically created problems in neighborhoods.

Overall Trends

Overall, from 2006 through 2010 there was slight decrease in total offenses per year for neighborhoods (988 in 2006 to 985 in 2010). In 2011, this trend was reversed with an increase in total offenses from the 985 logged in 2010 to 1,159 logged in 2011. It is important to note that the primary reason for this increase in offenses in 2011 was the fact that officer-initiated refuse offenses increased by 173 (from 266 to 439.) Police offenses, on the other hand, increased by only 6 offenses from 2010 to 2011. Looking at total offenses for individual neighborhoods for 2006-2011 in Appendix A-1 we see the following:

- * The number of total offenses in Highlands North (**HN**) was flat over the 6 years in the study only changing by 1, from 608 to 607. In Holmes-Foster (**HF**), the number of offenses increased from 245 in 2006 to 375 in 2011, which was the highest number of offenses recorded during the 6 years for which data were analyzed. In **Highlands South (HS)** the number of offenses rose from 98 in 2006 to 111 in 2011, while College Heights (**CHts**) saw an increase in offenses from 37 in 2006 to 66 in 2011. Again, it is important to emphasize that the majority of these increases were due to expanded enforcement of the refuse ordinance rather increases in police offenses.
- * The peak year for total offenses was 2011 when 1,159 offenses were recorded. The lowest number of offenses was recorded in 2007 with 976.
- * Looking at individual neighborhoods for the 2006 - 2011 time frame, we find that the highest number of offenses in **HN** was 608 in 2006 and lowest was 519 in 2008.
- * In **HF** the lowest number of offenses was 245 recorded in both 2008 and 2006 while the highest number was 375 in 2011.
- * Looking at **HS**, the total of 111 offenses in 2009 was the highest recorded in the six years for which data has been compiled. The lowest number of offenses in this neighborhood was 73 in 2008.
- * Finally, in **CHts** in 2011 a total of 66 offenses were recorded, the highest number of the 6 years analyzed for **CHts**. The lowest number of offenses in **CHts** was 37 recorded in 2006.

1. Offenses by Neighborhood

Data was broken out on the basis of the four neighborhood areas for further analysis. Analysis was specifically looking for trends in individual neighborhoods that ran counter to what was found at the larger level of analysis. This will allow us to focus our resources in the most impacted areas.

Please refer to Appendix A-1, Tables 1b through 1j for details (pages 35-39).

Highlands North (HN) (between downtown and Hamilton Avenue)

Alcohol offenses were down over the 6 years with 160 in 2006 and 141 in 2011. However, there was substantial variation in the number of alcohol offenses with 102 recorded in the lowest year (2008) and 162 in the highest year (2010.) This is a larger decline than was registered overall; an 11.88% decline in **HN** versus a 7.1% decline overall.

Assaults continued to trend down between 2006 to 2011, with the highest number, 46, recorded in 2006 and the lowest number, 27, recorded in both 2010 and 2011.

Criminal Mischief/Trespass was down nearly 23% over the 6 years with 74 offenses in 2006 and 57 in 2011. The peak year for Criminal Mischief offenses was 2008, when 86 were reported.

Noise offenses were down in 2011 compared with 2006. However, a closer look at the data shows that noise offenses declined in 2007 and 2008 (98 and 81, respectively), rebounded in 2009 and 2010 (111 and 129, respectively), and dropped again in 2011 to 115. The increase may be the result of the institution of officer initiated activity in 2009, 2010, and 2011 whereas, in prior years, noise offenses were enforced primarily on a complaint basis.

Public Urination tracked similarly to alcohol offenses. In 2006, a total of 28 were recorded. This total declined in 2007 and 2008 (21 and 13), rebounded in 2009 and 2010 (21 and 31, respectively) and declined slightly in 2011 with 26 such offenses recorded.

Refuse offenses in the **HN** peaked in 2011 when 206 offenses were recorded. The fact that higher numbers of refuse offenses were recorded in 2011 than in any of the previous 5 years is not surprising as the borough now has weekend ordinance enforcement every weekend.

Thefts were down 35% over the reporting period, dropping from 46 in 2006 to 30 in 2011. For thefts, 2008 was the highest year with 58 offenses reported.

Highlands South (HS) (between Hamilton Avenue and Easterly Parkway)

Alcohol offenses increased from 6 in 2006 to 11 in 2011. The highest number of alcohol offenses was recorded in 2009 (10) and the lowest in 2008 (3).

Assaults varied during the reporting period increasing from 8 in 2006 to 11 in 2009 before declining to 7 in both 2010 and 2011.

Criminal Mischief/Trespass offenses were generally flat between 2006 and 2009 over the first 4 years of the reporting period (9, 8, 10, and 9, respectively) before climbing to 14 in 2010. The number of this category of offense declined in 2011 to 11 offenses.

Noise, as an offense category, accounts for the largest number of offenses in the **HS**. The number of offenses has generally trended down from 2006 to 2011, with 53 and 35 offenses reported respectively. An uptick in the number of noise complaints was recorded in 2009 with 41 offenses.

Public Urination offenses were extremely rare in **HS**. A total of 3 during the reporting year.

Refuse offenses were up from 2006 to 2011 from 10 in 2006 to 16 in 2009, 20 in 2010, and 36 in 2011. A total of 9 and 8 Refuse offenses were recorded for 2007 and 2008, respectively.

Thefts were down 2006 to 2010, with 11 reported in 2006 while only 4 were reported in 2010. This number was up again in 2011 when 10 thefts were recorded.

Holmes-Foster (HF)

Alcohol offenses per year, which had been declining in **HF** between 2009 (26 offenses) to 2010 (15 offenses) jumped to 28 offenses in 2011. Staff believes this increase is due to the activities of NEAT in the **HF** neighborhood.

Assaults were down over the reporting period, but did rise in 2011 compared with 2010. In 2006, 25 Assaults were recorded, while in 2010 this number had declined by 24% to 19. In 2011, a total of 24 assaults were recorded in **HF**. This increase continued a trend from 2008 and 2009 when 8 and 13 Assaults, respectively, were recorded. To the extent that alcohol is involved in an assault, it is possible this increase is related to an increase in alcohol offenses that was also noted in 2011.

Criminal Mischief/Trespass offenses were down 27% from 2006 to 2011, declining from 45 instances in 2006 to 33 cases in 2011. There has been some variation in this category of offense, with 32 recorded in 2007 and 2008, 37 offenses reported in 2009, and 26 in 2010.

Noise offenses were up 28% over the reporting period, rising from 71 in 2006 to 91 in 2011; the lowest number was 54 Noise offenses reported in 2008.

Public Urination offenses were also infrequent in **HF** ranging between 1 and 3 incidents per year for the reporting period.

Refuse offenses represented the largest single category of all the categories of offenses for which data were compiled. Numbers were up for the reporting period, rising 323% from 39 in 2006 to 165 in 2011. Similar to the other neighborhoods, the most dramatic increase in Refuse offenses occurred between 2006 and 2007, when the number of offenses increased from 39 to 110.

Thefts were down from 2006 to 2011, with 27 and 26 Thefts recorded, respectively. In **HF**, the lowest number of thefts was 23 recorded in 2008 and the highest number was 42 recorded in 2010.

College Heights (CHts)

Alcohol offenses were up from 2 in 2006 to 5 in 2011. The 6 recorded in 2009 represented highest number recorded during the reporting period.

Assaults increased from 2 in 2006 to 3 in 2011. Five, the highest number of assaults in a single year for **CHts**, were reported in 2009. For the other years analyzed, no more than 2 Assaults were reported in any year.

Criminal Mischief/Trespass as a category of offenses went from 4 in 2006 to 6 in 2010 only to drop in 2011 when only a single offense of this type was recorded. The highest reported number of Criminal Mischief/Trespass offenses was in 2008 and 2009 when 10 and 9 were reported, respectively.

Noise offenses were up from 10 in 2006 to 15 in 2010. The number of Noise offenses in **CHts** fluctuated from a low of 10 in 2006 to a high of 19 in 2007.

Public Urination offenses were also infrequent in **CHts** with a total of 5 occurring during the 6 years of the reporting period.

Refuse offenses declined from 14 in 2006 to 11 in 2010 only to increase in 2011 to 32 offenses. The fewest number of refuse offenses was 6 recorded in 2007. Refuse offenses represented the largest single category of offenses, which more than double noise offenses. The 32 refuse offenses represented 48% of all offenses recorded in **CHts** in 2011. Noise offenses, by comparison, represented 23% of all offenses.

Thefts which had been trending up between 2006 and 2010 (from 4 in 2006 to 8 in 2010) dropped to 7 in 2011. The greatest number of thefts was recorded in 2009 when 12 were recorded.

2. Offenses by Reporting Area

Within the neighborhoods, was interest in determining whether certain sub-areas consistently experienced a greater number of offenses than did other sub-areas. One of the geographies used to evaluate offenses within neighborhoods was the police reporting areas (RA).

Several RAs within neighborhoods, particularly in Highlands North and Holmes-Foster did consistently experience higher levels of activity over time. In fact, 10 of these RAs (5 in each neighborhood) accounted for 64% of the total offenses recorded in the 6 years for which data has been compiled. In general, these RAs are the sections of the neighborhoods with the highest concentration of rental housing. More detail on the geographic analysis is provided below.

Please see Appendix A-2, Charts 2a through 2g for detail (pages 42-44).

Highlands North

The **HN** neighborhood experienced the most uniform distribution of activity on a geographic basis. Five of the RAs in the Highlands (D6, D7, E5, E6, and E8) accounted for 38% of the total violations recorded over the 6 years for which we have tracked data. In 2011, these 5 RAs accounted for two-thirds of all offenses in the Highlands. The percentage of total activity for the RAs that are wholly or partially in **HN** ranged from a low of 2.56% in area C9 to a high of 15.76% in area D7 (see map on page 40 for the location of the RAs). Details concerning the percentage of activity by RA are provided below:

RA	Percentage of Total Offenses in Highlands North
C9	2.51%
D3	3.40%
D6	14.31%
D7	15.76%
E3	7.80%
E4	8.48%
E5	10.20%
E6	14.13%
E7	8.22%
E8	11.65%
E9	3.55%
Total Offenses in HN	3383

Highlands South

HS contains 4 RAs. The majority of the activity experienced in this neighborhood occurred in RAs F4 (28.88%) and F5 (52.10%). See the table below for details.

RA	Percentage
F4	28.88%
F5	52.10%
F6	9.69%
F7	9.32%
Total Offenses in HS	547

Holmes-Foster

The **HF** neighborhood contains 9 RAs. Approximately 88% of the offenses identified in **HF** occurred in 5 of the 9 RAs, all located along College Avenue, Beaver Avenue and Atherton Street (B1, B2, C1, C2, and D2). Moreover, 25.52% of the total violations for the 6 years of the study occurred in these 5 RAs.

RA	Percentage
B1	12.76%
B2	14.80%
C1	15.25%
C2	22.90%
D1	4.82%
D2	22.96%
F1	1.70%
F2	0.85%
F3	3.97%
Total Offenses in HF	1764

College Heights

CHts contains 2 RAs: A1 and A2. With one exception, there has been a higher level of activity in East **CHts** (A2) when compared to West **CHts** (A1). Over the 6 years in the analysis, 65.69% of the offenses occurred in East **CHts** compared to 34.31% in West **CHts**.

RA	Percentage
A1	34.31%
A2	65.69%
Total Offenses in CHts	306

3. *Offense Types by Year*

Looking at the following offenses for the complete study area we determined that:

- **Alcohol** - The number of offenses were down 7% over the 6 years examined, falling from 197 offenses in 2006 to 183 in 2011. In the 2 most recent years, a slight decrease in alcohol offenses was recorded with 183 in 2011 compared to 188 in 2010 respectively.
- **Assaults** - The number of assaults recorded in 2011 (61) reversed a gradual downward trend in 2009 and 2010, (58 and 54, respectively). Over the 6 years of the reporting period, the number of assaults declined by 25% from 81 in 2006 to 61 in 2011.
- **Criminal Mischief/Trespass** – The number of offenses trended down over 6 years, declining by 22.7%. In 2006 a total of 132 offenses were recorded compared with 102 in 2011. The 102 offenses in this category recorded in 2011 exceeded that in 2010 when 94 were recorded. The highest number of criminal mischief/trespass offenses was logged in 2008 when 138 were recorded.
- **Noise** – The number of offenses has declined slightly from 2006 to 2011, down by 7 offenses (263 to 256). However, over the past 3 years the number of noise offenses has gradually risen each year with 244 in 2009, 251 in 2010, and 256 in 2011. Officer initiated enforcement of noise control regulations, including enforcement activity by NEAT, is the primary reason for the increase in the number of offenses logged in 2010.
- **Refuse** – The number of offenses increased during the first 4 years of the study, declined in 2010, and then registered a substantial jump in 2011. In 2010, 266 refuse offenses were recorded compared with 439 in 2011. This represents a 65% increase year over year and a 48% increase over the 296 refuse violations recorded in 2009, which was the previous high year for refuse offenses. The addition of weekend refuse enforcement is the main reason for the marked increase.
- **Thefts** – The number of offenses reported in 2011 was down compared to 2010 (73 versus 88). The highest number of thefts recorded during the 6 years examined was in 2009 when 104 thefts were recorded.
- **Public Urination** – Never one of the larger categories of offense, the number of public urination offenses declined substantially expressed as a percentage (56%) between 2006 and 2008 only to rebound in 2009 and 2010. For 2011, a slight decline was observed with this category of violation dropping from 34 in 2010 to 30 in 2011. The 34 offenses that were recorded in 2010 was the single highest year during the reporting period.
- **Sex Crimes and Drugs** – The highest number of these offenses recorded was in 2008 with a total of 25; 2010 saw the lowest number of offense in these categories with 10 offenses. In 2011, the total for these 2 categories of offenses was 15. The total for the 6 year reporting period was 96 offenses which represents 1.6% of all offenses in the study area.

- **All Offenses** – The total number of offenses reported remained stubbornly high. 2008 was the year with the lowest number of offenses (885) and 2011 had the highest number (1159). The variation between these high and low points was 274 offenses. Looked at on a weekly basis, during 2011 there were 17 more offenses per week than during 2008.

4. *Offenses by Week*

The level of activity was analyzed on the basis of the week during which it occurred. There was a consistent, although not identical, pattern of activity levels across all 6 years evaluated. The dataset used as the basis of this report covered a 16-week period, starting 2 weeks prior to the return of university students for the fall semester and ending late November or early December.

Please see Appendix A-4, Charts 4a through 4f for details on all Police offenses and Charts 4g through 4l for details on three specific offenses: refuse, noise, and alcohol offenses (pages 53-59).

The pattern observed indicated a substantial jump in activity immediately following return of students with a decline in activity as the semester progressed. There were occasional spikes in activity in latter parts of the semester depending on the occurrence of “event weekends.” For 2006 – 2008, peaks occur near end of September or beginning of October. This pattern is observed with or without refuse violations being included in the analysis. In 2009, the single highest peak was week 12 at the end of October; otherwise, the same pattern of peaks occurring early in fall semester and observed for previous years was repeated. For 2010, a similar pattern was observed although the peaks were generally lower than in previous years. For 2011, a similar pattern was observed although the peaks were generally higher than in 2008, 2009, and 2010.

In general, weeks when activity in one offense category peaks, similar peaks in other offense categories, occurred particularly in the categories of noise, alcohol and refuse offenses. Looking at refuse offenses (Charts 4g – 4j) there is a substantial jump in 2007 – 2010 when compared to 2006. In 2011 (Chart 4l), we see the number of refuse offenses spike even higher. This is the result of the institution of weekend ordinance enforcement in 2007 and the expansion of weekend ordinance enforcement in 2011. Theft offenses do not appear to consistently follow the peaks, nor do assaults. For thefts and assaults, some of the higher activity weeks include higher levels of these two types of offense but were also prevalent in “off-peak” weeks for other types of violations.

As expected, the majority of the weeks with the highest level included a home Penn State football game. During home football games, the population of the town swells by thousands of football fans (including those of the visiting team) and all types of activity increase. Also of note, is a spike in police offenses over the Halloween weekend, which has become a major event weekend in State College and in many communities across the country.

5. Offenses by Day of Week

Police offense data were analyzed on the basis of which day of the week offenses occurred. Days of the week were defined as 24-hour periods beginning at 6:00 a.m. and running to 6:00 a.m. the following day. Thus, data for Monday was compiled for the period beginning at 6:00 a.m. Monday morning and running to 5:59 a.m. on Tuesday morning.

Please see Chart 5a and Table 5g for details on the total offenses by day of week for the reporting period (pages 60-65).

Several patterns can be seen in the data. In some cases, these patterns are expected. For example, Alcohol, Assaults, and Noise offenses tend to be clustered on Thursday, Friday, and Saturday (that is, from 6:00 a.m. Thursday to 6:00 a.m. Sunday). Public Urination offenses also follow this pattern.

Day of Week	% of All Assaults, Alcohol, and Noise Offenses
Monday	3.73%
Tuesday	3.95%
Wednesday	6.10%
Thursday	14.58%
Friday	34.08%
Saturday	32.57%
Sunday	4.99%

Theft and Criminal Mischief/Trespass offenses tend to be more evenly distributed across the week. The greatest number of thefts on a single day of the week (137) was reported on Sunday (from 6:00 a.m. Sunday to 6:00 a.m. Monday). To a large extent, this is because it is a measure of when the offense is discovered and subsequently reported rather than when the offense actually occurred.

Of the 707 criminal mischief/trespass offenses occurring over the 6 years in the analysis, the percentage of offenses on the basis of day of the week is more evenly distributed than is the case for other types of offenses. This distribution is shown below:

Day of Week	% of All Criminal Mischief/Trespass Offenses
Monday	11.17%
Tuesday	7.78%
Wednesday	8.20%
Thursday	12.59%
Friday	21.64%
Saturday	20.51%
Sunday	18.10%

While Friday and Saturday have higher levels of Criminal Mischief/Trespass offenses, these offenses are more evenly distributed across all days of the week suggests that a wider range of causal factors may be at work than is the case for other offenses such as Assaults and Noise which may be more directly tied to alcohol use.

6. *Offenses by Hour*

Police offense data was also analyzed on the basis of what time of the day offenses occurred. The tables and charts that display data on the basis of time of day use a 24-hour clock with 6:00 a.m. used as the initial hour in the display.

Please see Appendix A-6, Charts 6a through 6e for detail (pages 66-70).

Several patterns can be seen in the data. In some cases, these patterns would be expected. For example, Alcohol, Assaults, and Noise offenses tend to be clustered between 10:00 p.m. to 4:00 a.m. Public Urination offenses also follow this pattern, although the peak hours start a little later.

Theft offenses tend to be more evenly distributed across time of day. As can be seen on Table 6a, of the 528 theft offenses recorded, the highest single hours, 1:00 and 2:00 p.m., accounted for only slightly less than 17% of all thefts. Again, caution must be used in drawing conclusions on when thefts occurred, because the data may reflect when the offense was reported rather than when the offense actually occurred.

Criminal Mischief/Trespass also differed from other types offenses on the basis of time of day. While more Criminal Mischief/Trespass offenses occurred on Friday, Saturday, and Sunday, the offenses were as likely to have occurred during the latter morning hours (after 8:00 a.m.) and during the afternoon than they were to have occurred in the early hours of the day. However, caution must be exercised when drawing conclusions on when Criminal Mischief/Trespass occurred because the data may reflect when the offense was reported, rather than when the offense actually occurred.

Similar to what was identified in the analysis of day of week distributions for Criminal Mischief/Trespass, the time of day distributions for Sex offenses suggests the time of day reflects when the offense was reported rather than when it occurred.

7. Offenses by Complainant

The data were analyzed on the basis of the source of the complaint that an offense had occurred. The table below provides a look at the percentages of offenses reported by the public, police officers, representatives of the DSEP program (which is focused more on downtown than on neighborhoods), civilian staff, and beginning in 2011, the NEAT program. The proportion of complaints filed by police officers has increased over time to nearly 61%. Complaints originating from the public has followed the reverse trajectory, declining from nearly 60% of complaints to less than 40% of complaints in 2011.

Complainant	% of All Complaints by Year					
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Public	58.30%	57.74%	57.74%	54.92%	48.32%	38.57%
Officer	41.09%	47.34%	41.81%	44.39%	51.07%	49.09%
NEAT	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	11.82%
DSEP	0.10%	0.10%	0.00%	0.00%	0.20%	0.17%
Civilian Staff	0.51%	0.82%	0.45%	0.70%	0.41%	0.35%

The picture changes somewhat when you look at complainant data for individual categories of offense. The majority of the complaints for alcohol, drug, public urination, and refuse offenses are recorded by officers. The majority of assaults, criminal mischief/trespass, noise, sex crimes and thefts are reported by the public. The data shows an increase in the number of noise offenses reported by officers. This is in response to an increased emphasis on officer-initiated complaints and the formation of Neighborhood Enforcement Action Teams (NEAT) by the police department. The NEAT teams are assigned to high activity neighborhoods during high activity periods with the goals of deterring activity and responding more quickly to activity that occurs. Continued deployment of NEAT teams should result in higher levels of officer-initiated complaints in several categories of offenses including noise, alcohol, and assaults.

8. *Offender Demographics*

Staff analyzed the data on the basis of select demographics of the offender. It should be noted at the outset of this section that offender demographic data are not available for all offenders. Details on the demographics of offenders is found in Appendix A-8 (pages 76-77).

It is not surprising given the population profile of State College that the largest group of offenders are young, white males. Fully, 87.18% of the offenders for whom gender is available are males. Of the 1,467 male offenders for whom an age is known, 1270 (86.5%) are between the ages of 17 and 24. Of the offenders for whom race is identified, 89.3% are white, 4.8% are African American, and 3% are Asian.

Table 8c breaks out offenses by type for offenders ages 17 – 26. Alcohol offenses, followed by noise offenses, are the highest category of offenders ages 17 – 20 (610 and 587 offenses respectively.) For offenders 21 years of age and older, these same two categories of offense rose to the top of the list, but in reverse order with 174 alcohol offenses and 436 noise offenses.

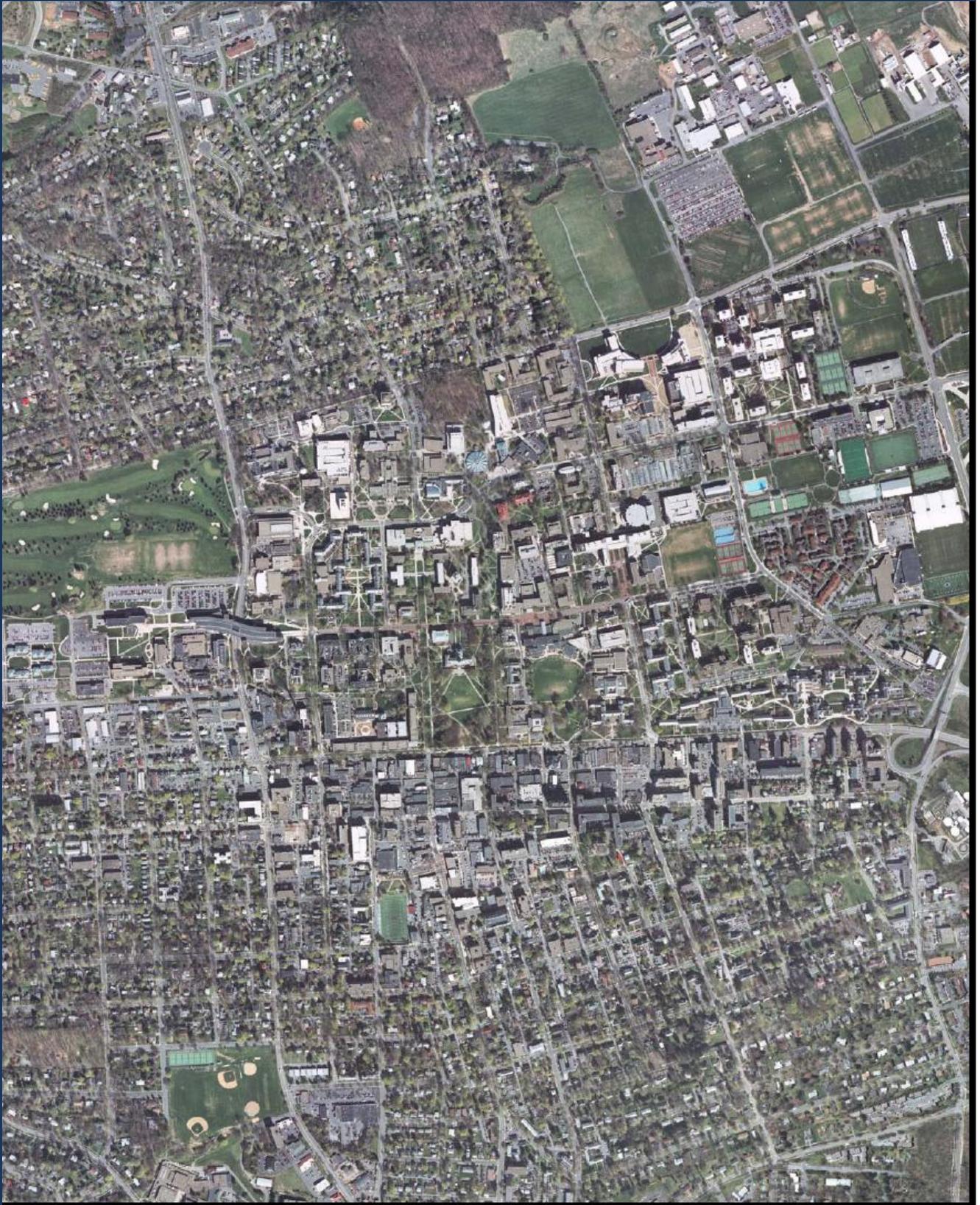
National Citizen Survey

As part of its citizen engagement initiatives during each of the past four years, State College Borough has partnered with the National Research Center (NRC), a private survey research firm based in Boulder, CO, to conduct mail out/mail back surveys of a randomly selected sample of State College Borough residents. In 2007, 2009, 2010, and 2011 the questionnaire used was the National Citizen Survey (NCS) questionnaire. The NCS is a cooperative undertaking between the ICMA and NRC. Questions on the NCS survey focus primarily on topics such as satisfaction with services and issues related to quality of life and safety in the community. The NCS questionnaire also allows the community to develop three questions that focus on topics related to local policy issues. In 2008, the Borough and NRC developed a questionnaire that was similar in style to the NCS but focused more on issues of local interest.

Each of the surveys included questions that allowed respondents to give their assessment of quality of life in their neighborhood and in the Borough as a whole, as well as their assessments of how safe they feel in their neighborhood. In 2008, 2009, 2010, and 2011 the survey included a question concerning how frequently they interact with their neighbors. The results of this question, and of one that asked respondents to rate their perceived sense of community provide the borough with insights into the level of neighborhood cohesion felt by our residents. Responses to the subset of the NCS questions on the quality of life in State College and State College neighborhoods are provided in Appendix C (pages 87-95).

One question that arises fairly often is whether student residents hold the same views on the quality of life in State College as members of the community that are not students. Since one of the demographic questions we ask on the survey is student status, we are able to break out the responses for student and non-student residents. Appendix C shows the trend lines in the responses are very similar regardless of student status. Even though student residents tended to have a slightly less favorable impression of quality of life and level of safety than non-student residents, a substantial majority of students gave high marks to quality of life and safety in both their neighborhood and in the community overall.

Appendix



Data Notes

Data Notes on the Appendix

Extensive, detailed data are provided in the nine chapters in the Appendix. A brief synopsis of the data is provided at the beginning of each chapter. The police and ordinance enforcement data for the 16 weeks in the four neighborhood areas are provided in detail in the following appendices (numbers correspond to appendix number).

- A1. Offenses by neighborhood (Includes map of the four neighborhoods near the campus that are included in all the data sets.)
- A2. Offenses by reporting areas (Smaller police reporting areas within each neighborhood.)
- A3. Offenses by type by year by neighborhood
- A4. Police offenses by week
- A5. Police Offenses by day of week
- A6. Police offenses by hour (Police only; ordinance enforcement is not tracked on an hourly basis.)
- A7. Offenses by complainant
- A8. Offender demographics
- B1. Development of the F8 program

In addition to those data, the report includes information on Penn State home football game schedules and number of students enrolled at the University. It should be noted that neighborhood-by-neighborhood data are not available for the National Citizens' Survey. These data are Borough-wide.

The F8 project has been active from 2007 through 2011. Year 2006 is our data control year, before the F8 project began. The F8 reporting start date is two Mondays prior to student return, so that data covers one full week prior to student return for comparison purposes. The end date is 16 full weeks after the start date. Each week runs Monday to Sunday. Data covers the following date ranges:

Year	Start Date	End Date
2006	Aug 21, 2006	Dec 10, 2006
2007	Aug 13, 2007	Dec 2, 2007
2008	Aug 11, 2008	Nov 30, 2008
2009	Aug 10, 2009	Nov 29, 2009
2010	Aug 9, 2010	Nov 28, 2010
2011	Aug 8, 2011	Nov 27, 2011

Data is restricted to offenses in select State College Borough residential neighborhoods: Highlands, Holmes-Foster, and College Heights. Offenses occurring on properties, as well as in the street and on sidewalks, are included. Offenses occurring on commercial properties, the downtown area, schools in State College Borough, Penn State campus, high-rise apartment buildings, intersections, and other areas are not included. The Holmes-Foster neighborhood includes the area known as the West End. The Highlands neighborhood is divided into Highlands North and Highlands South, with Hamilton Avenue as the dividing line.

Data was retrieved from the Police Department records management system for the following offenses:

- Assaults, Fights, and Harassment
- Criminal Mischief/Trespass
- Drugs
- Liquor, including offenses related to underage drinking
- Noise
- Public Urination
- Sex Crimes
- Thefts

Data was retrieved from the Health Department for refuse offenses. Because refuse data do not include time of day, refuse offenses are excluded from any reporting by hour.

To report offenses by week, yearly data was divided into 16 weeks:

Week	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
1	Aug 21 – Aug 27	Aug 13 – Aug 19	Aug 11 – Aug 17	Aug 10 – Aug 16	Aug 9 – Aug 15	Aug 8 – Aug 14
2	Aug 28 – Sept 3	Aug 20 – Aug 26	Aug 18 – Aug 24	Aug 17 – Aug 23	Aug 16 – Aug 22	Aug 15 – Aug 21
3	Sept 4 – Sept 10	Aug 27 – Sept 2	Aug 25 – Aug 31	Aug 24 – Aug 30	Aug 23 – Aug 29	Aug 22 – Aug 28
4	Sept 11 – Sept 17	Sept 3 – Sept 9	Sept 1 – Sept 7	Aug 31 – Sept 6	Aug 30 – Sept 5	Aug 29 – Sept 4
5	Sept 18 – Sept 24	Sept 10 – Sept 16	Sept 8 – Sept 14	Sept 7 – Sept 13	Sept 6 – Sept 12	Sept 5 – Sept 11
6	Sept 25 – Oct 1	Sept 17 – Sept 23	Sept 15 – Sept 21	Sept 14 – Sept 20	Sept 13 – Sept 19	Sept 12 – Sept 18
7	Oct 2 – Oct 8	Sept 24 – Sept 30	Sept 22 – Sept 28	Sept 21 – Sept 27	Sept 20 – Sept 26	Sept 19 – Sept 25
8	Oct 9 – Oct 15	Oct 1 – Oct 7	Sept 29 – Oct 5	Sept 28 – Oct 4	Sept 27 – Oct 3	Sept 26 – Oct 2
9	Oct 16 – Oct 22	Oct 8 – Oct 14	Oct 6 – Oct 12	Oct 5 – Oct 11	Oct 4 – Oct 10	Oct 3 – Oct 9
10	Oct 23 – Oct 29	Oct 15 – Oct 21	Oct 13 – Oct 19	Oct 12 – Oct 18	Oct 11 – Oct 17	Oct 10 – Oct 16
11	Oct 30 – Nov 5	Oct 22 – Oct 28	Oct 20 – Oct 26	Oct 19 – Oct 25	Oct 18 – Oct 24	Oct 17 – Oct 23
12	Nov 6 – Nov 12	Oct 29 – Nov 4	Oct 27 – Nov 2	Oct 26 – Nov 1	Oct 25 – Oct 31	Oct 24 – Oct 30
13	Nov 13 – Nov 19	Nov 5 – Nov 11	Nov 3 – Nov 9	Nov 2 – Nov 8	Nov 1 – Nov 7	Oct 31 – Nov 6
14	Nov 20 – Nov 26	Nov 12 – Nov 18	Nov 10 – Nov 16	Nov 9 – Nov 15	Nov 8 – Nov 14	Nov 7 – Nov 13
15	Nov 27 – Dec 3	Nov 19 – Nov 25	Nov 17 – Nov 23	Nov 16 – Nov 22	Nov 15 – Nov 21	Nov 14 – Nov 20
16	Dec 4 – Dec 10	Nov 26 – Dec 2	Nov 24 – Nov 30	Nov 23 – Nov 29	Nov 22 – Nov 28	Nov 21 – Nov 27

Other factors considered in the data analysis include Penn State University home football games and student enrollment.

PSU Home Football Games

Year	Game Days							
2006	Sept 2	Sept 16	Sept 30	Oct 14	Oct 21	Nov 1	Nov 18	
2007	Sept 1	Sept 8	Sept 15	Oct 6	Oct 13	Oct 27	Nov 3	
2008	Aug 30	Sept 6	Sept 20	Sept 27	Oct 18	Nov 15	Nov 22	
2009	Sept 5	Sept 12	Sept 19	Sept 26	Oct 10	Oct 17	Nov 7	Nov 14
2010	Sept 4	Sept 18	Sept 25	Oct 9	Oct 30	Nov 6	Nov 27	
2011	Sept 3	Sept 10	Sept 24	Oct 8	Oct 15	Oct 29	Nov 12	

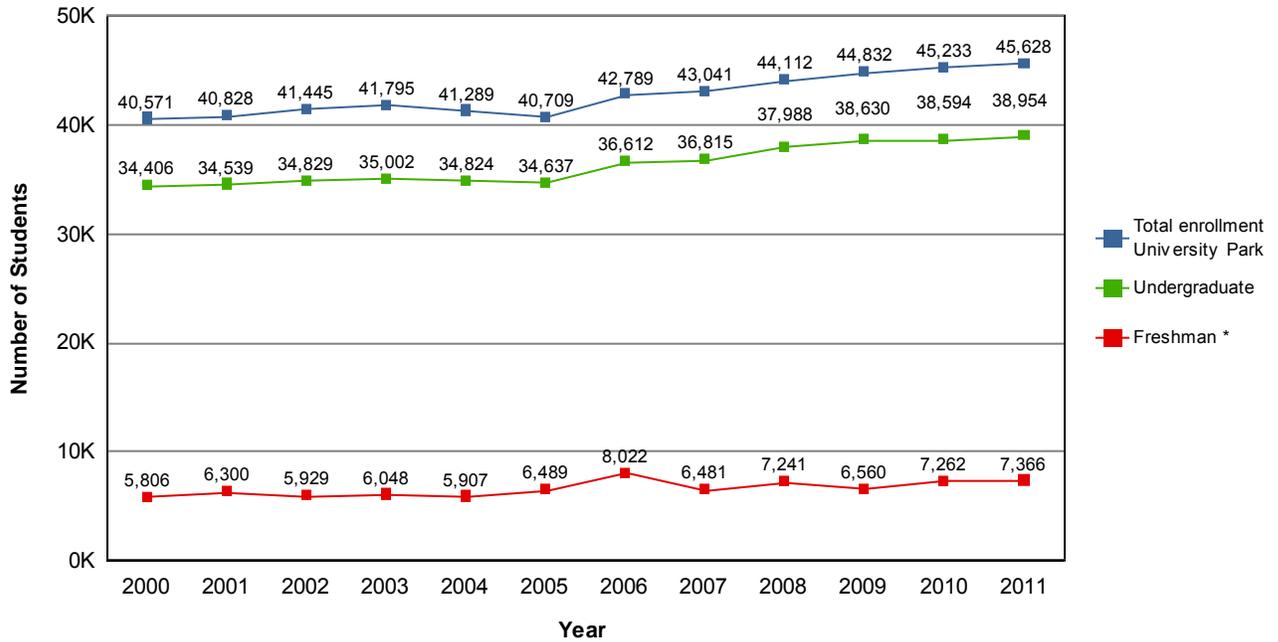
PSU Student Enrollment* at University Park

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Undergraduate	34,406	34,539	34,829	35,002	34,824	34,637	36,612	36,815	37,988	38,630	38,594	38,954
Graduate/Medical/Law	6,165	6,289	6,616	6,793	6,465	6,072	6,177	6,226	6,124	6,202	6,639	6,674
Total Enrollment at University Park	40,571	40,828	41,445	41,795	41,289	40,709	42,789	43,041	44,112	44,832	45,233	45,628
Freshman	5,806	6,300	5,929	6,048	5,907	6,489	8,022	6,481	7,241	6,560	7,262	7,366
Dickinson School of Law **	544	541	601	646	638	592	621	675	643	617	630	629

* Student enrollment for years 2002 through 2011 were obtained from the Penn State Common Dataset
 Student enrollment for years 2000 and 2001 are estimated, based on stats from an article in *The Daily Collegian*

** The Penn State Dickinson School of Law operates on a unified basis with campuses at University Park and Carlisle.
 The Dickinson School of Law reflects counts at both locations, including those primarily in residence at University Park.

Freshman, Undergraduate, and Total Enrollment



A-1. Offenses by Neighborhood

State College Neighborhoods Examined for F8 Data Study



----- Neighborhood dividing line between Highlands North and Highlands South at Hamilton Avenue, used in this study

----- Partial area of Highlands North used in the study

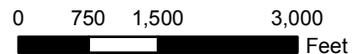


Chart 1a. Total Offenses for Neighborhood

2006 - 2011

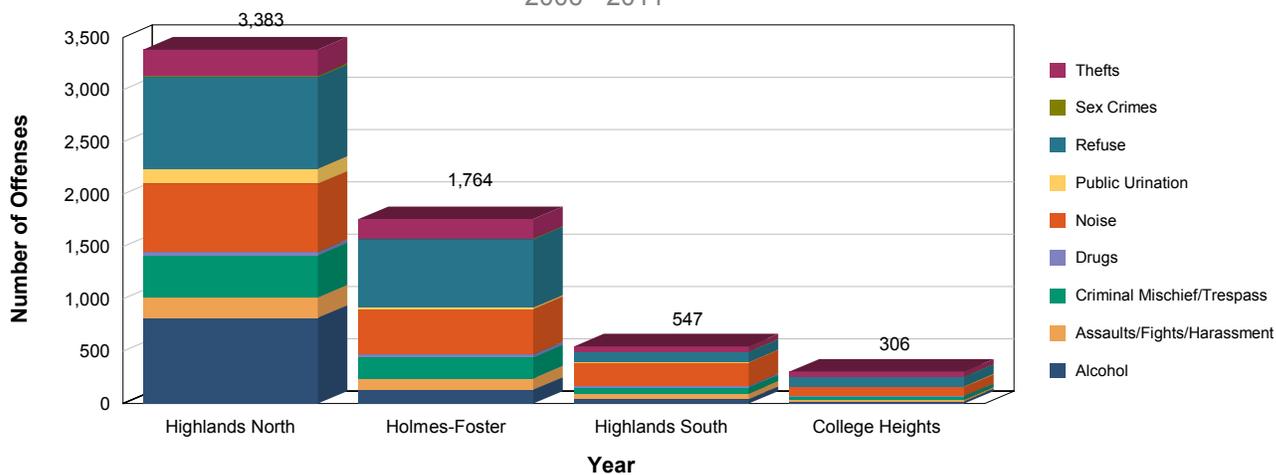
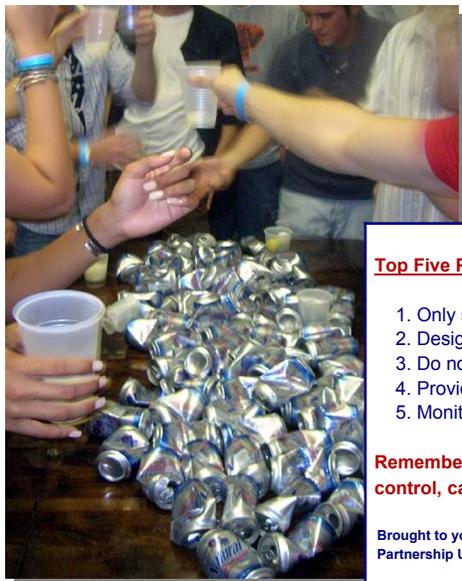


Table 1a. Total Offenses for Neighborhood

2006 - 2011

	Highlands North	Holmes - Foster	Highlands South	College Heights	TOTAL
Alcohol	821	133	44	22	1,020
Assaults/Fights/Harassment	193	107	52	15	367
Criminal Mischief/Trespass	407	205	61	34	707
Drugs	28	26	11	3	68
Noise	654	434	224	86	1,398
Public Urination	140	13	3	4	160
Refuse	879	653	99	93	1,724
Sex Crimes	13	8	4	3	28
Thefts	248	185	49	46	528
TOTAL	3,383	1,764	547	306	6,000



Top Five Party Hosting Tips:

1. Only serve alcohol to people 21 or older.
2. Designate sober hosts.
3. Do not let intoxicated guests drive home.
4. Provide food and non-alcoholic drinks.
5. Monitor noise levels throughout the party.

Remember, if your party is starting to get out of control, call the police. They can help! 234-7150

Brought to you by - The Partnership: Campus & Community Partnership United Against Dangerous Drinking.

Chart 1b. Offenses by Neighborhood - 2006

August 21 - December 10

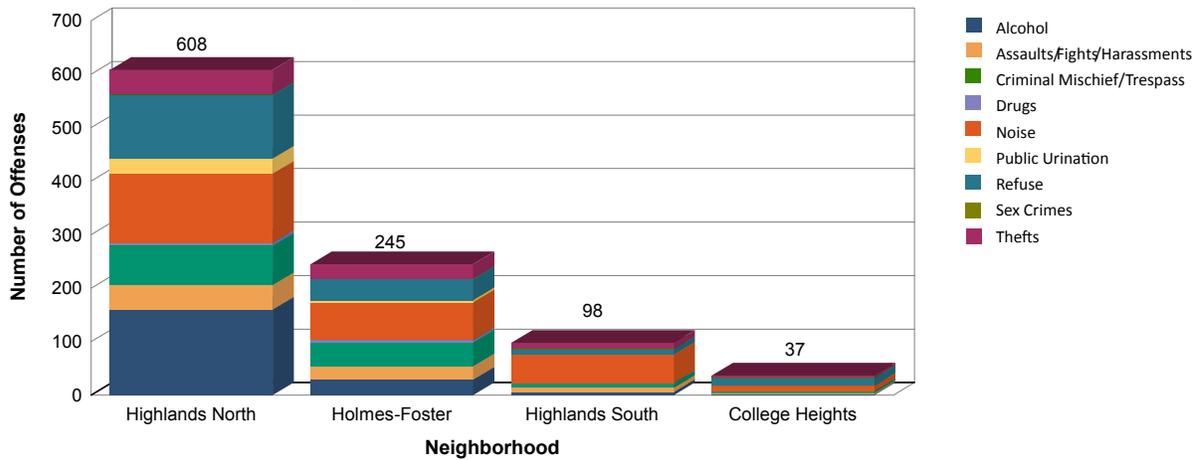


Chart 1c. Offenses by Neighborhood - 2007

August 13 - December 2

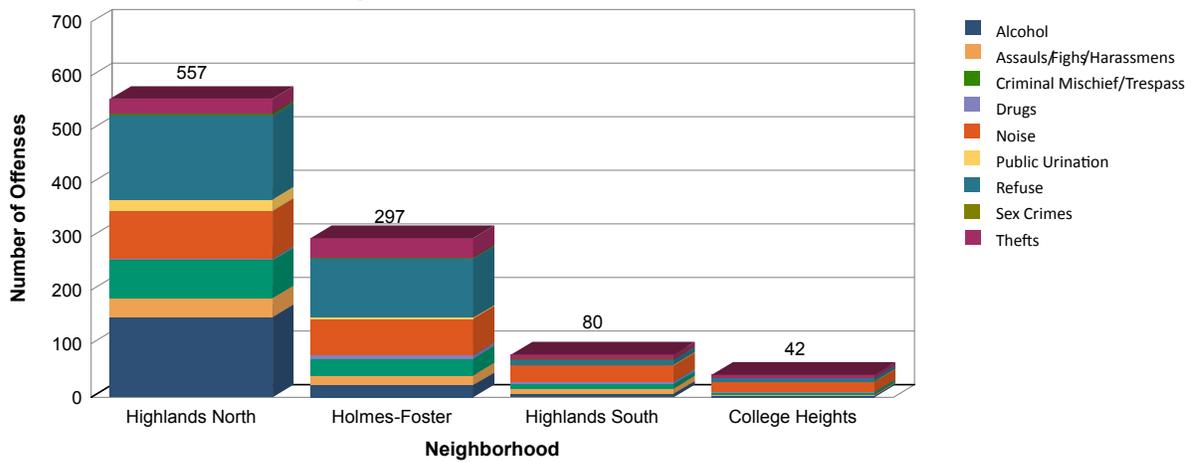


Chart 1d. Offenses by Neighborhood - 2008

August 11 - November 30

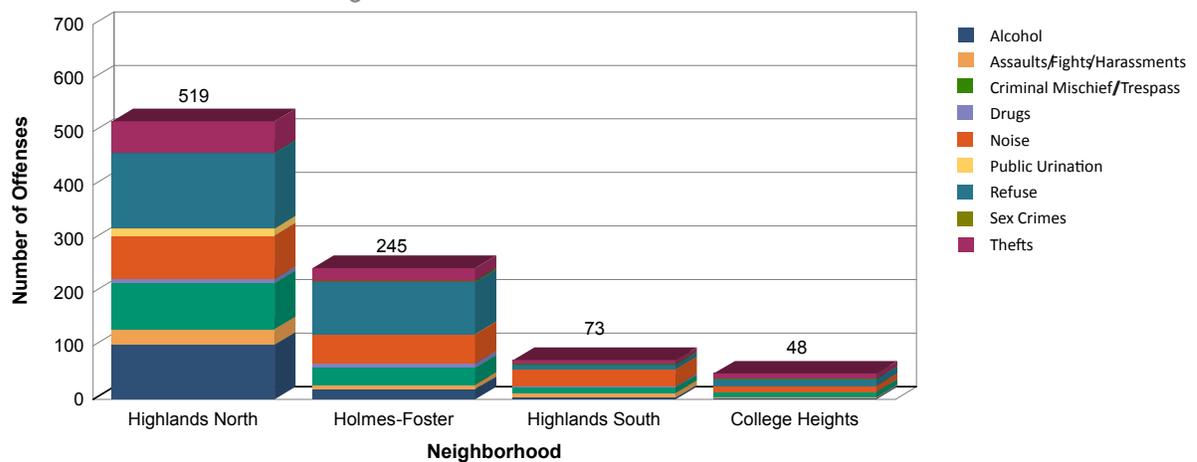


Chart 1e. Offenses by Neighborhood - 2009

August 10 - November 29

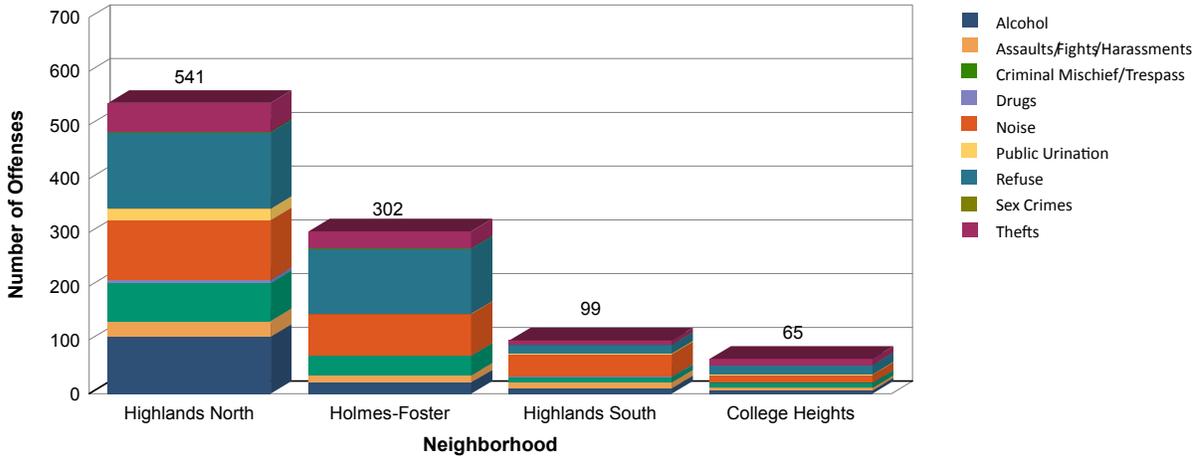


Chart 1f. Offenses by Neighborhood - 2010

August 9 - November 28

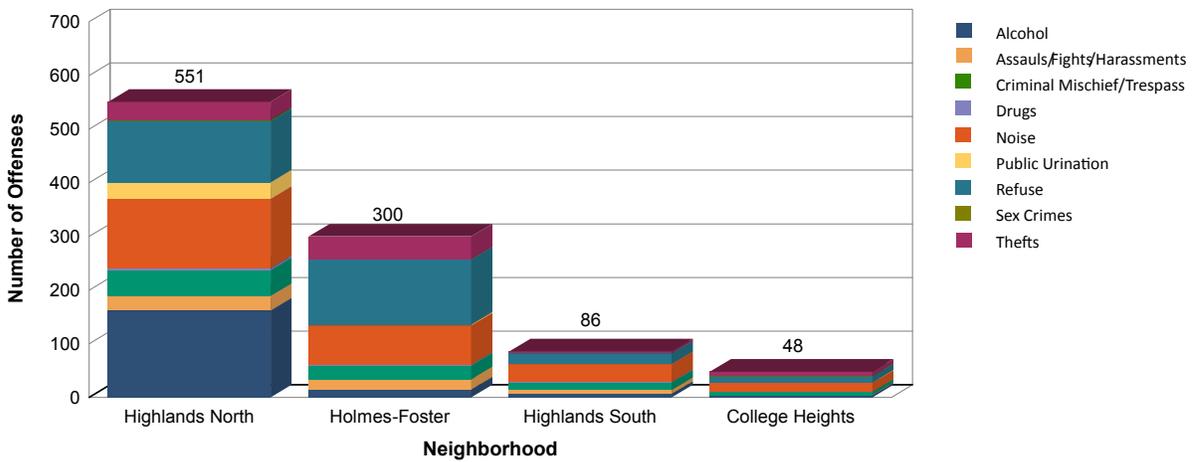


Chart 1g. Offenses by Neighborhood - 2011

August 8 - November 27

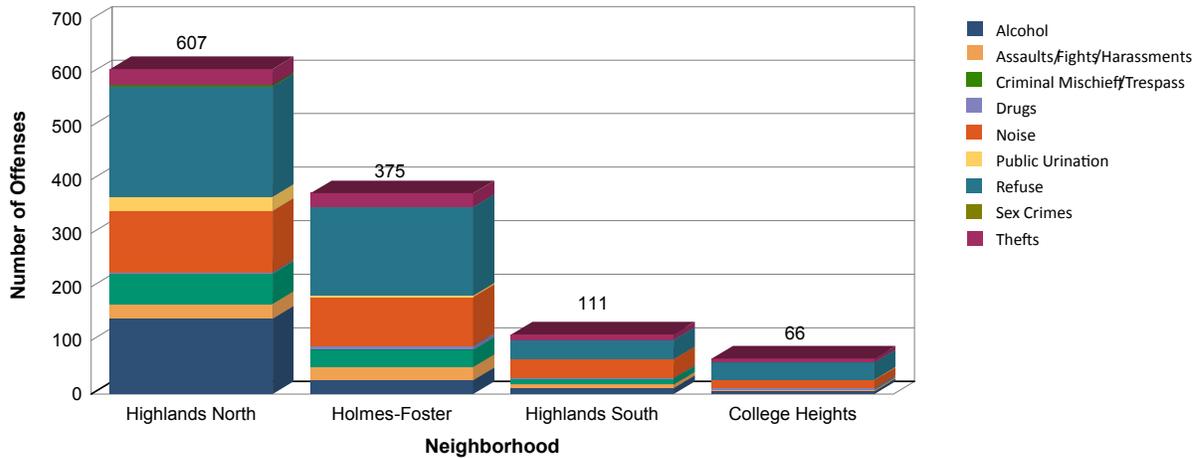


Table 1b. Offenses by Neighborhood - 2006
August 21 - December 10

	Highlands North	Holmes-Foster	Highlands South	College Heights	TOTAL
Alcohol	160	29	6	2	197
Assaults/Fights/Harassment	46	25	8	2	81
Criminal Mischief/Trespass	74	45	9	4	132
Drugs	5	4	0	0	9
Noise	129	71	53	10	263
Public Urination	28	4	0	0	32
Refuse	119	39	10	14	182
Sex Crimes	1	1	1	1	4
Thefts	46	27	11	4	88
TOTAL	608	245	98	37	988

Table 1c. Offenses by Neighborhood - 2007
August 13 - December 2

	Highlands North	Holmes-Foster	Highlands South	College Heights	TOTAL
Alcohol	150	23	7	3	183
Assaults/Fights/Harassment	35	18	10	2	65
Criminal Mischief/Trespass	71	32	8	4	115
Drugs	3	6	5	1	15
Noise	89	68	30	19	206
Public Urination	21	2	1	1	25
Refuse	157	110	9	6	282
Sex Crimes	4	2	1	0	7
Thefts	27	36	9	6	78
TOTAL	557	297	80	42	976

Table 1d. Offenses by Neighborhood - 2008
August 11 - November 30

	Highlands North	Holmes-Foster	Highlands South	College Heights	TOTAL
Alcohol	102	19	3	2	126
Assaults/Fights/Harassment	29	8	9	2	48
Criminal Mischief/Trespass	86	32	10	10	138
Drugs	8	8	2	0	18
Noise	81	54	32	11	178
Public Urination	13	1	0	0	14
Refuse	141	97	8	13	259
Sex Crimes	1	3	2	1	7
Thefts	58	23	7	9	97
TOTAL	519	245	73	48	885

Table 1e. Offenses by Neighborhood - 2009
August 10 - November 29

	Highlands North	Holmes-Foster	Highlands South	College Heights	TOTAL
Alcohol	106	21	10	6	143
Assaults/Fights/Harassment	29	13	11	5	58
Criminal Mischief/Trespass	71	37	9	9	126
Drugs	6	0	2	0	8
Noise	111	77	41	15	244
Public Urination	21	1	2	1	25
Refuse	142	121	16	17	296
Sex Crimes	2	1	0	0	3
Thefts	53	31	8	12	104
TOTAL	541	302	99	65	1,007

Table 1f. Offenses by Neighborhood - 2010
August 9 - November 28

	Highlands North	Holmes-Foster	Highlands South	College Heights	TOTAL
Alcohol	162	15	7	4	188
Assaults/Fights/Harassment	27	19	7	1	54
Criminal Mischief/Trespass	48	26	14	6	94
Drugs	4	1	1	0	6
Noise	129	73	33	16	251
Public Urination	31	2	0	1	34
Refuse	114	121	20	11	266
Sex Crimes	2	1	0	1	4
Thefts	34	42	4	8	88
TOTAL	551	300	86	48	985

Table 1g. Offenses by Neighborhood - 2011
August 8 - November 27

	Highlands North	Holmes-Foster	Highlands South	College Heights	TOTAL
Alcohol	141	26	11	5	183
Assaults/Fights/Harassment	27	24	7	3	61
Criminal Mischief/Trespass	57	33	11	1	102
Drugs	2	7	1	2	12
Noise	115	91	35	15	256
Public Urination	26	3	0	1	30
Refuse	206	165	36	32	439
Sex Crimes	3	0	0	0	3
Thefts	30	26	10	7	73
TOTAL	607	375	111	66	1,159

Chart 1h. Offenses for Neighborhood by Year

Police and Refuse Offenses

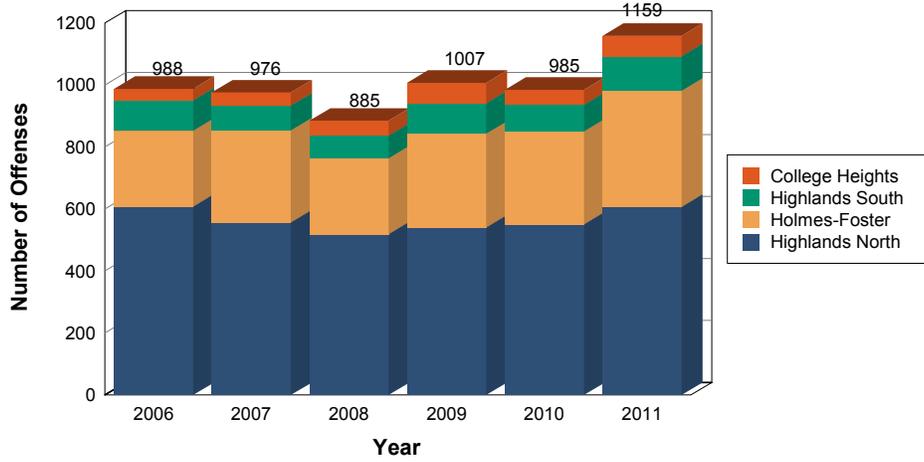


Table 1h. Offenses for Neighborhood by Year

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	TOTAL
College Heights	37	42	48	65	48	66	306
Highlands South	98	80	73	99	86	111	547
Holmes-Foster	245	297	245	302	300	375	1,764
Highlands North	608	557	519	541	551	607	3,383
TOTAL	988	976	885	1,007	985	1,159	6,000

Chart 1i. Police Offenses for Neighborhood by Year

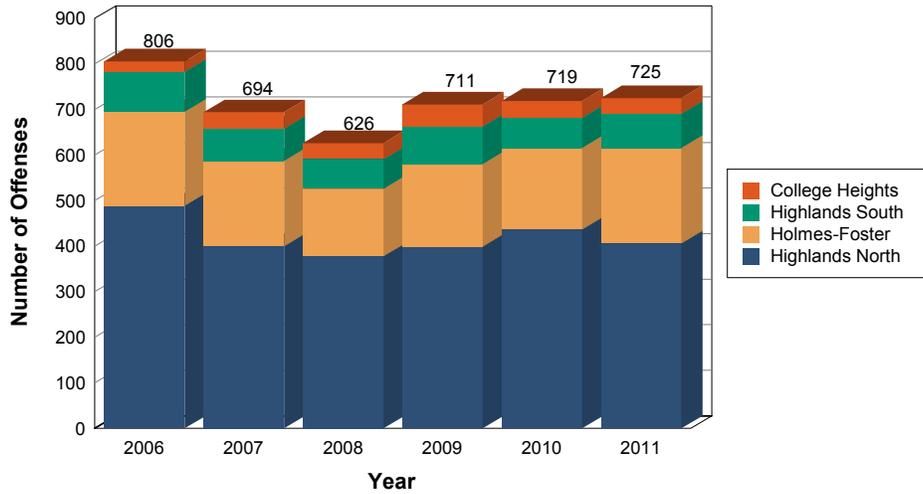


Table 1i. Police Offenses for Neighborhood by Year

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	TOTAL
College Heights	23	36	35	48	37	34	213
Highlands South	88	71	65	83	66	75	448
Holmes-Foster	206	187	148	181	179	210	1,111
Highlands North	489	400	378	399	437	406	2,509
TOTAL	806	694	626	711	719	725	4,281

Chart 1j. Refuse Offenses for Neighborhood by Year

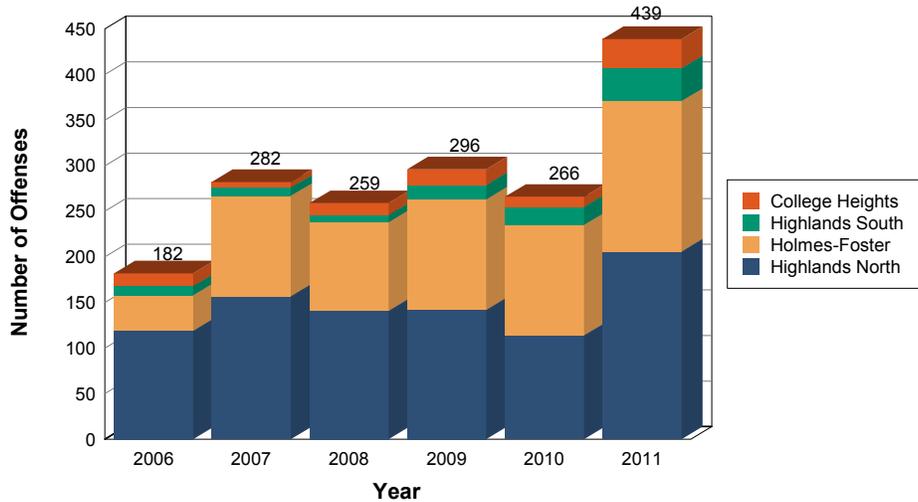


Table 1j. Refuse Offenses for Neighborhood by Year

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	TOTAL
College Heights	14	6	13	17	11	32	93
Highlands South	10	9	8	16	20	36	99
Holmes-Foster	39	110	97	121	121	165	653
Highlands North	119	157	141	142	114	206	879
TOTAL	182	282	259	296	266	439	1,724

Everyone likes to have a good time. But in addition to being a fun host you also have a responsibility to be a good citizen and mature host. The State College Police Department and Penn State University Police Department provide the following advice for hosting a responsible party:

Before the party...

- Have a guest list. Limit your party to those you know to prevent unwanted behavior and problems.
- Discuss ending time with roommates. Decide who will end the party.
- Appoint a sober monitor. The monitor's job is to turn away uninvited guests, help enforce house rules, talk with the police if they show up, and watch for drunk drivers.
- Educate yourself about PA Law for noise and alcohol distribution.
- Lock valuables away.
- Notify your neighbors before the day of the party.
- Discuss which food and non-alcoholic drinks you will be serving.

During the party...

- Check IDs. Ensure those drinking are legal drinking age. Not carding does NOT release you from legal responsibilities!
- Limit your guests' alcohol consumption. Plan how you will intervene to slow down a guest who is drinking too much.
- Call 911 immediately in a case of an emergency, or 1-800-479-0050 in a non-emergency.
- Limit noise levels, parking, trespassing, littering, public urination, and other possible violations to avoid having police called.
- If police arrive, make sure the monitor is the first person the officer sees.
- Allow officers to do their job without interference. Follow all police instructions.

Alcohol Poisoning...

As a party host, you are responsible for your guests' health. Here are the signs that indicate alcohol poisoning, which, if untreated, can lead to death:

- Cold, bluish, clammy skin
- Unresponsive (you can't wake them up)
- Shallow and/or irregular breathing
- Vomiting
- "Snoring" sounds
- Other danger signs
- Mixing alcohol with medications or drugs
- Collapsing after drinking
- Vomiting and choking

What to do - Call **911** immediately! Do not give the person food or water or your guest may choke.

Ending the party...

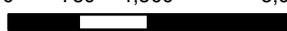
- Tell the monitor to stay by the door to turn away new guests.
- Turn on the lights.
- Change the music or turn it off.
- Stop serving alcohol. Serve only soda, water, or coffee.
- Make sure intoxicated guests are not driving. Call a taxi, or have guests sleep over.
- Encourage guests to leave in small groups of three to four. This will help prevent excessive noise.

A-2. Offenses by Reporting Area

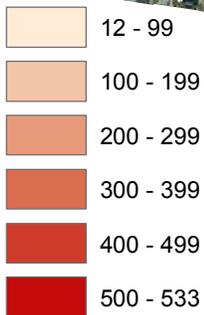
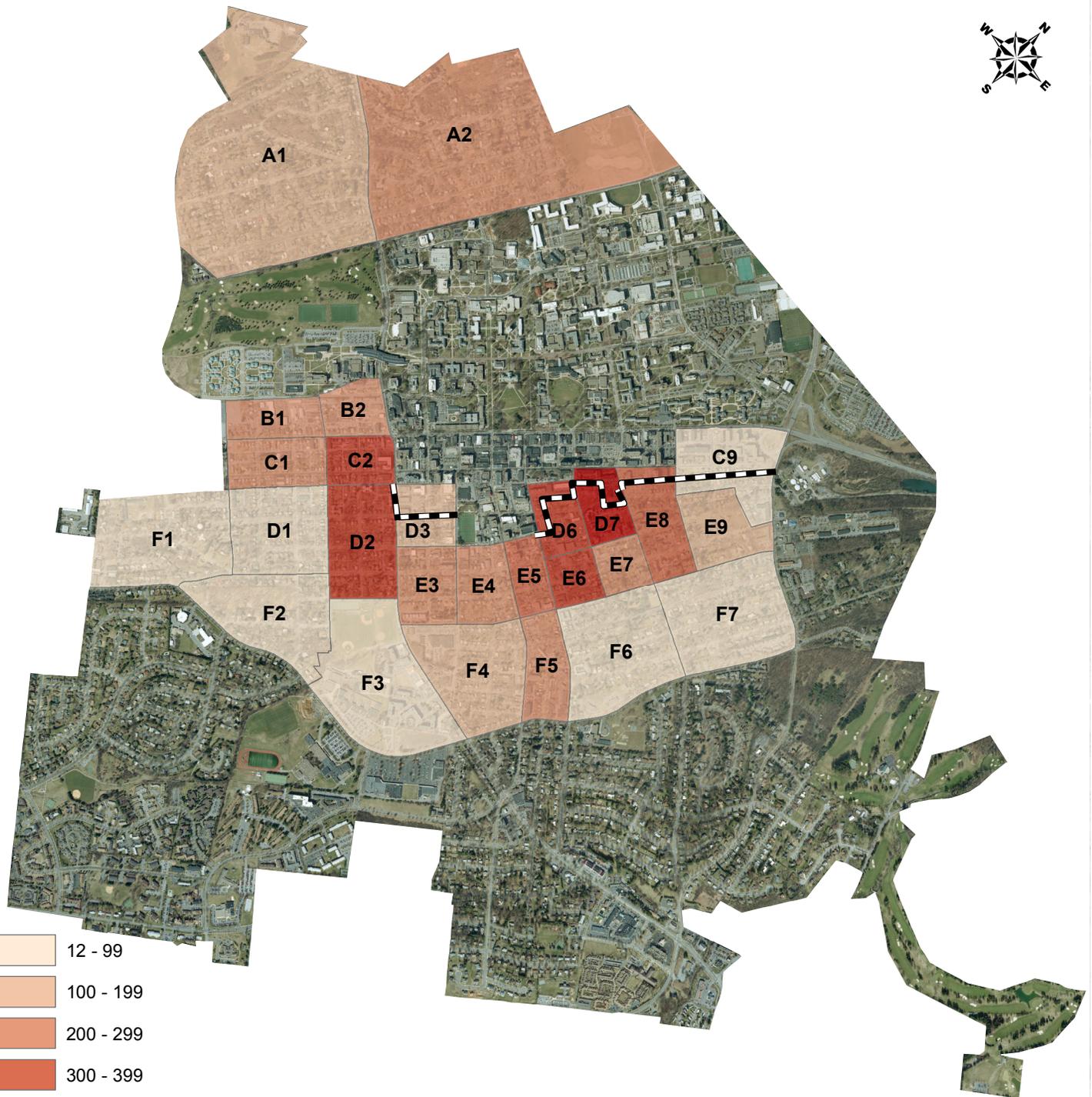
State College Police Reporting Areas (RA)
Examined for F8 Data Study



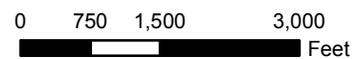
 Partial area of the RA used in the study

0 750 1,500 3,000
 Feet

State College Police Reporting Areas (RA) 2006 - 2011 Offense Data Density



Partial area of the RA used in the study



- Alcohol
- Assaults/Fights/Harassments
- Criminal Mischief/Trespass
- Drugs
- Noise
- Public Urination
- Refuse
- Sex Crimes
- Thefts

Chart 2a. Offenses by Police RA
2006 - 2011

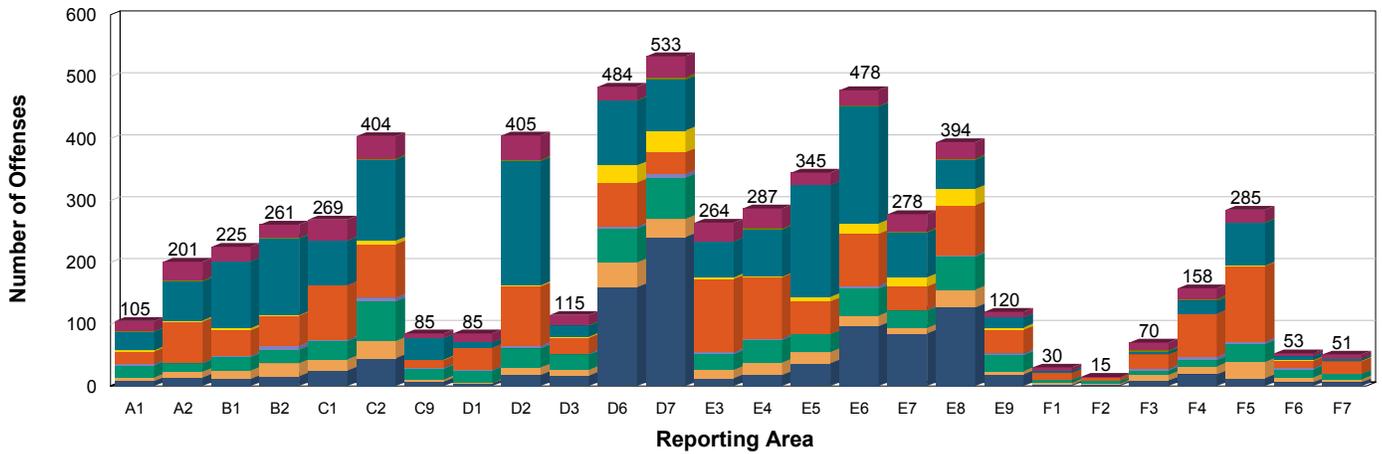


Table 2a. Offenses by RA
2006 - 2011

	A1	A2	B1	B2	C1	C2	C9	D1	D2	D3	D6	D7	E3	E4	E5	E6	E7	E8	E9	F1	F2	F3	F4	F5	F6	F7	TOTAL
Alcohol	8	14	12	16	25	45	7	4	18	17	160	241	13	18	37	97	85	127	19	2	2	9	19	13	6	6	1,020
Assaults/Fights/Harassment	6	9	13	21	18	28	4	1	12	9	40	29	13	20	18	17	9	29	5	3	2	9	13	26	8	5	367
Criminal Mischief/Trespass	20	14	22	22	30	64	17	20	31	25	55	67	26	37	29	44	28	53	26	5	4	7	10	29	13	9	707
Drugs	2	1	2	6	2	6	2	1	4	2	3	6	3	2		4	1	2	3	1	1	3	5	4	2	68	
Noise	20	66	41	49	88	86	12	36	96	25	71	35	118	99	53	84	38	81	38	10	5	23	70	122	12	20	1,398
Public Urination	2	2	4	1		6	1		2	2	28	35	3	1	7	17	15	27	4					1	1	1	160
Refuse	30	63	108	124	72	131	35	9	201	18	105	82	58	76	181	189	72	47	16	3		5	21	69	6	3	1,724
Sex Crimes	1	2		1	1	2			2	1	1	4			2		1	2	2			2	3	1		28	
Thefts	16	30	23	21	33	36	7	14	39	16	21	34	30	32	20	25	28	26	9	6	1	12	17	20	5	7	528
TOTAL	105	201	225	261	269	404	85	85	405	115	484	533	264	287	345	478	278	394	120	30	15	70	158	285	53	51	6,000

- Alcohol
- Assaults/Fights/Harassments
- Criminal Mischief/Trespass
- Drugs
- Noise
- Public Urination
- Refuse
- Sex Crimes
- Thefts

Chart 2b. Offenses by Police RA - 2006

August 21 - December 10

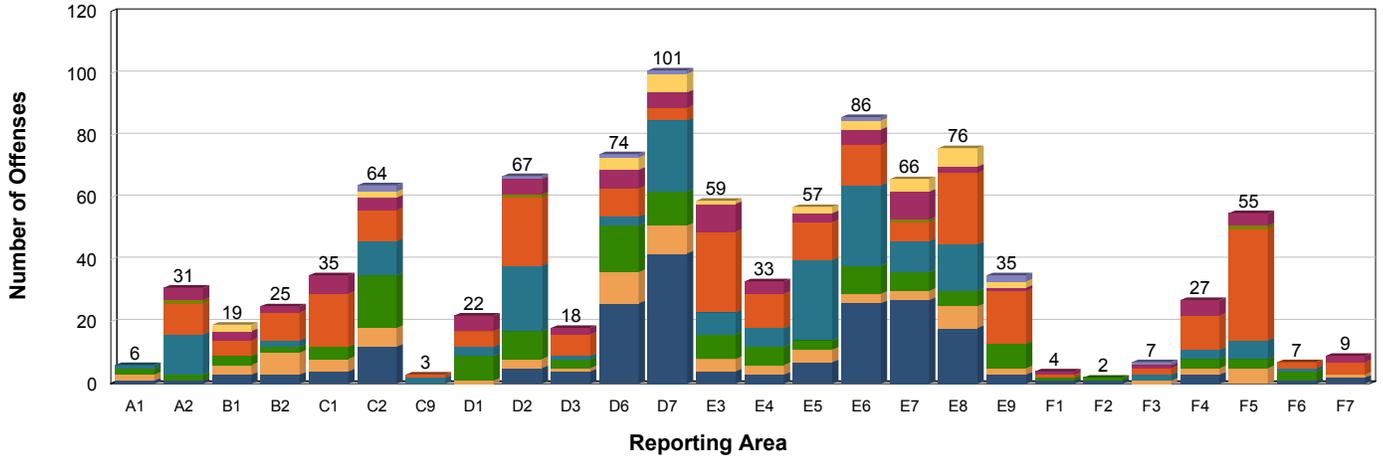


Chart 2c. Offenses by Police RA - 2007

August 13 - December 2

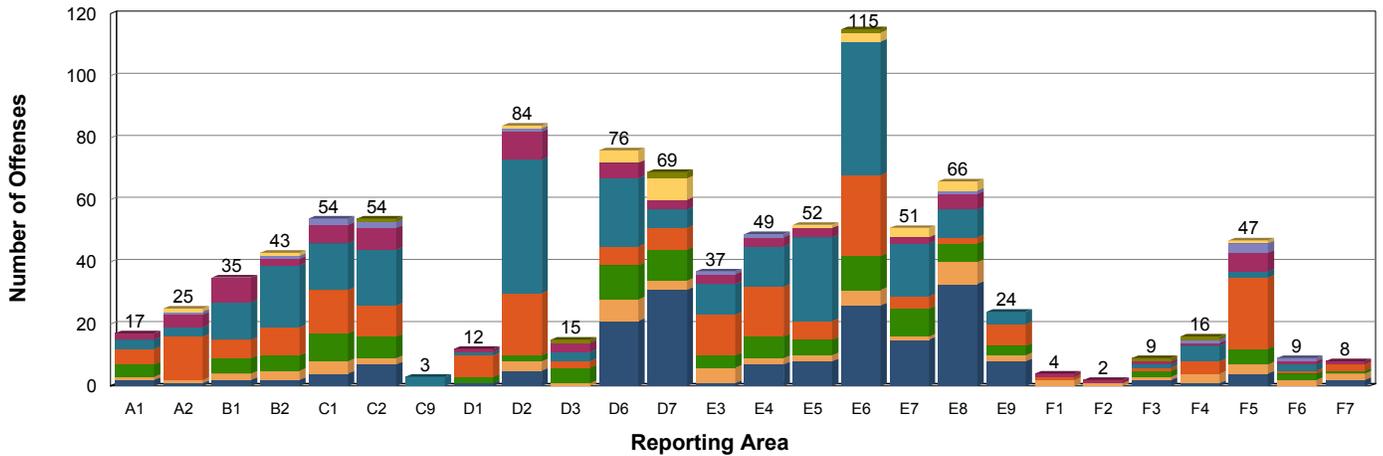
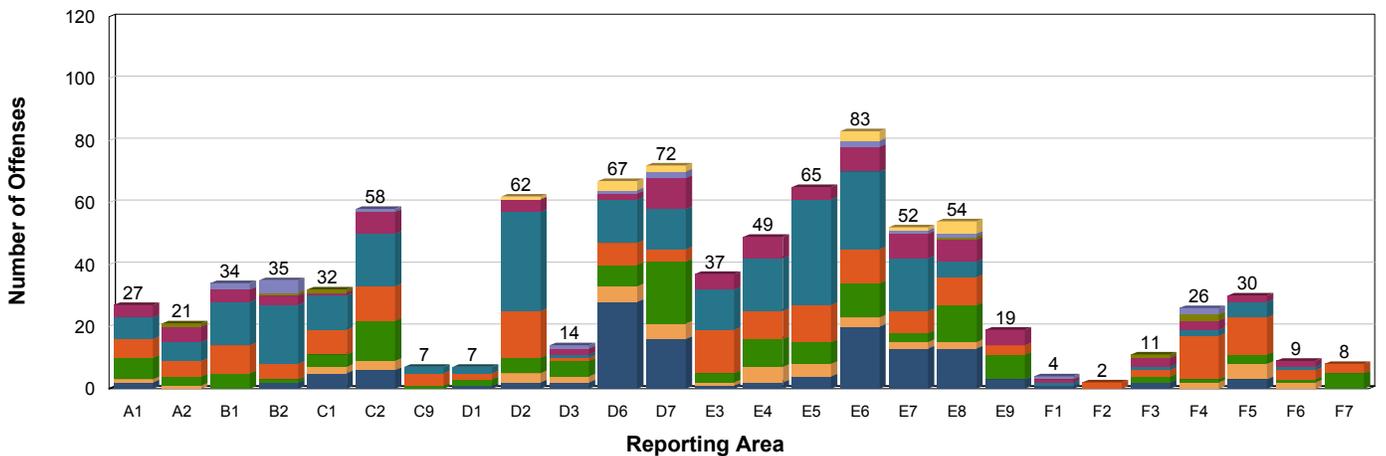


Chart 2d. Offenses by Police RA - 2008

August 11 - November 30



- Alcohol
- Assaults/Fights/Harassments
- Criminal Mischief/Trespass
- Drugs
- Noise
- Public Urination
- Refuse
- Sex Crimes
- Thefts

Chart 2e. Offenses by Police RA - 2009

August 10 - November 29

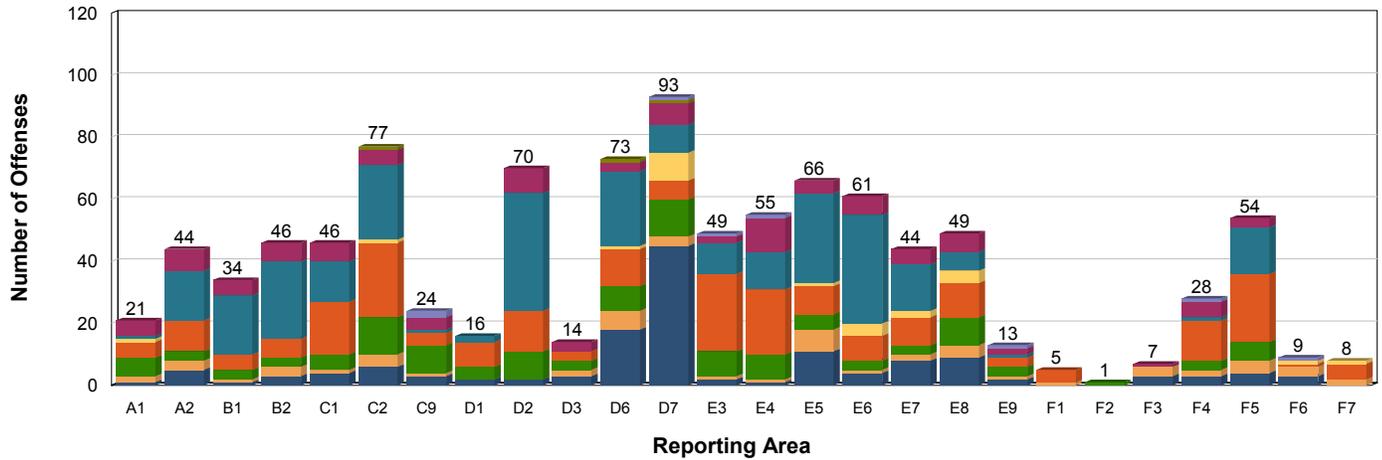


Chart 2f. Offenses by Police RA - 2010

August 9 - November 28

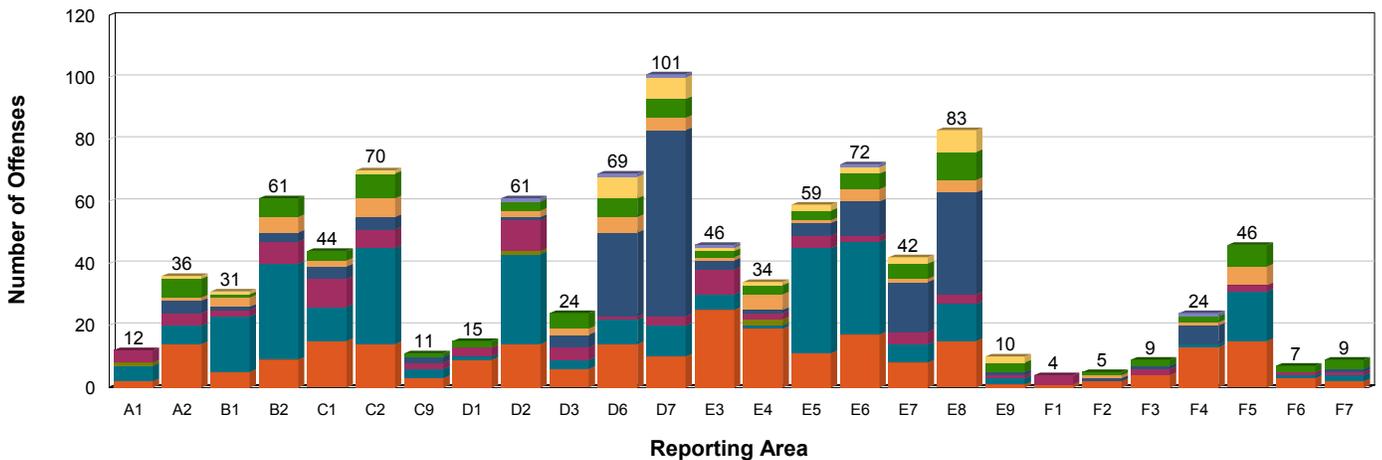


Chart 2g. Offenses by Police RA - 2011

August 8 - November 27

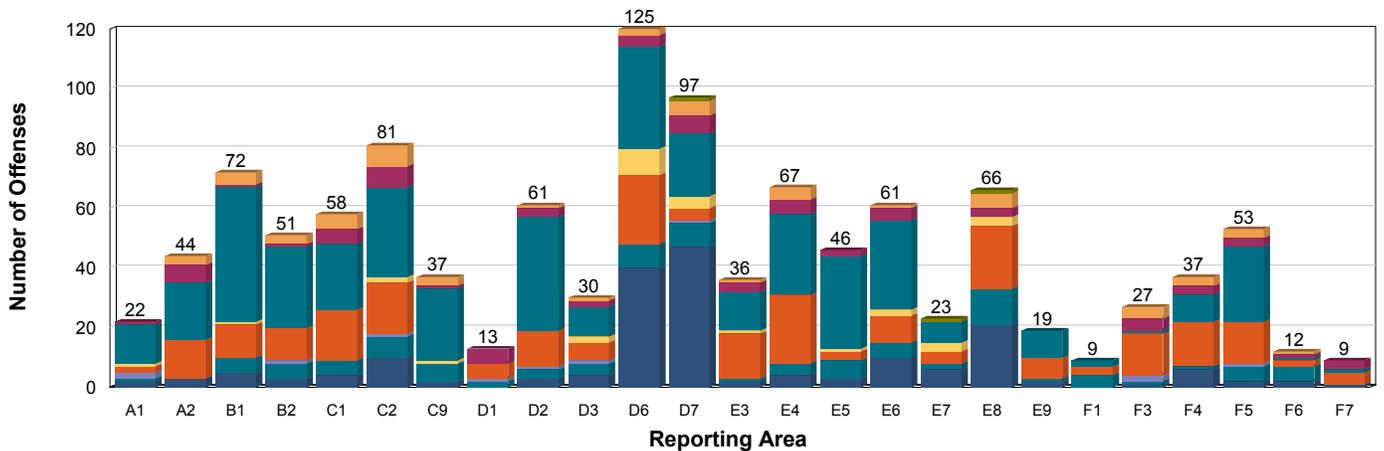


Table 2b. Offenses by RA - 2006

August 21 - December 10

	A1	A2	B1	B2	C1	C2	C9	D1	D2	D3	D6	D7	E3	E4	E5	E6	E7	E8	E9	F1	F2	F3	F4	F5	F6	F7	TOTAL	
Alcohol	1	1	3	3	4	12			5	4	26	42	4	3	7	26	27	18	3	1	1					1	2	197
Assaults/Fights/Harassment	2		3	7	4	6		1	3	1	10	9	4	3	4	3	3	7	2			1	2	5		1	81	
Criminal Mischief/Trespass	2	2	3	2	4	17		8	9	3	15	11	8	6	3	9	6	5	8	1	1		3	3	3		132	
Drugs						2			1		1	1				1			2			1					9	
Noise		10	5	9	17	10	1	5	22	7	9	4	26	11	12	13	6	23	17	1		2	11	36	2	4	263	
Public Urination			2			2					4	6	1		2	3	4	6	2								32	
Refuse	1	13		2		11	2	3	21	1	3	23	7	6	26	26	10	15				2	3	6	1		182	
Sex Crimes		1							1								1							1			4	
Thefts		4	3	2	6	4		5	5	2	6	5	9	4	3	5	9	2	1	1		1	5	4		2	88	
TOTAL	6	31	19	25	35	64	3	22	67	18	74	101	59	33	57	86	66	76	35	4	2	7	27	55	7	9	988	

Table 2c. Offenses by RA - 2007

August 13 - December 2

	A1	A2	B1	B2	C1	C2	C9	D1	D2	D3	D6	D7	E3	E4	E5	E6	E7	E8	E9	F1	F2	F3	F4	F5	F6	F7	TOTAL
Alcohol	2	1	2	2	4	7		1	5		21	31	1	7	8	26	15	33	8			2	1	4		2	183
Assaults/Fights/Harassment	1	1	2	3	4	2			3	1	7	3	5	2	2	5	1	7	2	2	1	1	3	3	2	2	65
Criminal Mischief/Trespass	4		5	5	9	7		2	2	5	11	10	4	7	5	11	9	6	3			2		5	2	1	115
Drugs		1		1	2	2			1				1	1				1					1	3	1		15
Noise	5	14	6	9	14	10		7	20	2	6	7	13	16	6	26	4	2	7	1		1	4	23	1	2	206
Public Urination		1		1						1	4	7			1	3	3	3						1			25
Refuse	3	3	12	20	15	18	3	1	43	3	22	6	10	13	27	43	17	9	4			1	5	2	2		282
Sex Crimes						1				1		2				1						1	1				7
Thefts	2	4	8	2	6	7		1	9	3	5	3	3	3	3		2	5		1	1	1	1	6	1	1	78
TOTAL	17	25	35	43	54	54	3	12	84	15	76	69	37	49	52	115	51	66	24	4	2	9	16	47	9	8	976

Table 2d. Offenses by RA - 2008

August 11 - November 30

	A1	A2	B1	B2	C1	C2	C9	D1	D2	D3	D6	D7	E3	E4	E5	E6	E7	E8	E9	F1	F2	F3	F4	F5	F6	F7	TOTAL
Alcohol	2			2	5	6		1	2	2	28	16	1	2	4	20	13	13	3	1		2		3			126
Assaults/Fights/Harassment	1	1			2	3			3	2	5	5	1	5	4	3	2	2					2	5	2		48
Criminal Mischief/Trespass	7	3	5	1	4	13	1	2	5	5	7	20	3	9	7	11	3	12	8			2	1	3	1	5	138
Drugs			2	4		1				1	1	2				2	1	1		1			2				18
Noise	6	5	9	5	8	11	4	2	15	1	7	4	14	9	12	11	7	9	3		2	2	14	12	3	3	178
Public Urination									1		3	2				3	1	4									14
Refuse	7	6	14	19	11	17	2	2	32	1	14	13	13	17	34	25	17	5		1		1	2	5	1		259
Sex Crimes		1		1	1													1				1	2				7
Thefts	4	5	4	3	1	7			4	2	2	10	5	7	4	8	8	7	5	1		3	3	2	2		97
TOTAL	27	21	34	35	32	58	7	7	62	14	67	72	37	49	65	83	52	54	19	4	2	11	26	30	9	8	885

Table 2e. Offenses by RA - 2009

August 10 - November 29

	A1	A2	B1	B2	C1	C2	C9	D1	D2	D3	D6	D7	E3	E4	E5	E6	E7	E8	E9	F1	F2	F3	F4	F5	F6	F7	TOTAL
Alcohol	1	5	1	3	4	6	3	2	2	3	18	45	2	1	11	4	8	9	2			3	3	4	3		143
Assaults/Fights/Harassment	2	3	1	3	1	4	1			2	6	3	1	1	7	1	2	4	1	1		3	2	4	3	2	58
Criminal Mischief/Trespass	6	3	3	3	5	12	9	4	9	3	8	12	8	8	5	3	3	9	3		1		3	6			126
Drugs							2					1	1	1					1				1		1		8
Noise	5	10	5	6	17	24	4	8	13	3	12	6	25	21	9	8	9	11	3	4			13	22	1	5	244
Public Urination	1					1					1	9			1	4	2	4							1	1	25
Refuse	1	16	19	25	13	24	1	2	38		24	9	10	12	29	35	15	6	1				1	15			296
Sex Crimes						1					1	1															3
Thefts	5	7	5	6	6	5	4		8	3	3	7	2	11	4	6	5	6	2				1	5	3		104
TOTAL	21	44	34	46	46	77	24	16	70	14	73	93	49	55	66	61	44	49	13	5	1	7	28	54	9	8	1,007

Table 2f. Offenses by RA - 2010

August 9 - November 28

	A1	A2	B1	B2	C1	C2	C9	D1	D2	D3	D6	D7	E3	E4	E5	E6	E7	E8	E9	F1	F2	F3	F4	F5	F6	F7	TOTAL
Alcohol		4	1	3	4	4	2		1	4	27	60	3	1	4	11	16	33	1		1	1	6			1	188
Assaults/Fights/Harassment		1	3	5	2	6			2	2	5	4	1	5	1	4	1	4			1		1	6			54
Criminal Mischief/Trespass		6	1	6	3	8	1	2	3	5	6	6	2	3	3	5	5	9	3		1	2	2	7	2	3	94
Drugs								1		1	1	1				1							1				6
Noise	2	14	5	9	15	14	3	9	14	6	14	10	25	19	11	17	8	15	1	1	2	4	13	15	3	2	251
Public Urination		1	1			1					7	7	1	1	2	2	2	7	2								34
Refuse	5	6	18	31	11	31	3	1	29	3	8	10	5	1	34	30	6	12	2				1	16	1	2	266
Sex Crimes	1								1					2													4
Thefts	4	4	2	7	9	6	2	3	10	4	1	3	8	2	4	2	4	3	1	3		2		2	1	1	88
TOTAL	12	36	31	61	44	70	11	15	61	24	69	101	46	34	59	72	42	83	10	4	5	9	24	46	7	9	985

Table 2g. Offenses by RA - 2011

August 8 - November 27

	A1	A2	B1	B2	C1	C2	C9	D1	D2	D3	D6	D7	E3	E4	E5	E6	E7	E8	E9	F1	F2	F3	F4	F5	F6	F7	TOTAL
Alcohol	2	3	5	3	4	10	2		3	4	40	47	2	4	3	10	6	21	2			1	6	2	2	1	183
Assaults/Fights/Harassment		3	4	3	5	7	3		1	1	7	5	1	4		1		5				4	3	3	1		61
Criminal Mischief/Trespass	1		5	5	5	7	6	2	3	4	8	8	1	4	6	5	2	12	1	4	1	1	1	5	5		102
Drugs	2			1		1		1	1	1		1										1	2		1		12
Noise	2	13	11	11	17	17		5	12	6	23	4	15	23	3	9	4	21	7	3	1	14	15	14	2	4	256
Public Urination	1		1			2	1			2	9	4	1		1	2	3	3									30
Refuse	13	19	45	27	22	30	24		38	10	34	21	13	27	31	30	7		9	2		1	9	25	1	1	439
Sex Crimes												1					1	1									3
Thefts	1	6	1	1	5	7	1	5	3	2	4	6	3	5	2	4		3				4	3	3	1	3	73
TOTAL	22	44	72	51	58	81	37	13	61	30	125	97	36	67	46	61	23	66	19	9	3	27	37	53	12	9	1,159

A-3. Offense Types by Year

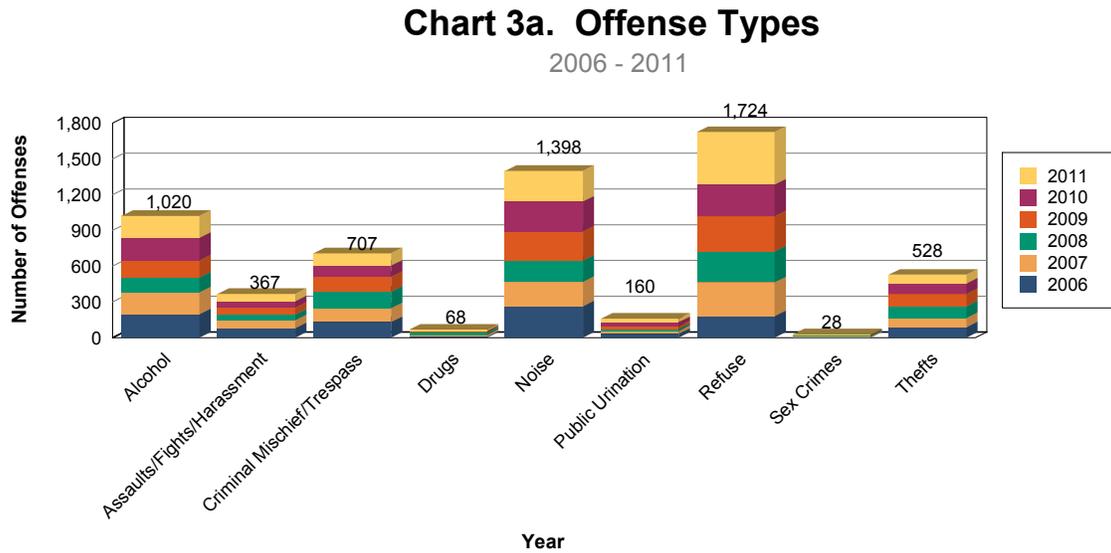


Table 3a. Offense Types
2006 - 2011

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	TOTAL
Alcohol	197	183	126	143	188	183	1,020
Assaults/Fights/Harassment	81	65	48	58	54	61	367
Criminal Mischief/Trespass	132	115	138	126	94	102	707
Drugs	9	15	18	8	6	12	68
Noise	263	206	178	244	251	256	1,398
Public Urination	32	25	14	25	34	30	160
Refuse	182	282	259	296	266	439	1,724
Sex Crimes	4	7	7	3	4	3	28
Thefts	88	78	97	104	88	73	528
TOTAL	988	976	885	1,007	985	1,159	6,000

Chart 3b. Alcohol Offenses

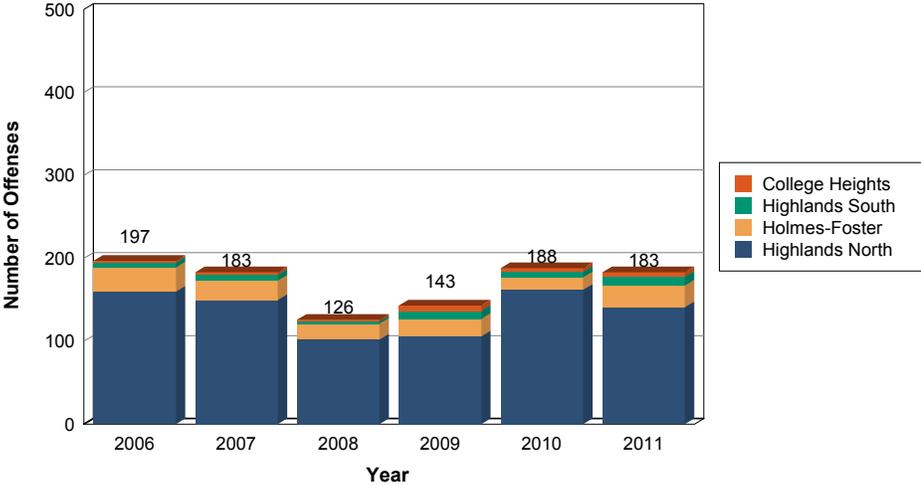


Chart 3c. Assaults/Fights/Harassment

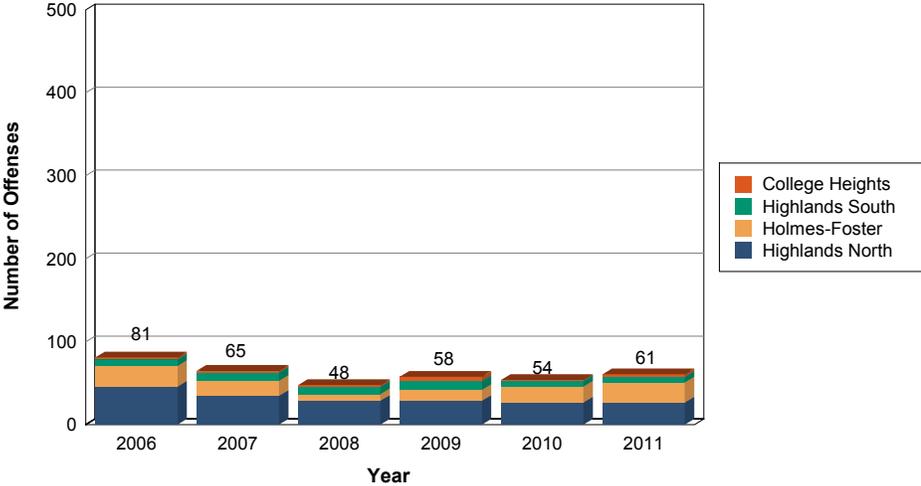


Chart 3d. Criminal Mischief/Trespass

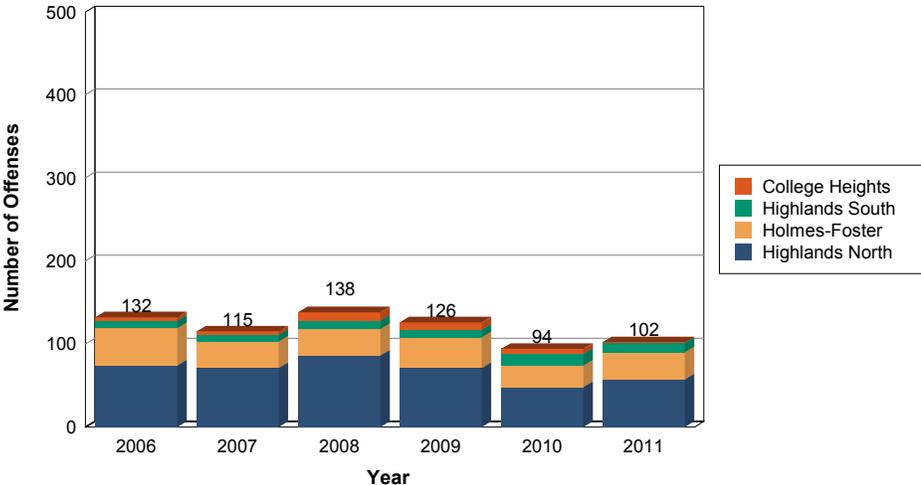


Chart 3e. Drug Offenses

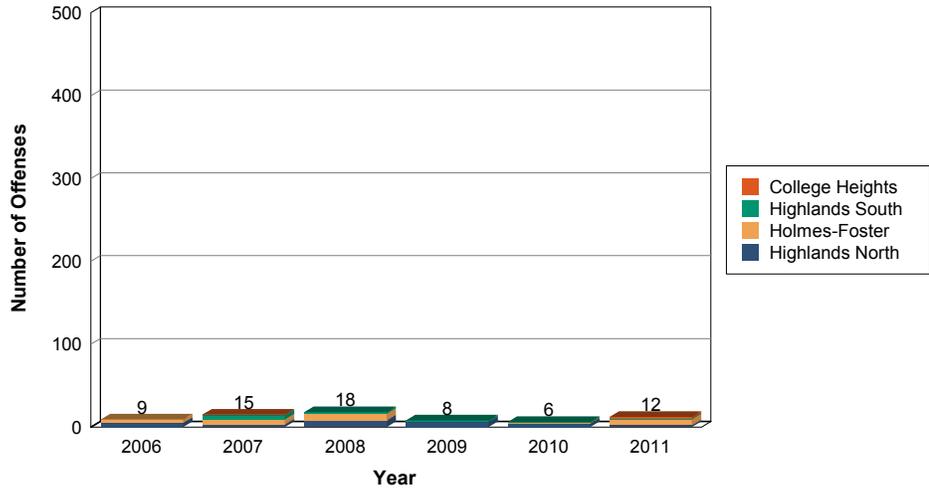


Chart 3f. Noise Offenses

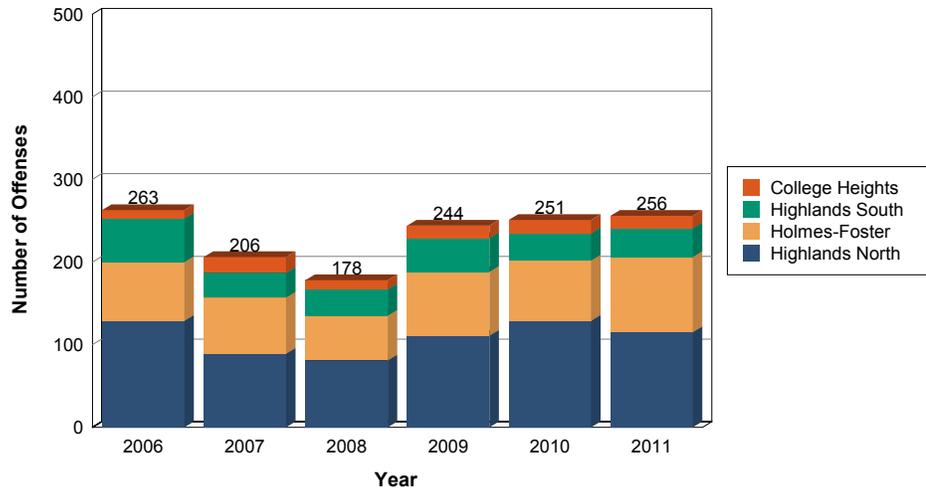


Chart 3g. Public Urination

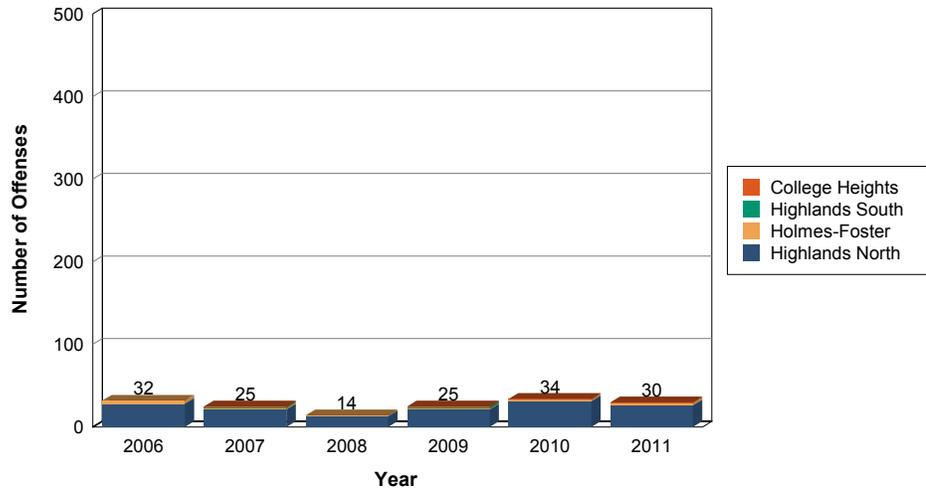


Chart 3h. Refuse Offenses

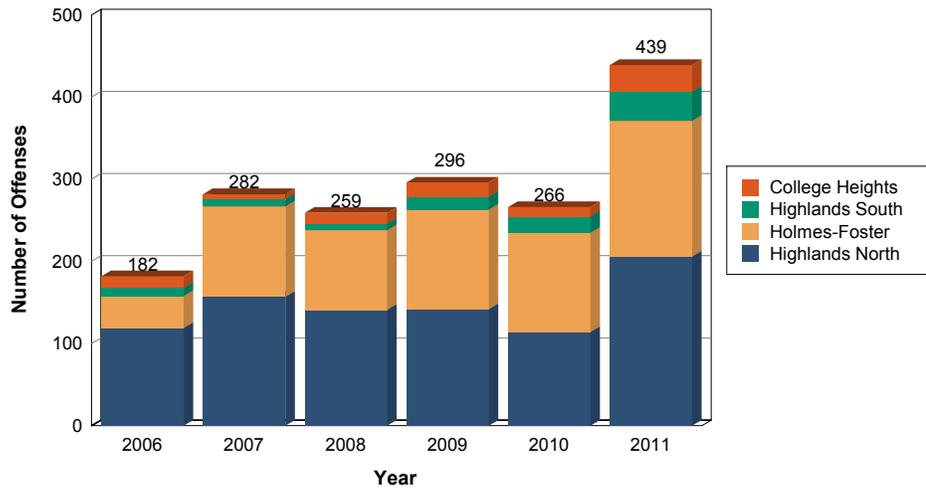


Chart 3i. Sex Crimes

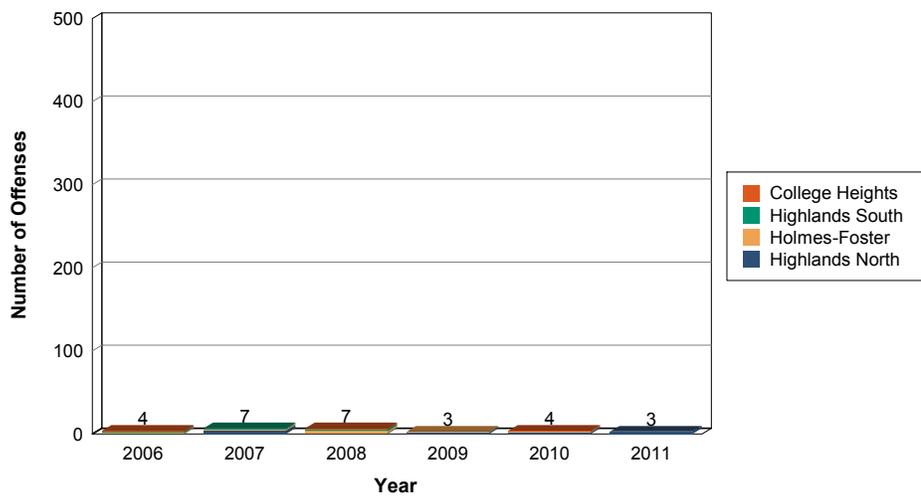


Chart 3j. Thefts

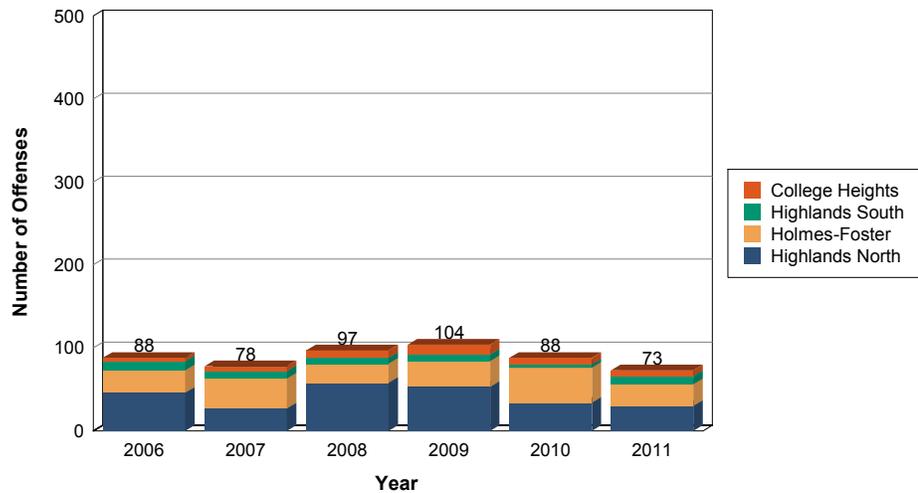


Table 3b. Alcohol Offenses

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	TOTAL
Highlands North	160	150	102	106	162	141	821
Holmes-Foster	29	23	19	21	15	26	133
Highlands South	6	7	3	10	7	11	44
College Heights	2	3	2	6	4	5	22
TOTAL	197	183	126	143	188	183	1,020

Table 3c. Assaults/Fights/Harrassment

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	TOTAL
Highlands North	46	35	29	29	27	27	193
Holmes-Foster	25	18	8	13	19	24	107
Highlands South	8	10	9	11	7	7	52
College Heights	2	2	2	5	1	3	15
TOTAL	81	65	48	58	54	61	367

Table 3d. Criminal Mischief/Trespass

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	TOTAL
Highlands North	74	71	86	71	48	57	407
Holmes-Foster	45	32	32	37	26	33	205
Highlands South	9	8	10	9	14	11	61
College Heights	4	4	10	9	6	1	34
TOTAL	132	115	138	126	94	102	707

Table 3e. Drug Offenses

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	TOTAL
Highlands North	5	3	8	6	4	2	28
Holmes-Foster	4	6	8		1	7	26
Highlands South		5	2	2	1	1	11
College Heights		1				2	3
TOTAL	9	15	18	8	6	12	68

Table 3f. Noise Offenses

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	TOTAL
Highlands North	129	89	81	111	129	115	654
Holmes-Foster	71	68	54	77	73	91	434
Highlands South	53	30	32	41	33	35	224
College Heights	10	19	11	15	16	15	86
TOTAL	263	206	178	244	251	256	1,398

Table 3g. Public Urination

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	TOTAL
Highlands North	28	21	13	21	31	26	140
Holmes-Foster	4	2	1	1	2	3	13
Highlands South		1		2			3
College Heights		1		1	1	1	4
TOTAL	32	25	14	25	34	30	160

Table 3h. Refuse

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	TOTAL
Highlands North	119	157	141	142	114	206	879
Holmes-Foster	39	110	97	121	121	165	653
Highlands South	10	9	8	16	20	36	99
College Heights	14	6	13	17	11	32	93
TOTAL	182	282	259	296	266	439	1,724

Table 3i. Sex Crimes

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	TOTAL
Highlands North	1	4	1	2	2	3	13
Holmes-Foster	1	2	3	1	1		8
Highlands South	1	1	2				4
College Heights	1		1		1		3
TOTAL	4	7	7	3	4	3	28

Table 3j. Thefts

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	TOTAL
Highlands North	46	27	58	53	34	30	248
Holmes-Foster	27	36	23	31	42	26	185
Highlands South	11	9	7	8	4	10	49
College Heights	4	6	9	12	8	7	46
TOTAL	88	78	97	104	88	73	528



A-4. Offenses by Week

Week	2006	2007
1	August 21 - August 27	August 13 - August 19
2	August 28 - September 3	August 20 - August 26
3	September 4 - September 10	August 27 - September 2
4	September 11 - September 17	September 3 - September 9
5	September 18 - September 24	September 10 - September 16
6	September 25 - October 1	September 17 - September 23
7	October 2 - October 8	September 24 - September 30
8	October 9 - October 15	October 1 - October 7
9	October 16 - October 22	October 8 - October 14
10	October 23 - October 29	October 15 - October 21
11	October 30 - November 5	October 22 - October 28
12	November 6 - November 12	October 29 - November 4
13	November 13 - November 19	November 5 - November 11
14	November 20 - November 26	November 12 - November 18
15	November 27 - December 3	November 19 - November 25
16	December 4 - December 10	November 26 - December 2

Week Designations

PSU Home Football Games

2006 - 9/2, 9/16, 9/30, 10/14, 10/21, 11/1, 11/18
 2007 - 9/1, 9/8, 9/15, 10/6, 10/13, 10/27, 11/3

- Alcohol
- Assaults/Fights/Harassments
- Criminal Mischief/Trespass
- Drugs
- Noise
- Public Urination
- Sex Crimes
- Thefts

Chart 4a. Police Offenses* by Week - 2006

August 21 - December 10

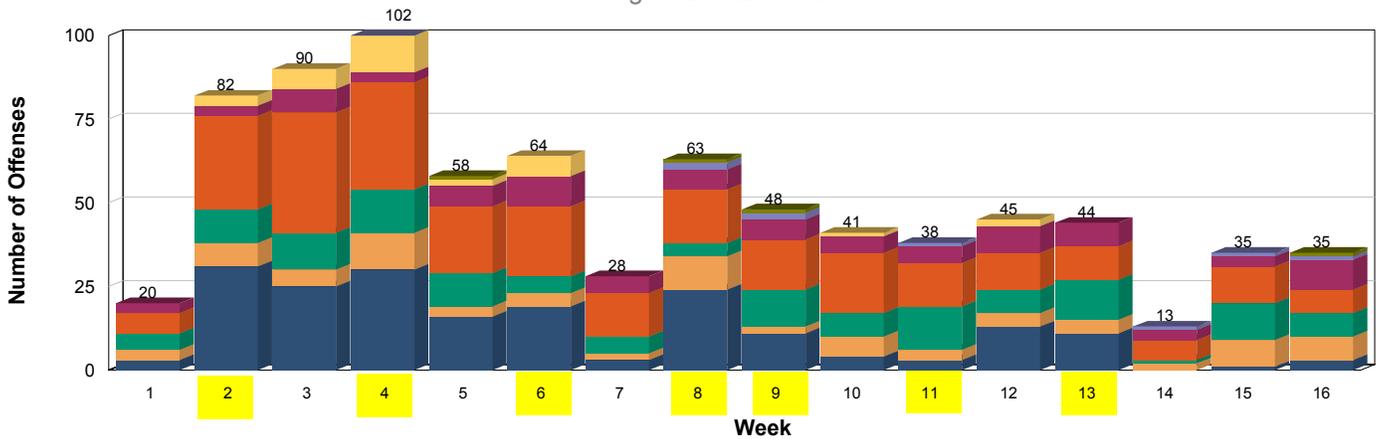
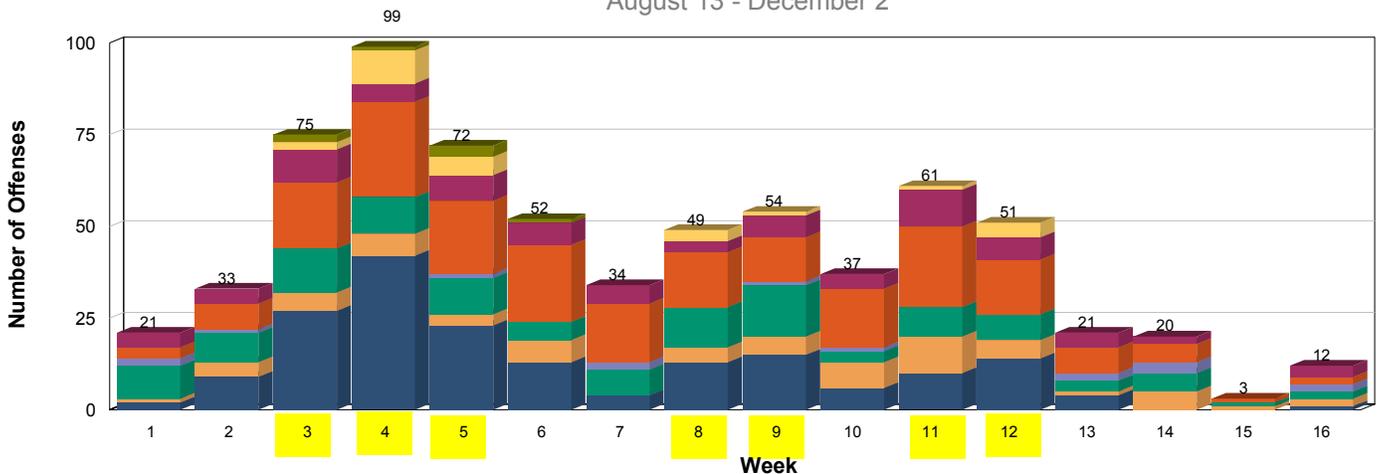


Chart 4b. Police Offenses* by Week - 2007

August 13 - December 2



* Excludes Refuse offenses

Week	2008	2009
1	August 11 - August 17	August 10 - August 16
2	August 18 - August 24	August 17 - August 23
3	August 25 - August 31	August 24 - August 30
4	September 1 - September 7	August 31 - September 6
5	September 8 - September 14	September 7 - September 13
6	September 15 - September 21	September 14 - September 20
7	September 22 - September 28	September 21 - September 27
8	September 29 - October 5	September 28 - October 4
9	October 6 - October 12	October 5 - October 11
10	October 13 - October 19	October 12 - October 18
11	October 20 - October 26	October 19 - October 25
12	October 27 - November 2	October 26 - November 1
13	November 3 - November 9	November 2 - November 8
14	November 10 - November 16	November 9 - November 15
15	November 17 - November 23	November 16 - November 22
16	November 24 - November 30	November 23 - November 29

PSU Home Football Games

2008 - 8/30, 9/6, 9/20, 9/27, 10/18, 11/15, 11/22

2009 - 9/5, 9/12, 9/19, 9/26, 10/10, 10/17, 11/7, 11/14

- Alcohol
- Assaults/Fight/Harassments
- Criminal Mischief/Trespass
- Drugs
- Noise
- Public Urination
- Sex Crimes
- Thefts

Week Designations

Chart 4c. Police Offenses* by Week - 2008

August 11 - November 30

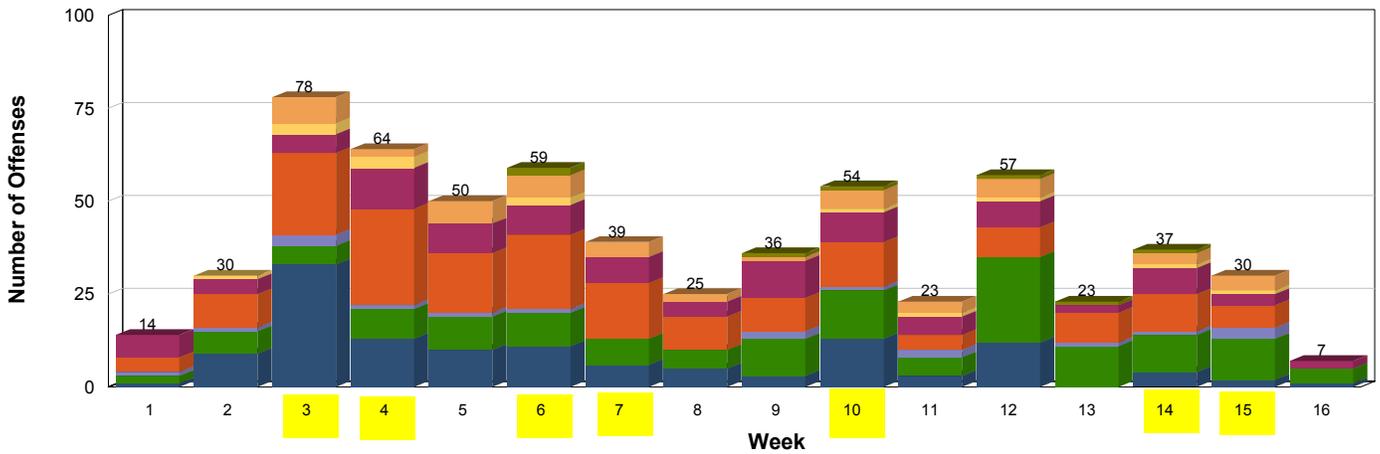
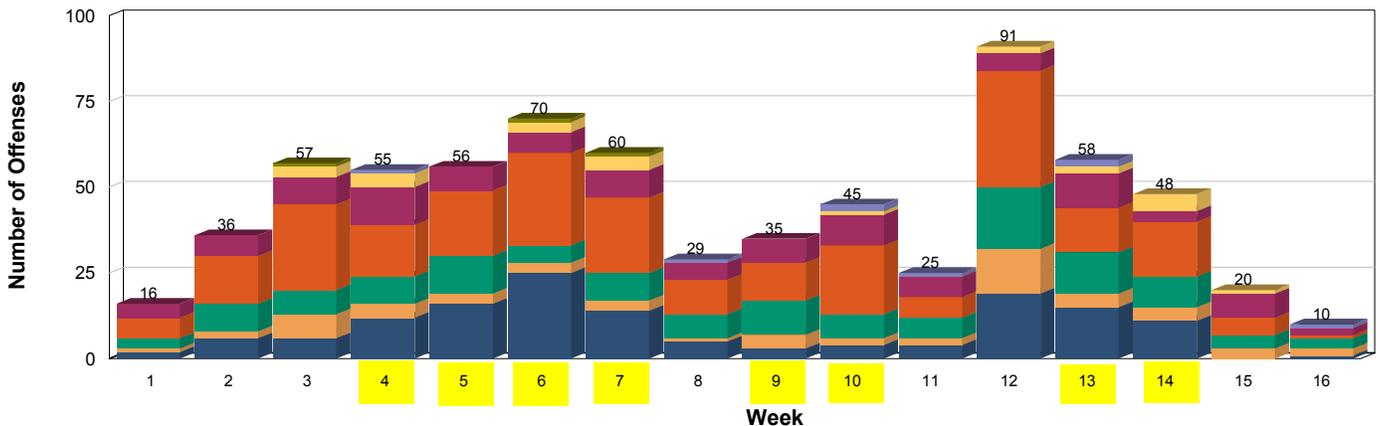


Chart 4d. Police Offenses* by Week - 2009

August 10 - November 29



* Excludes Refuse Offenses

Week	2010	2011
1	August 9 - August 15	August 8 - August 14
2	August 16 - August 22	August 15 - August 21
3	August 23 - August 29	August 22 - August 28
4	August 30 - September 5	August 29 - September 4
5	September 6 - September 12	September 5 - September 11
6	September 13 - September 19	September 12 - September 18
7	September 20 - September 26	September 19 - September 25
8	September 27 - October 3	September 26 - October 2
9	October 4 - October 10	October 3 - October 9
10	October 11 - October 17	October 10 - October 16
11	October 18 - October 24	October 17 - October 23
12	October 25 - October 31	October 24 - October 30
13	November 1 - November 7	October 31 - November 6
14	November 8 - November 14	November 7 - November 13
15	November 15 - November 21	November 14 - November 20
16	November 22 - November 28	November 21 - November 27

PSU Home Football Games

2010 - 9/4, 9/18, 9/25, 10/9, 10/30, 11/6, 11/27
 2011 - 9/3, 9/10, 9/24, 10/8, 10/15, 10/29, 11/12

- Alcohol
- Assaults/Fights/Harassments
- Criminal Mischief/Trespass
- Drugs
- Noise
- Public Urination
- Sex Crimes
- Thefts

Week Designations

Chart 4e. Police Offenses* by Week - 2010

August 9 - November 28

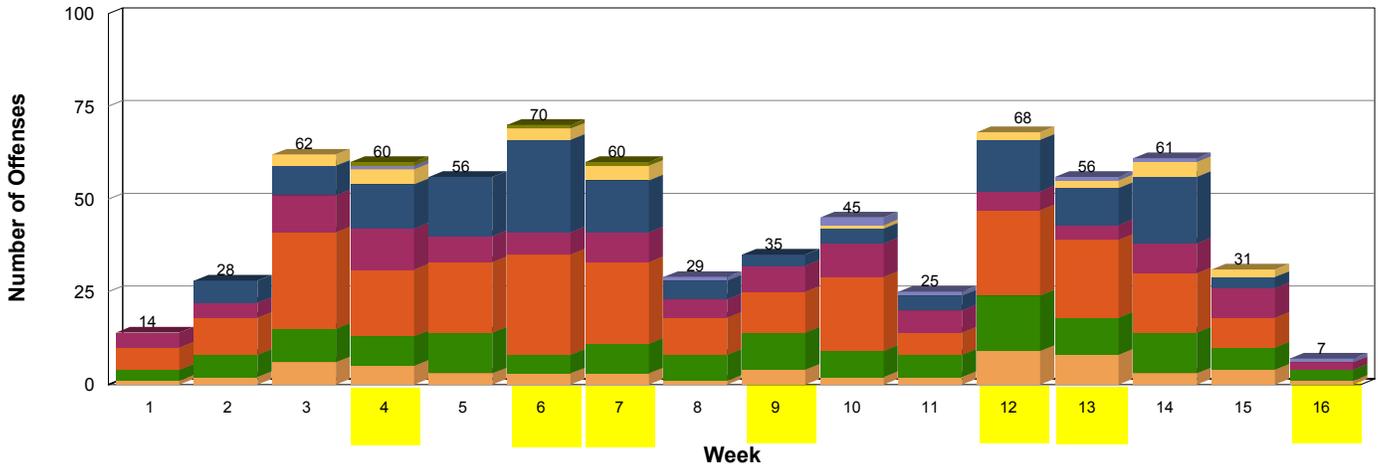
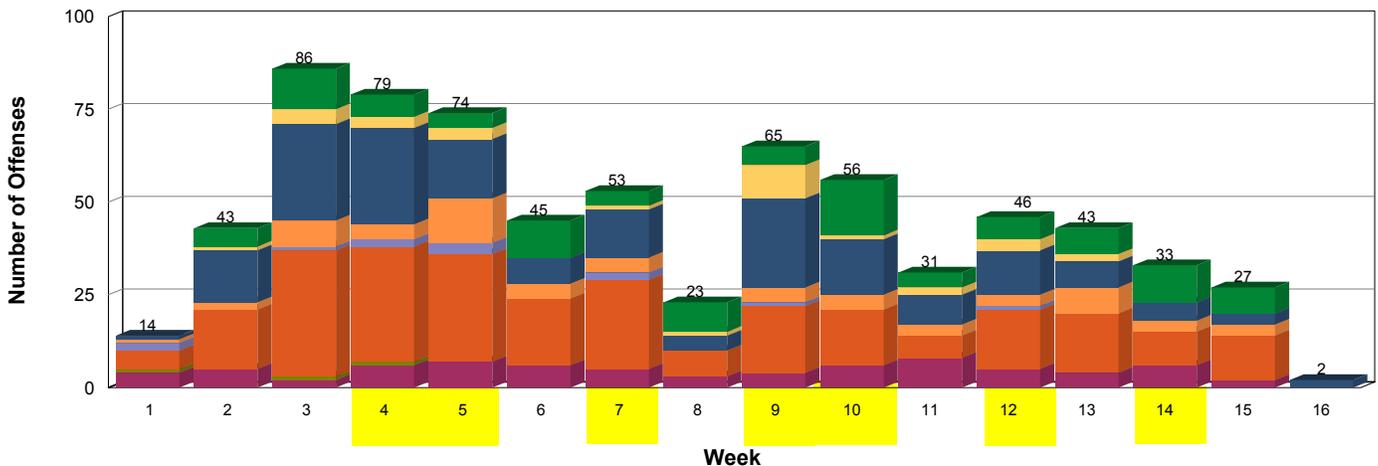


Chart 4f. Police Offenses* by Week - 2011

August 8 - November 27



* Excludes Refuse offenses

Week	2006	2007
1	August 21 - August 27	August 13 - August 19
2	August 28 - September 3	August 20 - August 26
3	September 4 - September 10	August 27 - September 2
4	September 11 - September 17	September 3 - September 9
5	September 18 - September 24	September 10 - September 16
6	September 25 - October 1	September 17 - September 23
7	October 2 - October 8	September 24 - September 30
8	October 9 - October 15	October 1 - October 7
9	October 16 - October 22	October 8 - October 14
10	October 23 - October 29	October 15 - October 21
11	October 30 - November 5	October 22 - October 28
12	November 6 - November 12	October 29 - November 4
13	November 13 - November 19	November 5 - November 11
14	November 20 - November 26	November 12 - November 18
15	November 27 - December 3	November 19 - November 25
16	December 4 - December 10	November 26 - December 2

PSU Home Football Games

2006 - 9/2, 9/16, 9/30, 10/14, 10/21, 11/1, 11/18
 2007 - 9/1, 9/8, 9/15, 10/6, 10/13, 10/27, 11/3

Week Designations

Chart 4g. Refuse/Noise/Alcohol Offenses by Week - 2006
 August 21 to December 10

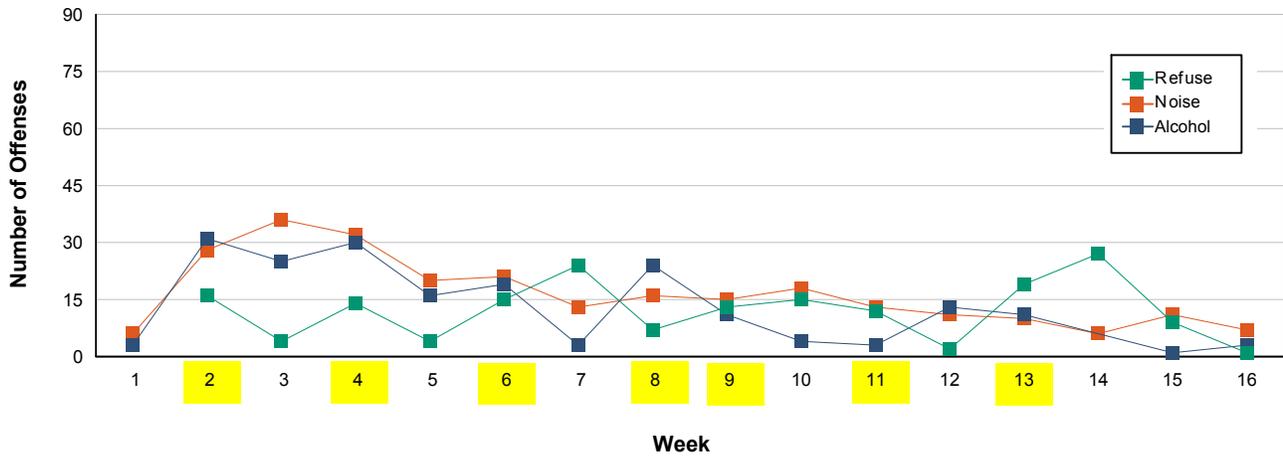
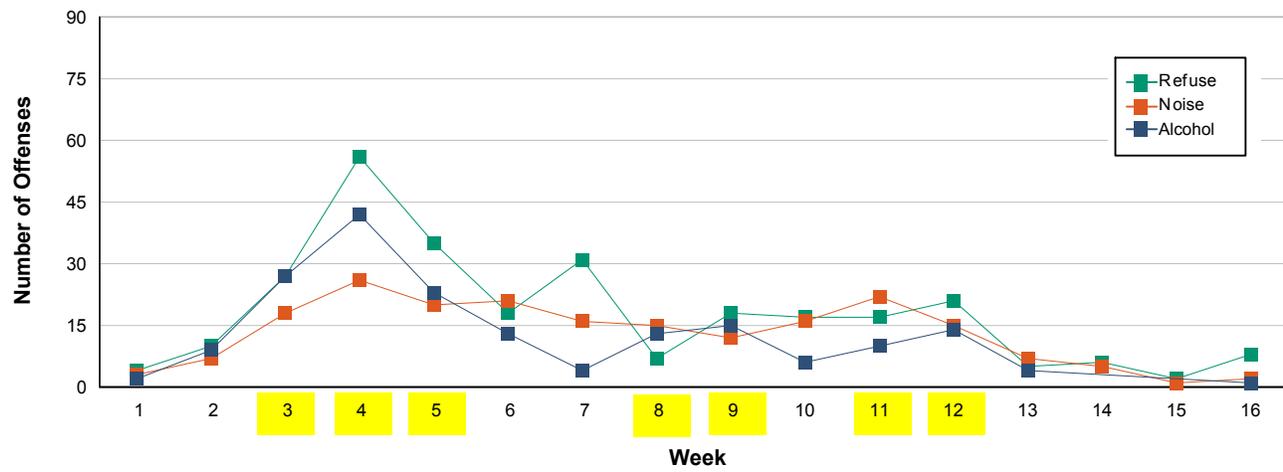


Chart 4h. Refuse/Noise/Alcohol Offenses by Week - 2007
 August 13 to December 2



Home football game weeks are highlighted

Week	2008	2009
1	August 11 - August 17	August 10 - August 16
2	August 18 - August 24	August 17 - August 23
3	August 25 - August 31	August 24 - August 30
4	September 1 - September 7	August 31 - September 6
5	September 8 - September 14	September 7 - September 13
6	September 15 - September 21	September 14 - September 20
7	September 22 - September 28	September 21 - September 27
8	September 29 - October 5	September 28 - October 4
9	October 6 - October 12	October 5 - October 11
10	October 13 - October 19	October 12 - October 18
11	October 20 - October 26	October 19 - October 25
12	October 27 - November 2	October 26 - November 1
13	November 3 - November 9	November 2 - November 8
14	November 10 - November 16	November 9 - November 15
15	November 17 - November 23	November 16 - November 22
16	November 24 - November 30	November 23 - November 29

Week Designations

PSU Home Football Games

2008 - 8/30, 9/6, 9/20, 9/27, 10/18, 11/15, 11/22
 2009 - 9/5, 9/12, 9/19, 9/26, 10/10, 10/17, 11/7, 11/14

Chart 4i. Refuse/Noise/Alcohol Offenses by Week - 2008

August 11 to November 30

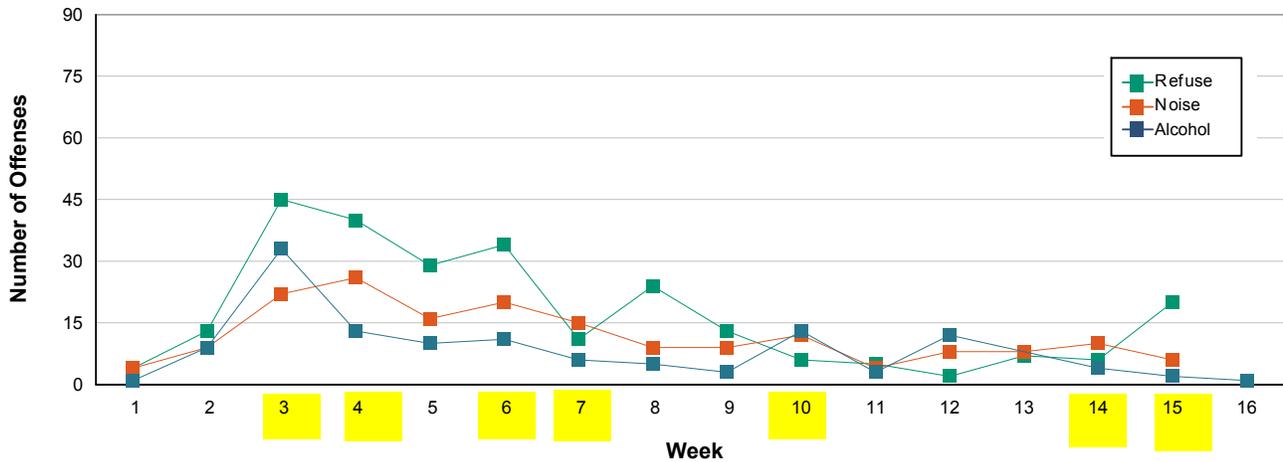
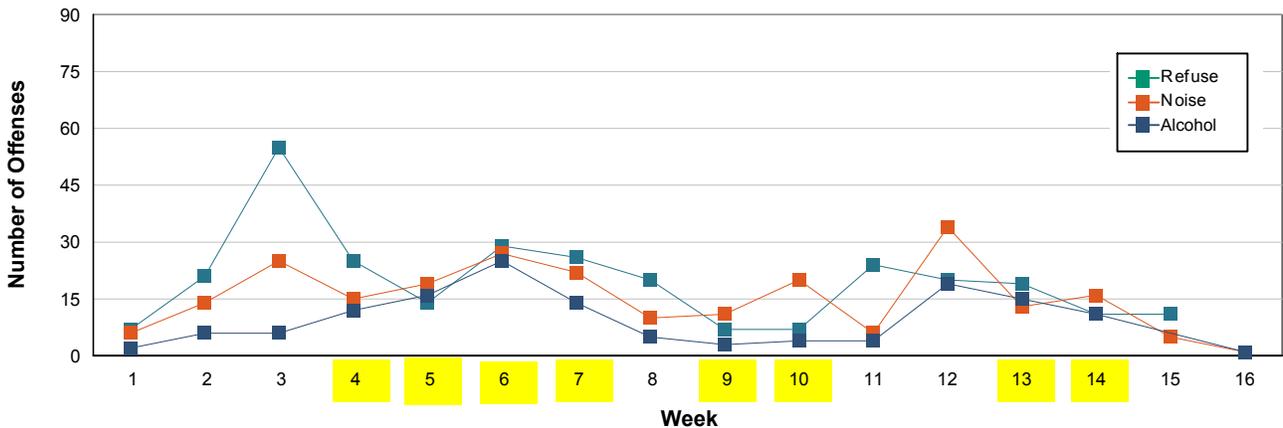


Chart 4j. Refuse/Noise/Alcohol Offenses by Week - 2009

August 10 to November 29



Home football game weeks are highlighted

Week	2010	2011
1	August 9 - August 15	August 8 - August 14
2	August 16 - August 22	August 15 - August 21
3	August 23 - August 29	August 22 - August 28
4	August 30 - September 5	August 29 - September 4
5	September 6 - September 12	September 5 - September 11
6	September 13 - September 19	September 12 - September 18
7	September 20 - September 26	September 19 - September 25
8	September 27 - October 3	September 26 - October 2
9	October 5 - October 10	October 3 - October 9
10	October 11 - October 17	October 10 - October 16
11	October 18 - October 24	October 17 - October 23
12	October 25 - October 31	October 24 - October 30
13	November 1 - November 7	October 31 - November 6
14	November 8 - November 14	November 7 - November 13
15	November 15 - November 21	November 14 - November 20
16	November 22 - November 28	November 21 - November 27

Week Designations

PSU Home Football Games

2010 - 9/4, 9/18, 9/25, 10/9, 10/30, 11/6, 11/27
 2011 - 9/3, 9/10, 9/24, 10/8, 10/15, 10/29, 11/12

Chart 4k. Refuse/Noise/Alcohol Offenses by Week - 2010

August 9 to November 28

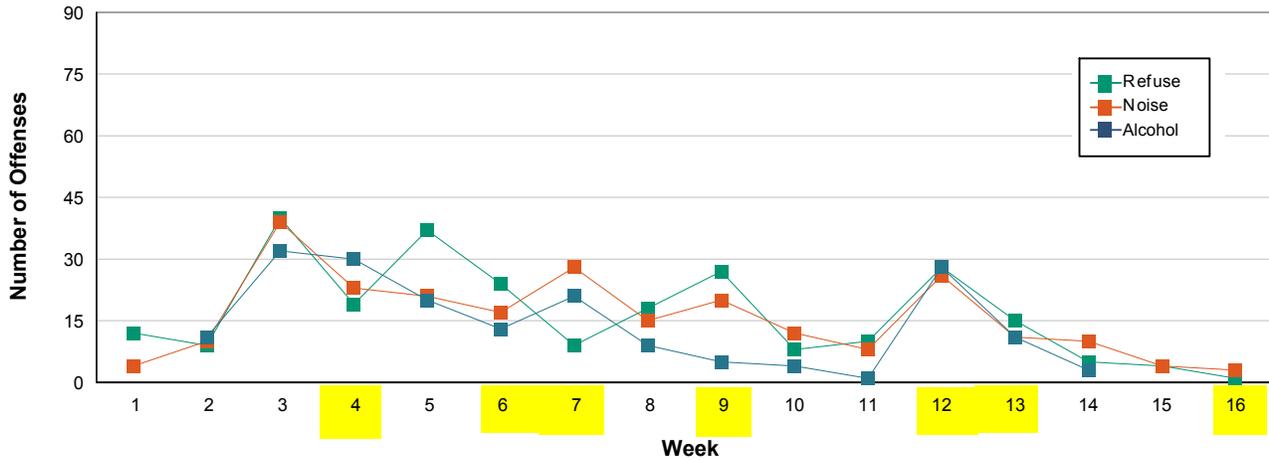
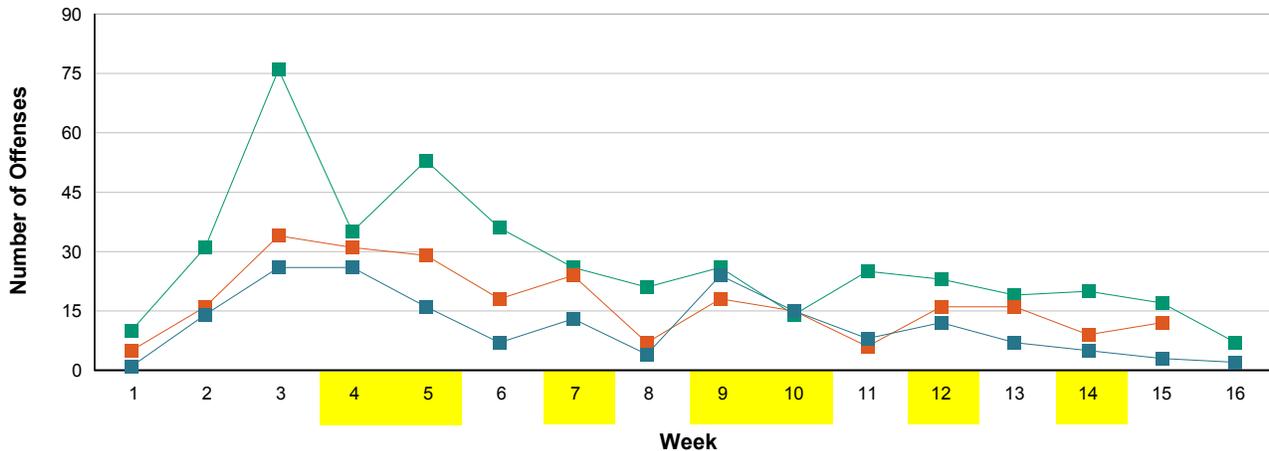


Chart 4l. Refuse/Noise/Alcohol Offenses by Week - 2011

August 8 to November 27



Home football game weeks are highlighted

Table 4g. Noise/Refuse/Alcohol Offenses by Week - 2006

August 21 - December 10

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	TOTAL
Noise	6	28	36	32	20	21	13	16	15	18	13	11	10	6	11	7	263
Refuse		16	4	14	4	15	24	7	13	15	12	2	19	27	9	1	182
Alcohol	3	31	25	30	16	19	3	24	11	4	3	13	11		1	3	197
TOTAL	9	75	65	76	40	55	40	47	39	37	28	26	40	33	21	11	642

Table 4h. Noise/Refuse/Alcohol Offenses by Week - 2007

August 13 - December 2

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	TOTAL
Noise	3	7	18	26	20	21	16	15	12	16	22	15	7	5	1	2	206
Refuse	4	10	27	56	35	18	31	7	18	17	17	21	5	6	2	8	282
Alcohol	2	9	27	42	23	13	4	13	15	6	10	14	4			1	183
TOTAL	9	26	72	124	78	52	51	35	45	39	49	50	16	11	3	11	671

Table 4i. Noise/Refuse/Alcohol Offenses by Week - 2008

August 11 - November 30

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	TOTAL
Noise	4	9	22	26	16	20	15	9	9	12	4	8	8	10	6		178
Refuse	4	13	45	40	29	34	11	24	13	6	5	2	7	6	20		259
Alcohol	1	9	33	13	10	11	6	5	3	13	3	12		4	2	1	126
TOTAL	9	31	100	79	55	65	32	38	25	31	12	22	15	20	28	1	563

Table 4j. Noise/Refuse/Alcohol Offenses by Week - 2009

August 10 - November 29

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	TOTAL
Noise	6	14	25	15	19	27	22	10	11	20	6	34	13	16	5	1	244
Refuse	7	21	55	25	14	29	26	20	7	7	24	20	19	11	11		296
Alcohol	2	6	6	12	16	25	14	5	3	4	4	19	15	11		1	143
TOTAL	15	41	86	52	49	81	62	35	21	31	34	73	47	38	16	2	683

Table 4k. Noise/Refuse/Alcohol Offenses by Week - 2010

August 9 - November 28

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	TOTAL
Noise	4	10	39	23	21	17	28	15	20	12	8	26	11	10	4	3	251
Refuse	12	9	40	19	37	24	9	18	27	8	10	28	15	5	4	1	266
Alcohol		11	32	30	20	13	21	9	5	4	1	28	11	3			188
TOTAL	16	30	111	72	78	54	58	42	52	24	19	82	37	18	8	4	705

Table 4l. Noise/Refuse/Alcohol Offenses by Week - 2011

August 8 - November 27

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	TOTAL
Noise	5	16	34	31	29	18	24	7	18	15	6	16	16	9	12		256
Refuse	10	31	76	35	53	36	26	21	26	14	25	23	19	20	17	7	439
Alcohol	1	14	26	26	16	7	13	4	24	15	8	12	7	5	3	2	183
TOTAL	16	61	136	92	98	61	63	32	68	44	39	51	42	34	32	9	878

Home football game weeks are highlighted

A-5. Offenses* by Day of Week

Chart 5a. Police Offenses* by Year and Day of Week

2006 - 2011

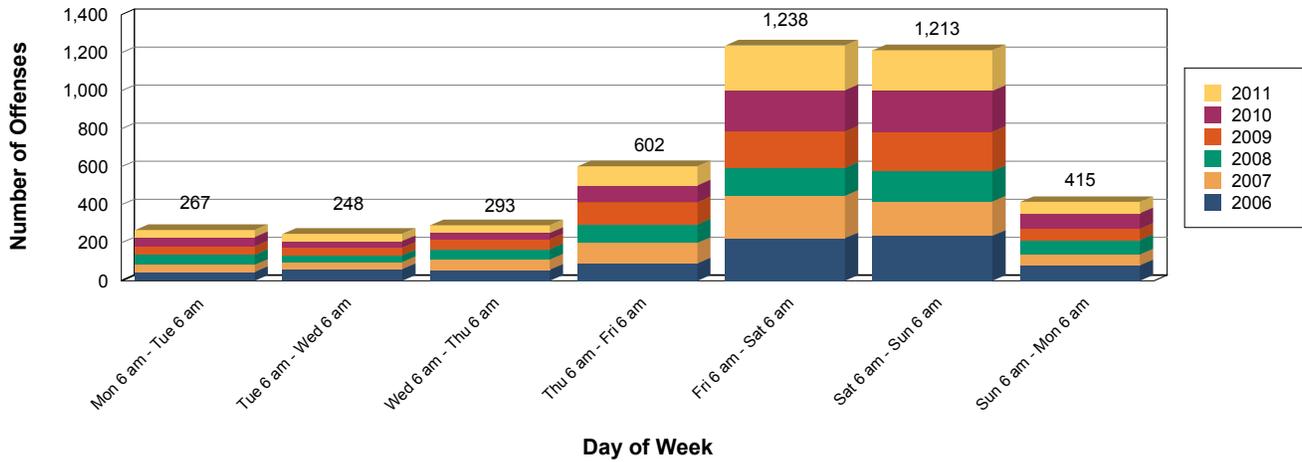


Table 5a. Police Offenses* by Year and Day of Week

2006 - 2011

	Mon 6 am - Tue 6 am	Tue 6 am - Wed 6 am	Wed 6 am - Thu 6 am	Thu 6 am - Fri 6 am	Fri 6 am - Sat 6 am	Sat 6 am - Sun 6 am	Sun 6 am - Mon 6 am	TOTAL
2006	47	62	59	92	225	238	83	806
2007	38	37	53	108	223	179	56	694
2008	53	36	56	98	146	161	76	626
2009	45	40	52	116	192	207	59	711
2010	48	35	33	89	217	215	82	719
2011	36	38	40	99	235	213	59	720
TOTAL	267	248	293	602	1,238	1,213	415	4,276

* Excludes Refuse offenses

Chart 5b. Police Offenses* by Offense Type and Day of Week
2006 - 2011

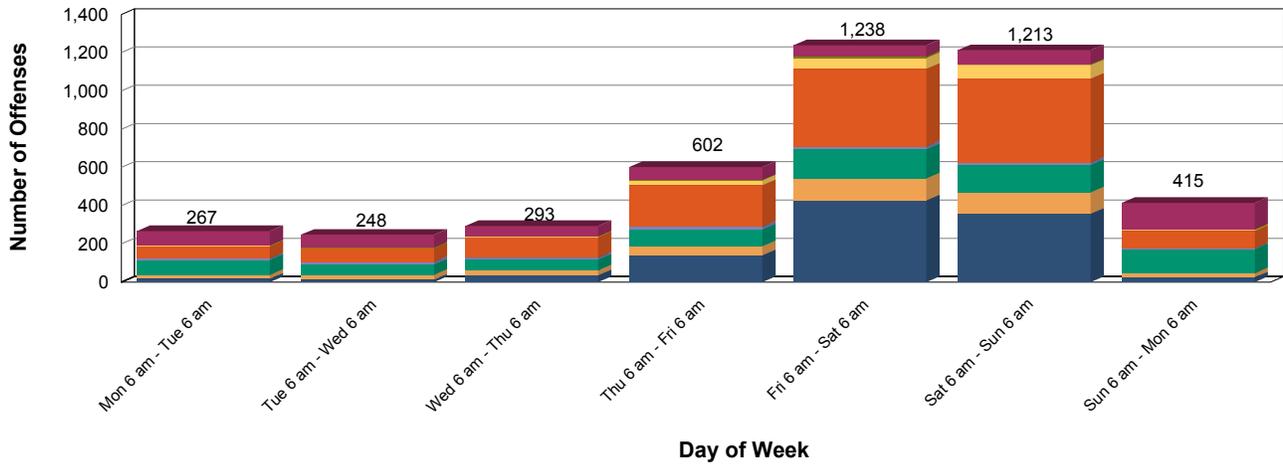


Table 5b. Police Offenses* by Day of Week
2006 - 2011

	Mon 6 am - Tue 6 am	Tue 6 am - Wed 6 am	Wed 6 am - Thu 6 am	Thu 6 am - Fri 6 am	Fri 6 am - Sat 6 am	Sat 6 am - Sun 6 am	Sun 6 am - Mon 6 am	TOTAL
Alcohol	18	13	36	141	428	358	26	1,020
Assaults/Fights/Harassment	21	26	26	47	115	111	21	367
Criminal Mischief/Trespass	79	55	58	89	153	145	128	707
Drugs	6	13	8	13	14	12	2	68
Noise	65	71	108	218	406	438	92	1,398
Public Urination	2		2	24	57	71	4	160
Sex Crimes	2	4	2	3	7	5	5	28
Thefts	74	66	53	67	58	73	137	528
TOTAL	267	248	293	602	1,238	1,213	415	4,276

* Excludes Refuse offenses

Chart 5c. Police Offenses* by Day of Week - 2006

August 21 - December 10

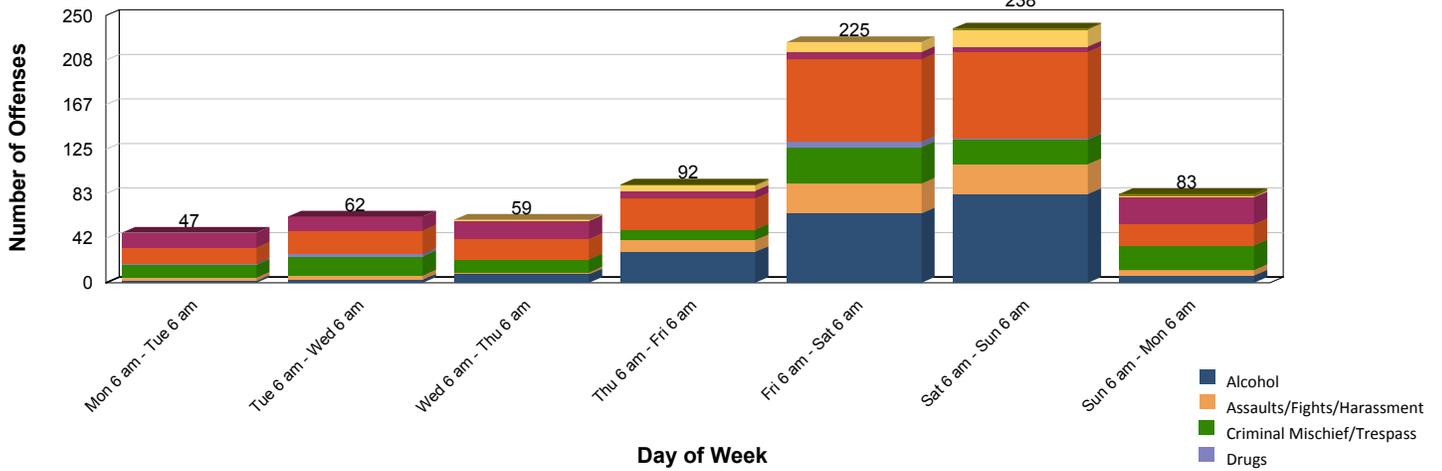


Chart 5d. Police Offenses* by Day of Week - 2007

August 13 - December 2

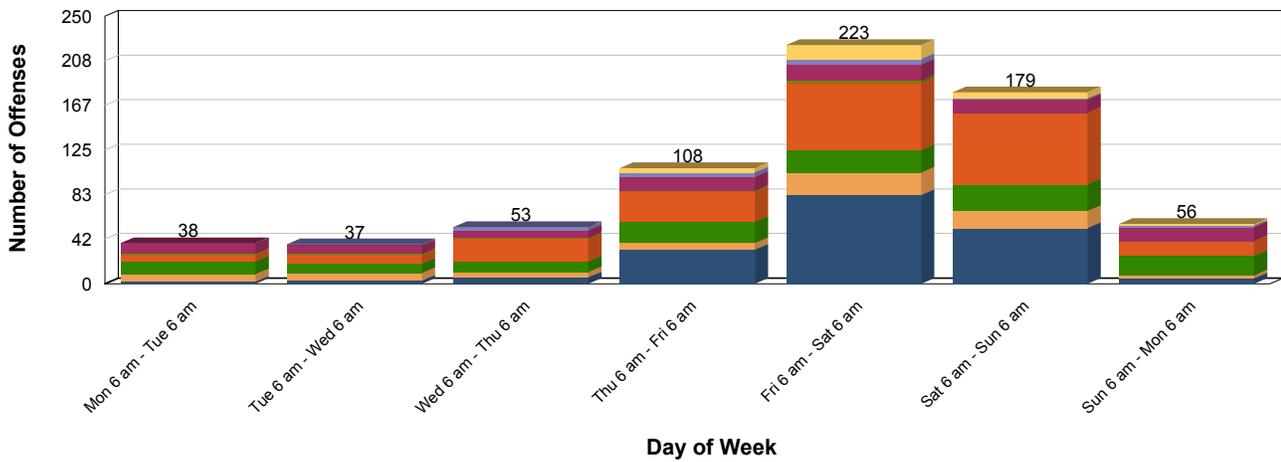
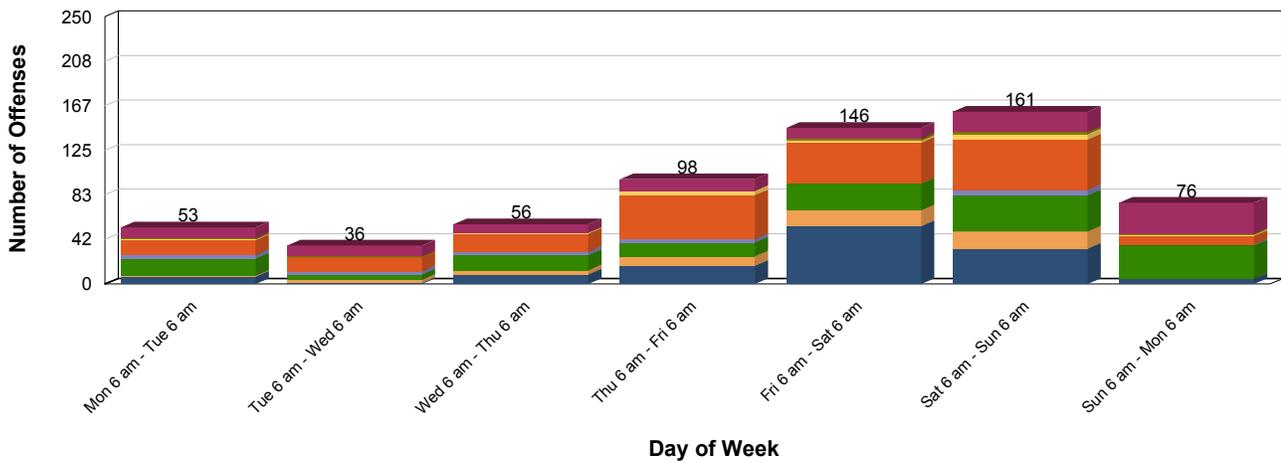


Chart 5e. Police Offenses* by Day of Week - 2008

August 11 - November 30



* Excludes Refuse offenses

Chart 5f. Police Offenses* by Day of Week - 2009

August 10 - November 29

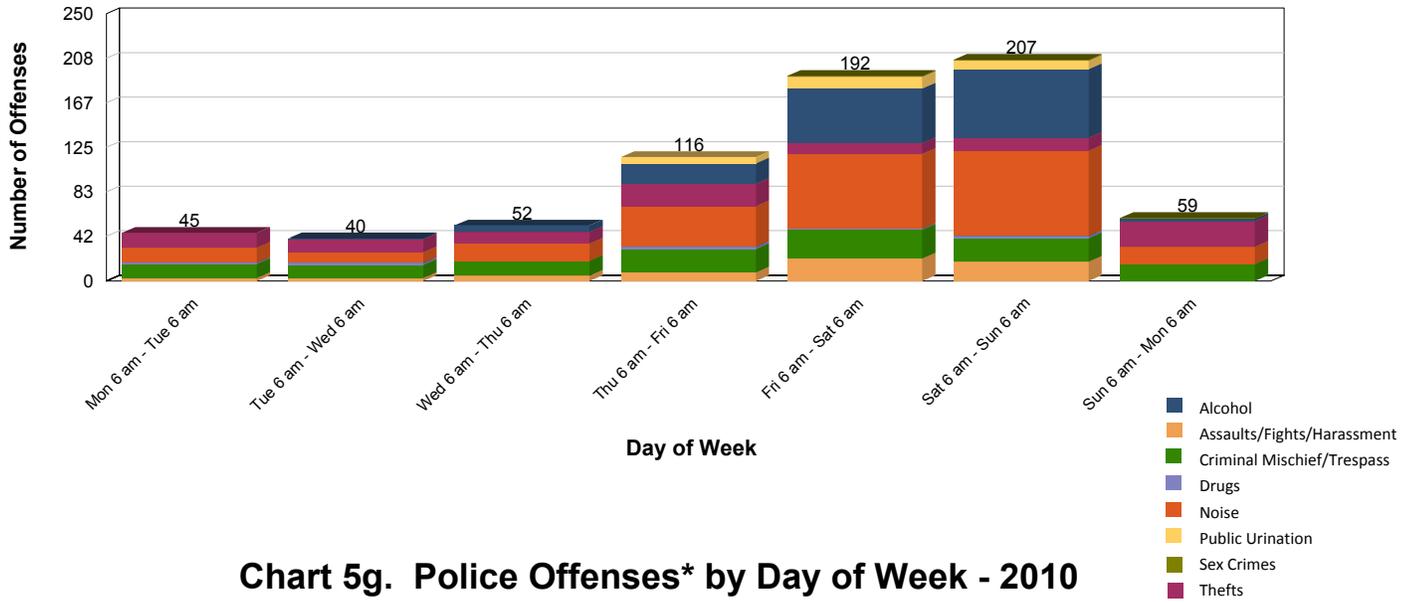


Chart 5g. Police Offenses* by Day of Week - 2010

August 9 - November 28

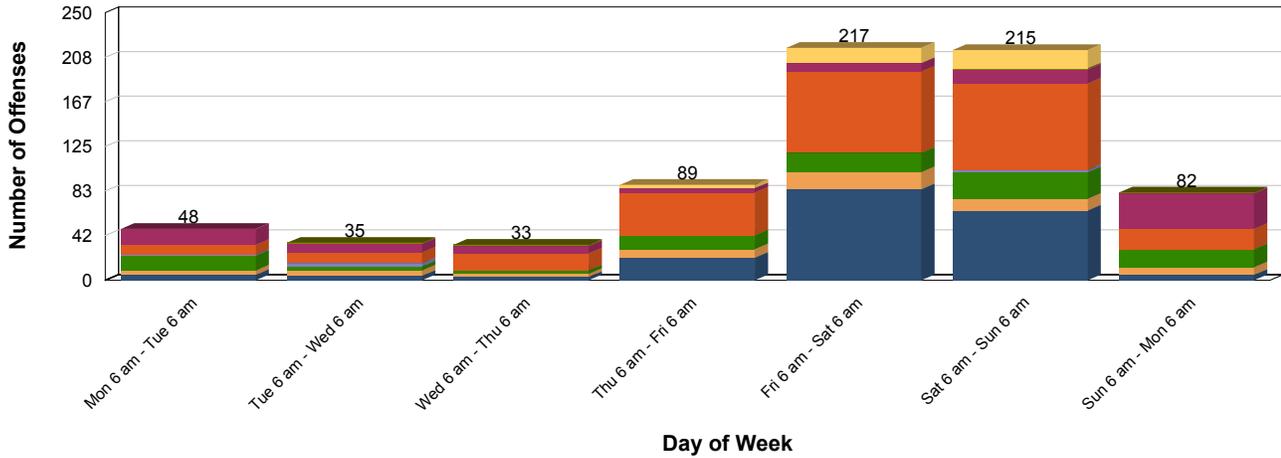
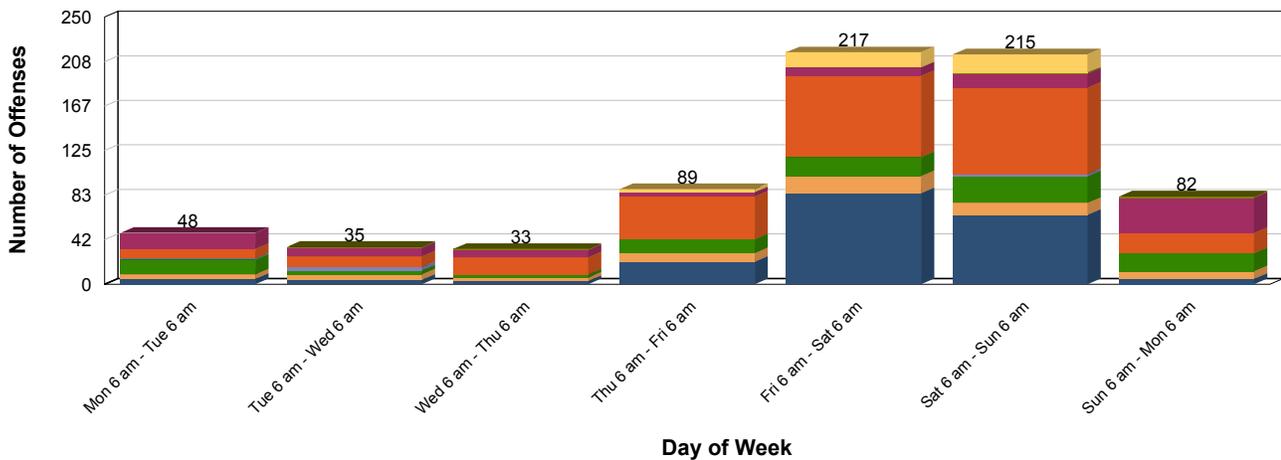


Chart 5h. Police Offenses* by Day of Week - 2011

August 8 - November 27



* Excludes Refuse offenses

Table 5c. Police Offenses* by Day of Week - 2006

August 21 - December 10

	Mon 6 am - Tue 6 am	Tue 6 am - Wed 6 am	Wed 6 am - Thu 6 am	Thu 6 am - Fri 6 am	Fri 6 am - Sat 6 am	Sat 6 am - Sun 6 am	Sun 6 am - Mon 6 am	TOTAL
Alcohol	2	3	8	29	65	83	7	197
Assaults/Fights/Harassment	3	4	2	11	28	28	5	81
Criminal Mischief/Trespass	12	18	12	10	34	23	23	132
Drugs	1	2			5	1		9
Noise	15	22	19	29	77	81	20	263
Public Urination			1	5	9	16	1	32
Sex Crimes				1		1	2	4
Thefts	14	13	17	7	7	5	25	88
TOTAL	47	62	59	92	225	238	83	806

Table 5d. Police Offenses* by Day of Week - 2007

August 13 - December 2

	Mon 6 am - Tue 6 am	Tue 6 am - Wed 6 am	Wed 6 am - Thu 6 am	Thu 6 am - Fri 6 am	Fri 6 am - Sat 6 am	Sat 6 am - Sun 6 am	Sun 6 am - Mon 6 am	TOTAL
Alcohol	2	3	6	32	83	52	5	183
Assaults/Fights/Harassment	7	7	5	6	21	16	3	65
Criminal Mischief/Trespass	12	9	10	20	21	25	18	115
Drugs		1	3	4	5	1	1	15
Noise	6	8	21	28	62	67	14	206
Public Urination				4	13	6	2	25
Sex Crimes	1	1	1	1	3			7
Thefts	10	8	7	13	15	12	13	78
TOTAL	38	37	53	108	223	179	56	694

Table 5e. Police Offenses* by Day of Week - 2008

August 11 - November 30

	Mon 6 am - Tue 6 am	Tue 6 am - Wed 6 am	Wed 6 am - Thu 6 am	Thu 6 am - Fri 6 am	Fri 6 am - Sat 6 am	Sat 6 am - Sun 6 am	Sun 6 am - Mon 6 am	TOTAL
Alcohol	7	1	9	17	54	33	5	126
Assaults/Fights/Harassment	1	3	4	9	15	16		48
Criminal Mischief/Trespass	16	5	14	13	25	34	31	138
Drugs	3	3	3	3		5	1	18
Noise	14	13	17	41	38	47	8	178
Public Urination	1		1	4	2	5	1	14
Sex Crimes	1	1			2	2	1	7
Thefts	10	10	8	11	10	19	29	97
TOTAL	53	36	56	98	146	161	76	626

Table 5f. Police Offenses* by Day of Week - 2009

August 10 - November 29

	Mon 6 am - Tue 6 am	Tue 6 am - Wed 6 am	Wed 6 am - Thu 6 am	Thu 6 am - Fri 6 am	Fri 6 am - Sat 6 am	Sat 6 am - Sun 6 am	Sun 6 am - Mon 6 am	TOTAL
Alcohol		1	6	19	51	64	2	143
Assaults/Fights/Harassment	3	3	5	8	21	18		58
Criminal Mischief/Trespass	13	12	14	22	27	22	16	126
Drugs	1	2		2	1	2		8
Noise	14	10	16	38	70	80	16	244
Public Urination				6	11	8		25
Sex Crimes					1	1	1	3
Thefts	14	12	11	21	10	12	24	104
TOTAL	45	40	52	116	192	207	59	711

* Excludes Refuse offenses

Table 5g. Police Offenses* by Day of Week - 2010
August 9 - November 28

	Mon 6 am - Tue 6 am	Tue 6 am - Wed 6 am	Wed 6 am - Thu 6 am	Thu 6 am - Fri 6 am	Fri 6 am - Sat 6 am	Sat 6 am - Sun 6 am	Sun 6 am - Mon 6 am	TOTAL	
Alcohol		5	4	3	21	85	65	5	188
Assaults/Fights/Harassment		4	5	3	8	16	11	7	54
Criminal Mischief/Trespass		14	4	3	13	18	25	17	94
Drugs		1	3				2		6
Noise		9	10	16	40	76	81	19	251
Public Urination					3	14	17		34
Sex Crimes			1	1			1	1	4
Thefts		15	8	7	4	8	13	33	88
TOTAL		48	35	33	89	217	215	82	719

Table 5h. Police Offenses* by Day of Week - 2011
August 8 - November 27

	Mon 6 am - Tue 6 am	Tue 6 am - Wed 6 am	Wed 6 am - Thu 6 am	Thu 6 am - Fri 6 am	Fri 6 am - Sat 6 am	Sat 6 am - Sun 6 am	Sun 6 am - Mon 6 am	TOTAL	
Alcohol		5	4	3	21	85	65	5	188
Assaults/Fights/Harassment		4	5	3	8	16	11	7	54
Criminal Mischief/Trespass		14	4	3	13	18	25	17	94
Drugs		1	3				2		6
Noise		9	10	16	40	76	81	19	251
Public Urination					3	14	17		34
Sex Crimes			1	1			1	1	4
Thefts		15	8	7	4	8	13	33	88
TOTAL		48	35	33	89	217	215	82	719

* Excludes Refuse offenses

A-6. Offenses* by Hour

Chart 6a. Police Offenses* by Hour
2006 - 2011

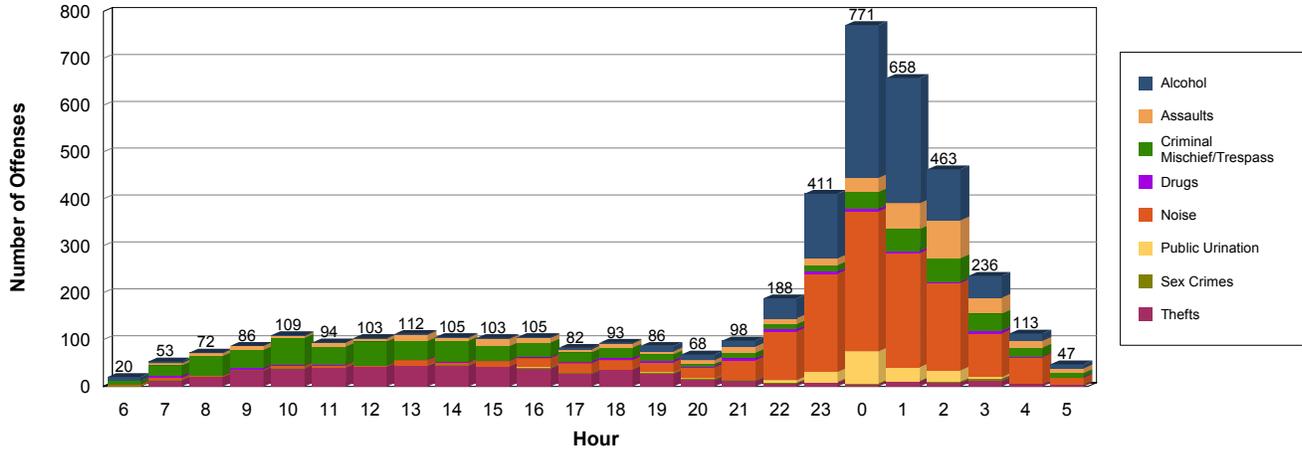


Table 6a. Police Offenses* by Hour
2006 - 2011

	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	0	1	2	3	4	5	TOTAL
Alcohol	8	4	1		2	1	1	2	1	2	2	3	2	11	12	13	43	138	326	267	109	47	16	9	1,020
Assaults/Fights/Harassment		4	6	8	3	8	6	13	6	15	9	6	8	6	8	13	12	14	30	55	80	34	14	9	367
Criminal Mischief/Trespass	7	23	42	39	59	39	52	40	46	31	32	20	23	13	5	12	11	14	36	47	51	36	20	9	707
Drugs		4		3	1	1		1	1	1	2	4	4	5	3	5	5	5	6	5	3	6	1	2	68
Noise	4	4	3	2	4	5	2	11	5	11	19	21	20	21	23	41	104	209	298	243	186	93	56	13	1,398
Public Urination								1				1			1	1		6	22	69	30	24	4	1	160
Sex Crimes	1	1			2				2		2	1		2	2	2	2	1	2		2	4		2	28
Thefts		13	20	34	38	40	42	44	44	43	38	27	36	27	14	12	5	8	4	11	8	12	5	3	528
TOTAL	20	53	72	86	109	94	103	112	105	103	105	82	93	86	68	98	188	411	771	658	463	236	113	47	4,276

* Excludes Refuse offenses

Chart 6b. Police Offenses* by Hour - 2006

August 21 - December 10

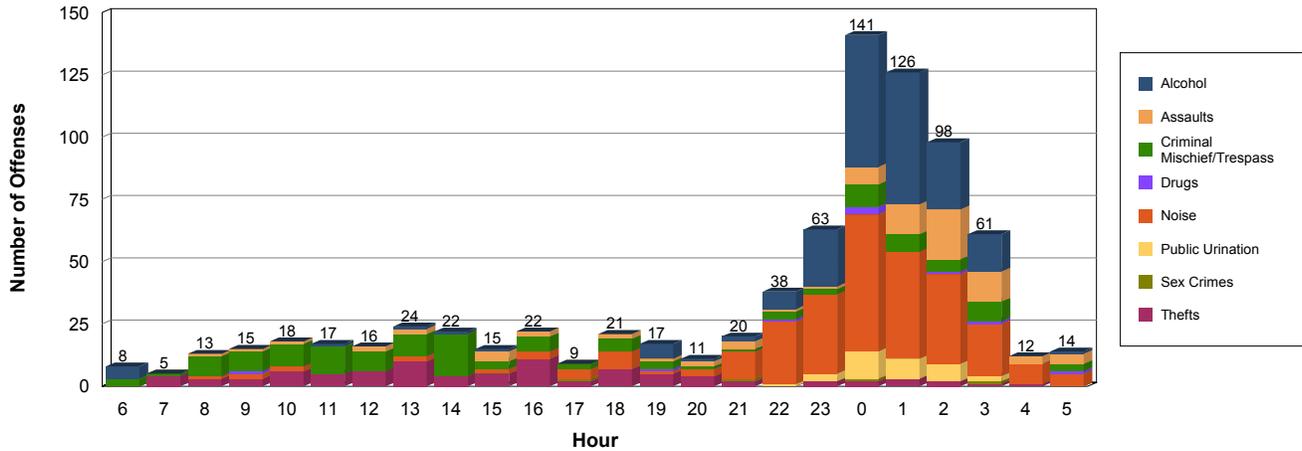


Chart 6c. Police Offenses* by Hour - 2007

August 13 - December 2

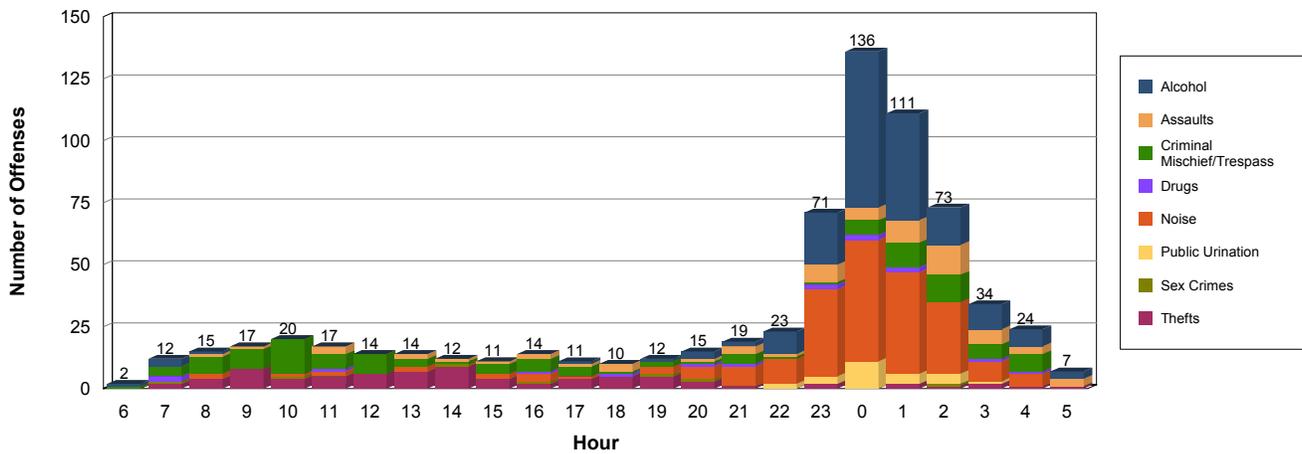
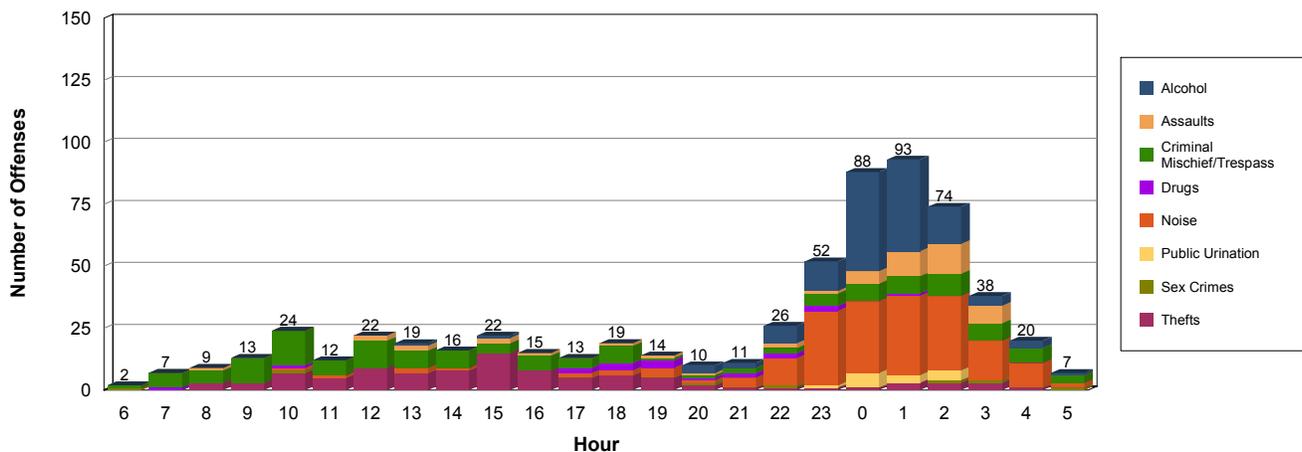


Chart 6d. Police Offenses* by Hour - 2008

August 11 - November 30



* Excludes Refuse offenses

Chart 6e. Police Offenses* by Hour - 2009

August 16 - November 30

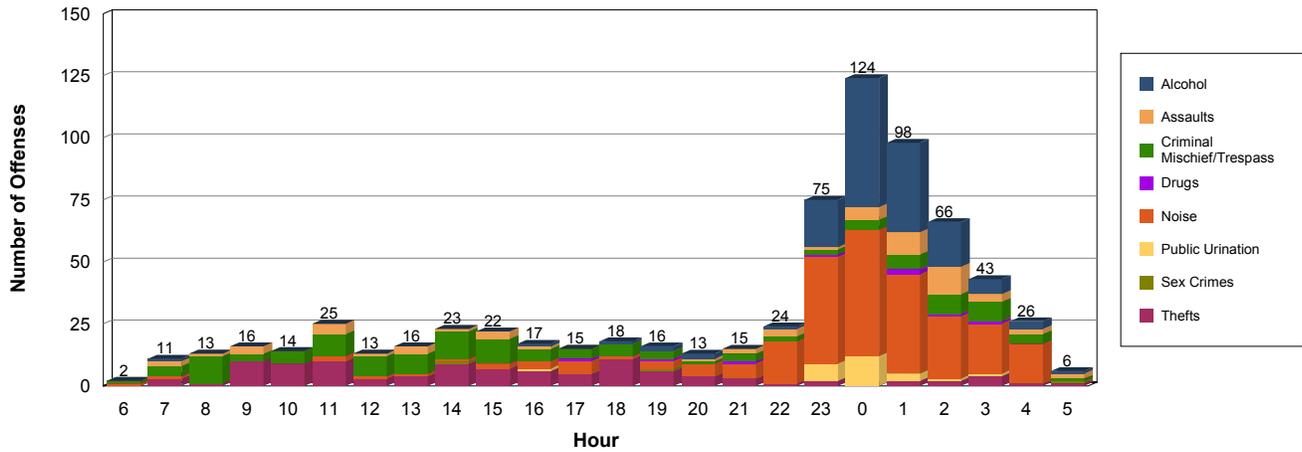


Chart 6f. Police Offenses* by Hour - 2010

August 9 - November 28

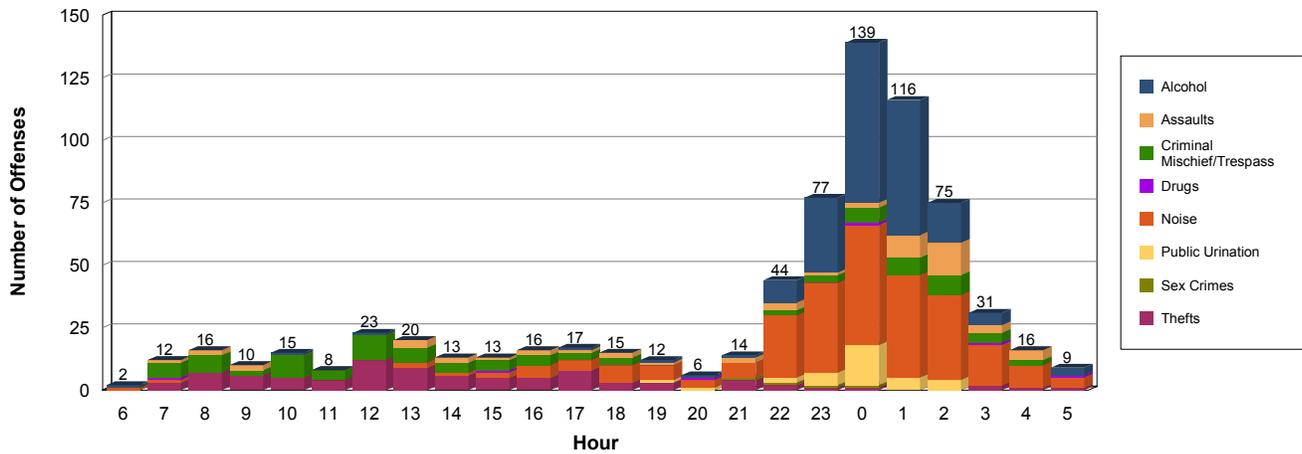
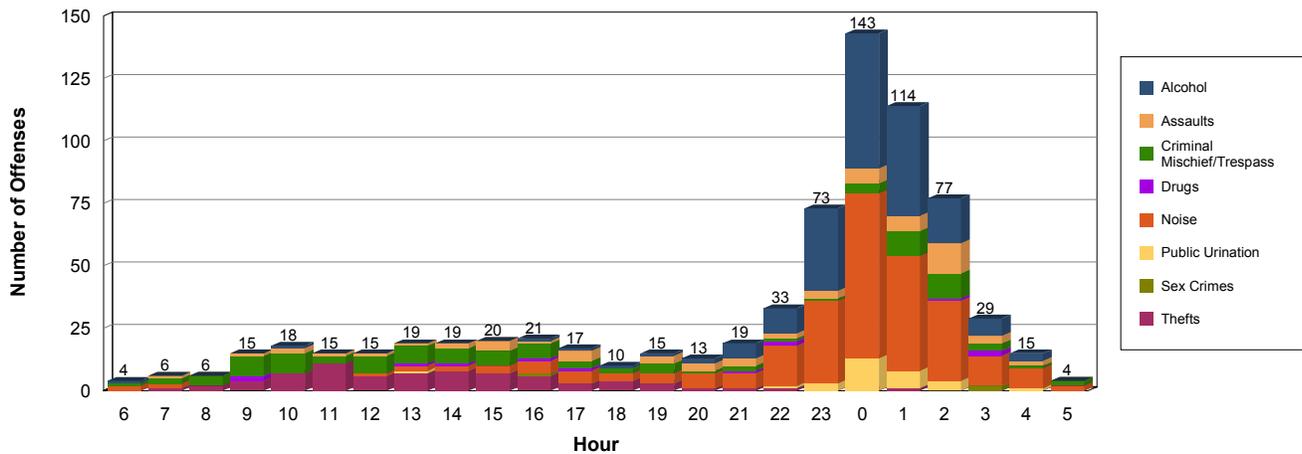


Chart 6g. Police Offenses* by Hour - 2011

August 8 - November 27



* Excludes Refuse offenses

Table 6b. Police Offenses* by Hour - 2006
August 21 - December 10

	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	0	1	2	3	4	5	TOTAL	
Alcohol	5					1		1	1	1					6	1	2	7	23	53	53	27	15		1	197
Assaults/Fights/Harassment			1	1	1		2	2		4	2		2	1	2	3	1	1	7	12	20	12	3	4		81
Criminal Mischief/Trespass	3	1	8	8	9	11	8	9	17	3	6	2	5	3	1	1	3	2	9	7	5	8		3		132
Drugs				1											1		1		3		1	1				9
Noise			1	2	2			2		2	3	4	7	1	3	11	25	32	55	43	36	21	8	5		263
Public Urination																	1	3	11	8	7	2				32
Sex Crimes												1				1			1				1			4
Thefts		4	3	3	6	5	6	10	4	5	11	2	7	5	4	2		2	2	3	2	1	1			88
TOTAL	8	5	13	15	18	17	16	24	22	15	22	9	21	17	11	20	38	63	141	126	98	61	12	14	806	

Table 6c. Police Offenses* by Hour - 2007
August 13 - December 2

	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	0	1	2	3	4	5	TOTAL	
Alcohol	1	3	1									1		1	3	2	9	21	63	43	15	10	7	3		183
Assaults/Fights/Harassment			1	1		3		2	1	1	2	1	3		1	3	1	7	5	9	12	6	3	3		65
Criminal Mischief/Trespass	1	4	7	8	14	6	8	3	1	4	5	4	1	2	1	4	1	1	6	10	11	6	7			115
Drugs		2				1					1		1		1	1		2	2	2		1	1			15
Noise			2		1	2		2		2	3	1		3	5	8	10	35	49	41	29	8	5			206
Public Urination																	2	3	11	4	4	1				25
Sex Crimes		1			1				1		1			1	1						1					7
Thefts		2	4	8	4	5	6	7	9	4	2	4	5	5	3	1		2		2	1	2	1	1		78
TOTAL	2	12	15	17	20	17	14	14	12	11	14	11	10	12	15	19	23	71	136	111	73	34	24	7	694	

Table 6d. Police Offenses* by Hour - 2008
August 11 - November 30

	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	0	1	2	3	4	5	TOTAL	
Alcohol								1		1					3	2	7	12	40	37	15	4	3	1		126
Assaults/Fights/Harassment			1				2	2		2	1		1	1	1		2	1	5	10	12	7				48
Criminal Mischief/Trespass	1	6	5	10	14	6	11	7	7	4	6	4	7	1	1	2	2	5	7	7	9	7	6	3		138
Drugs		1			1							2	3	3	1	2	2	2		1						18
Noise				1	1		2	1				2	2	4	1	4	11	30	29	32	30	16	10	2		178
Public Urination																	1	6	3	4						14
Sex Crimes	1				1										1		1				1	1		1		7
Thefts			3	3	7	5	9	7	8	15	8	5	6	5	2	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	1			97
TOTAL	2	7	9	13	24	12	22	19	16	22	15	13	19	14	10	11	26	52	88	93	74	38	20	7	626	

* Excludes Refuse offenses

Table 6e. Police Offenses* by Hour - 2009

August 10 - November 29

	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	0	1	2	3	4	5	TOTAL
Alcohol		1									1		1	2	2		1	19	52	36	18	6	3	1	143
Assaults/Fights/Harassment		2	1	3		4	1	3	1	3	1				1	2	3	1	5	9	11	3	2	2	58
Criminal Mischief/Trespass	1	4	11	3	5	9	8	8	11	10	5	4	5	3	1	3	2	2	4	6	8	8	4	1	126
Drugs												1		1		1		1		2	1	1			8
Noise	1	1				2	1	1	1	2	3	5	1	3	5	6	17	43	51	40	25	20	16		244
Public Urination											1							7	12	3	1	1			25
Sex Crimes								1						1										1	3
Thefts		3	1	10	9	10	3	4	9	7	6	5	11	6	4	3	1	2		2	2	4	1	1	104
TOTAL	2	11	13	16	14	25	13	16	23	22	17	15	18	16	13	15	24	75	124	98	66	43	26	6	711

Table 6f. Police Offenses* by Hour - 2010

August 9 - November 28

	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	0	1	2	3	4	5	TOTAL
Alcohol	1				1		1					1		1	1	1	9	30	64	54	16	5		3	188
Assaults/Fights/Harassment		1	2	2				3	2	1	2	1	2	1		2	3	1	2	9	13	3	4		54
Criminal Mischief/Trespass		6	7	2	9	4	10	6	4	4	4	3	3				2	3	6	7	8	4	2		94
Drugs		1								1					1				1			1		1	6
Noise	1	1					2	1	2	5	4	7	6	3	6	25	36	48	41	34	16	9	4		251
Public Urination														1	1		2	5	16	5	4				34
Sex Crimes																1	1	1	1						4
Thefts		3	7	6	5	4	12	9	6	5	5	8	3	3		4	2	1	1			2	1	1	88
TOTAL	2	12	16	10	15	8	23	20	13	13	16	17	15	12	6	14	44	77	139	116	75	31	16	9	719

Table 6g. Police Offenses* by Hour - 2011

August 8 - November 27

	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	0	1	2	3	4	5	TOTAL
Alcohol	1				1						1	1	1	1	2	6	10	33	54	44	18	7	3		183
Assaults/Fights/Harassment		1		1	2	1	1	1	2	4	1	4		3	3	3	2	3	6	6	12	3	2		61
Criminal Mischief/Trespass	1	2	4	8	8	3	7	7	6	6	6	3	2	4	1	2	1	1	4	10	10	3	1	2	102
Drugs				2				1	1	1	1	1				1	2				1	2			12
Noise	2	2					1	2	2	3	5	5	3	4	6	6	16	33	66	46	32	12	8	2	256
Public Urination								1									1	3	13	7	4		1		30
Sex Crimes											1											2			3
Thefts		1	2	4	7	11	6	7	8	7	6	3	4	3	1	1	1			1					73
TOTAL	4	6	6	15	18	15	15	19	19	20	21	17	10	15	13	19	33	73	143	114	77	29	15	4	720

* Excludes Refuse offenses

A-7. Offenses by Complainant

Chart 7a. Offenses Reported by:
2006 - 2011

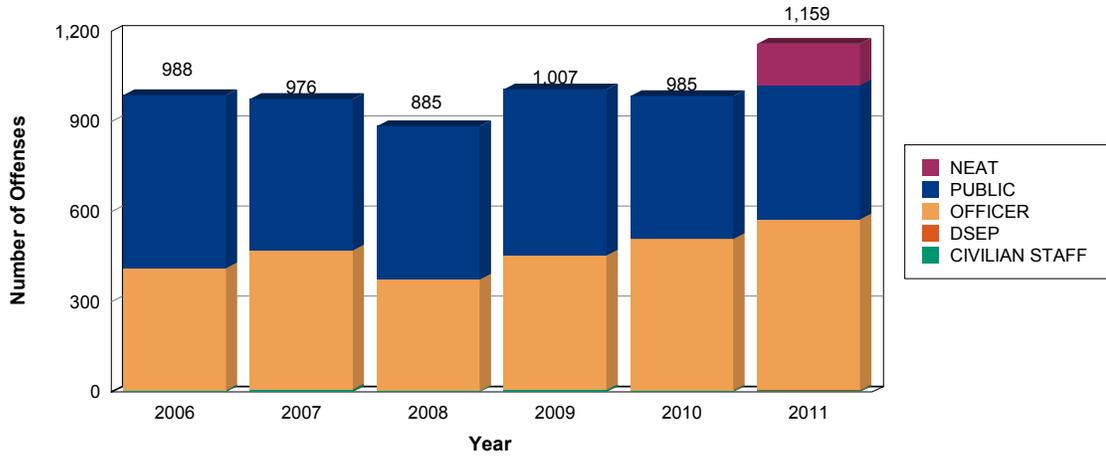


Table 7a. Offenses Reported by:
2006 - 2011

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	TOTAL
CIVILIAN STAFF	5	8	4	7	4	4	32
DSEP	1	1			2	2	6
NEAT						137	137
OFFICER	406	462	370	447	503	569	2,757
PUBLIC	576	505	511	553	476	447	3,068
TOTAL	988	976	885	1,007	985	1,159	6,000

Note: PUBLIC Complainant type includes other staff, businesses, churches, MNMC, CATA, Can Help, Alpha Fire Department, and victims.

Chart 7b. Alcohol Offenses Reported by:

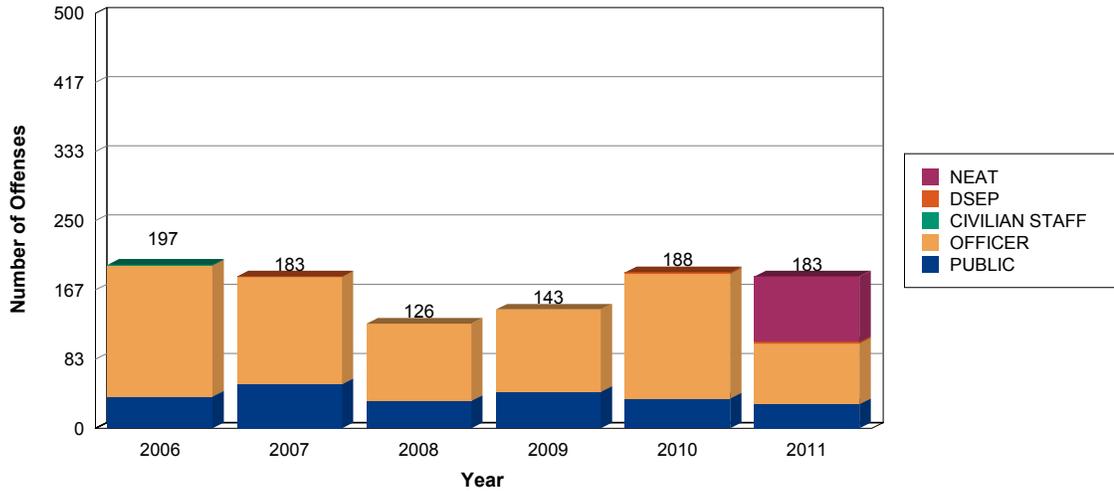


Chart 7c. Assaults/Fights/Harassment Reported by:

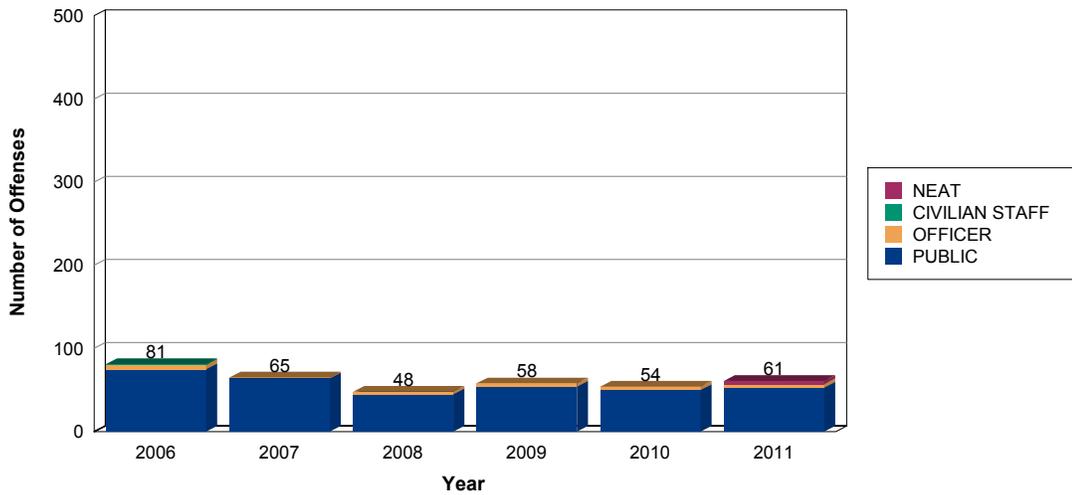
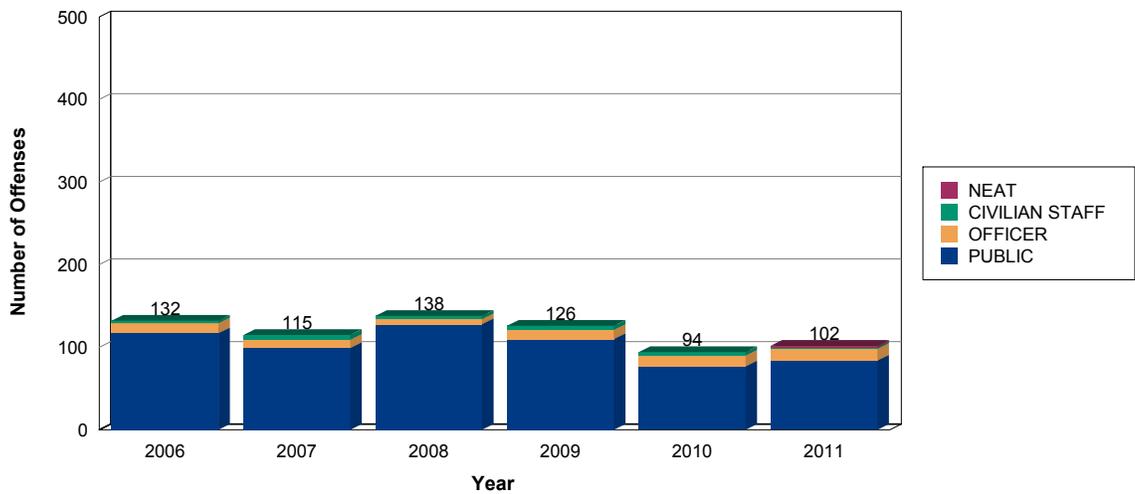


Chart 7d. Criminal Mischief/Trespass Reported by:



Note: PUBLIC Complainant type includes other staff, businesses, churches, MNMC, CATA, Can Help, Alpha Fire Department, and victims.

Chart 7e. Drug Offenses Reported by:

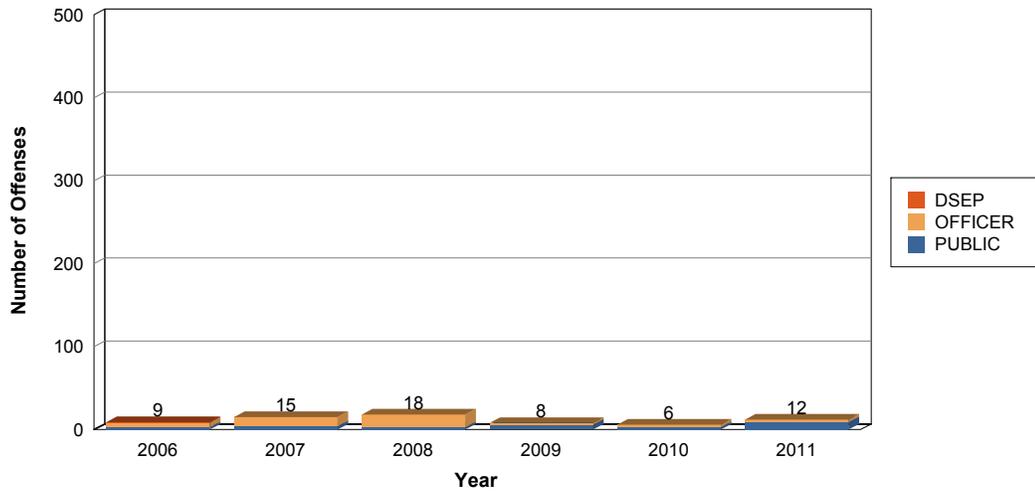


Chart 7f. Noise Offenses Reported by:

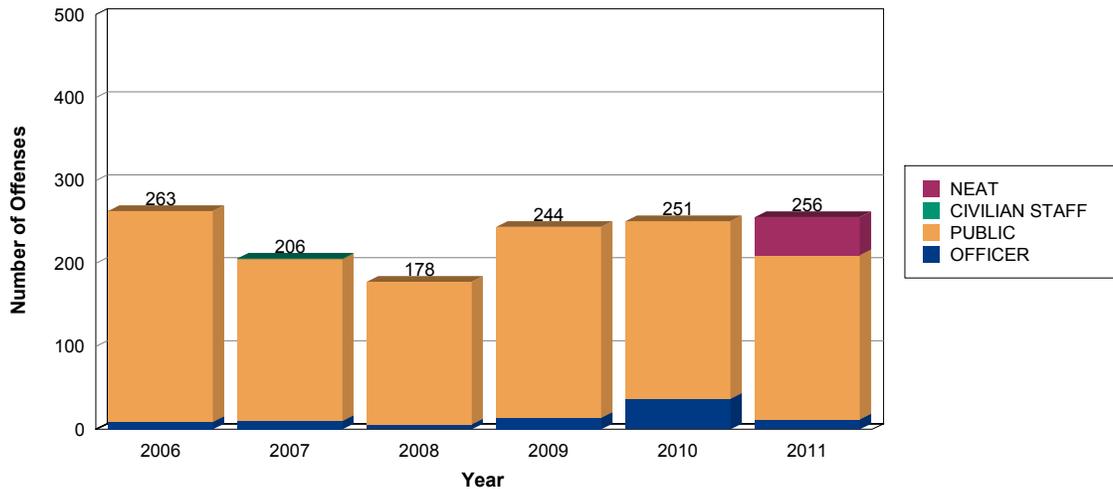
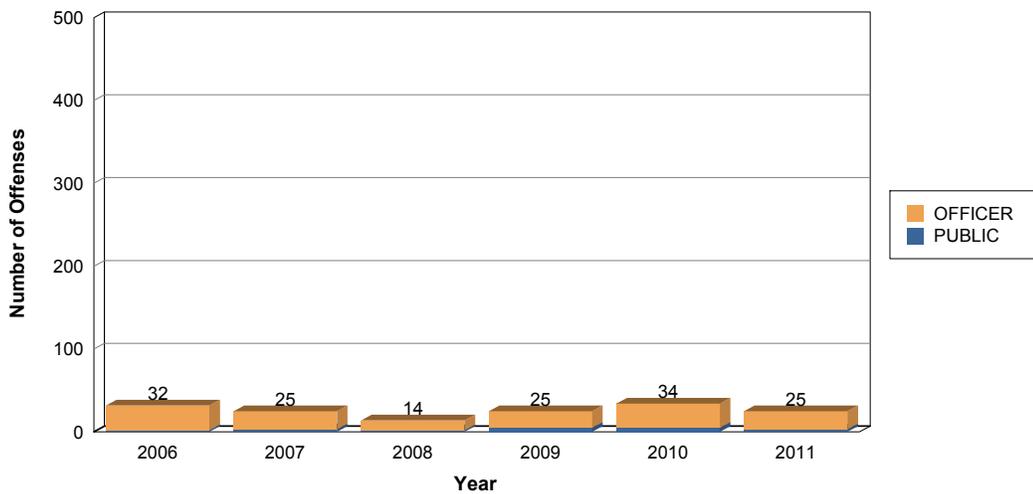


Chart 7g. Public Urination Reported by:



Note: PUBLIC Complainant type includes other staff, businesses, churches, MNMC, CATA, Can Help, Alpha Fire Department, and victims.

Chart 7h. Refuse Offenses Reported by:

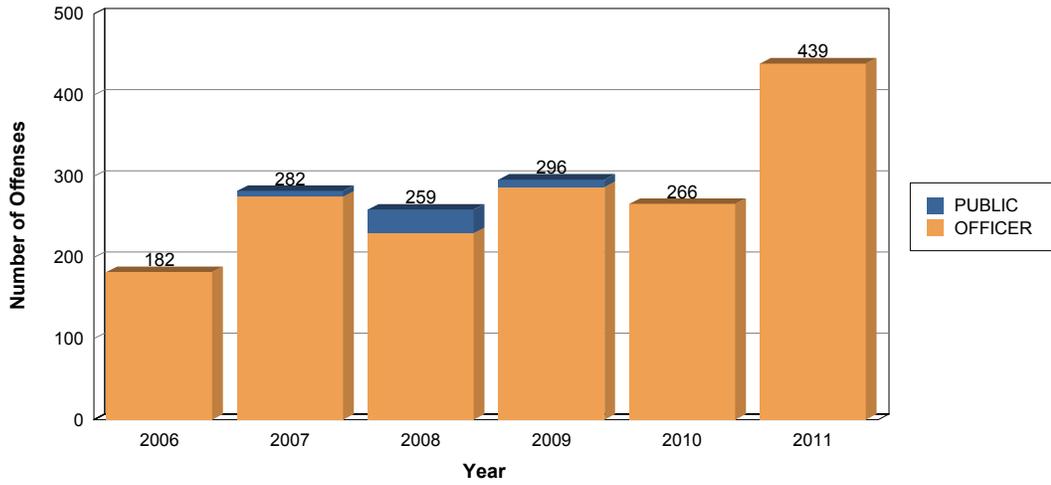


Chart 7i. Sex Crimes Reported by:

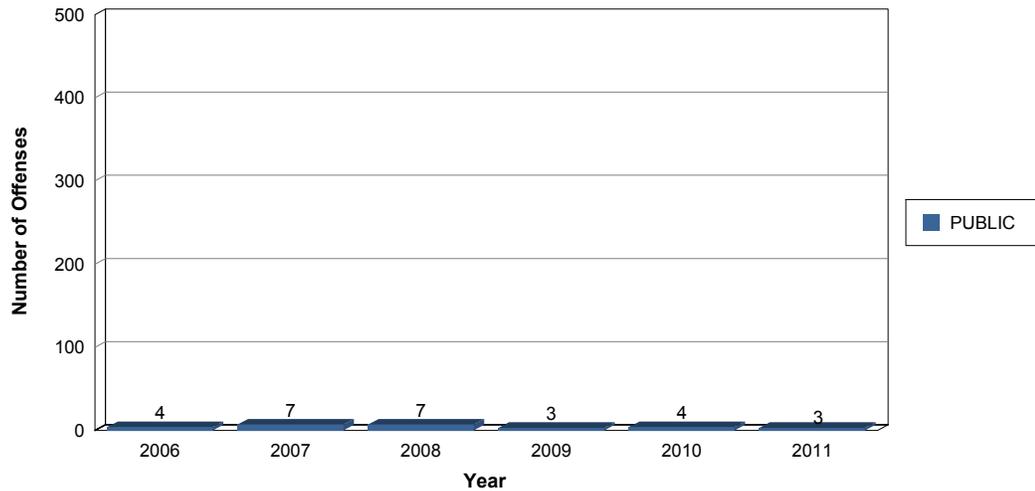
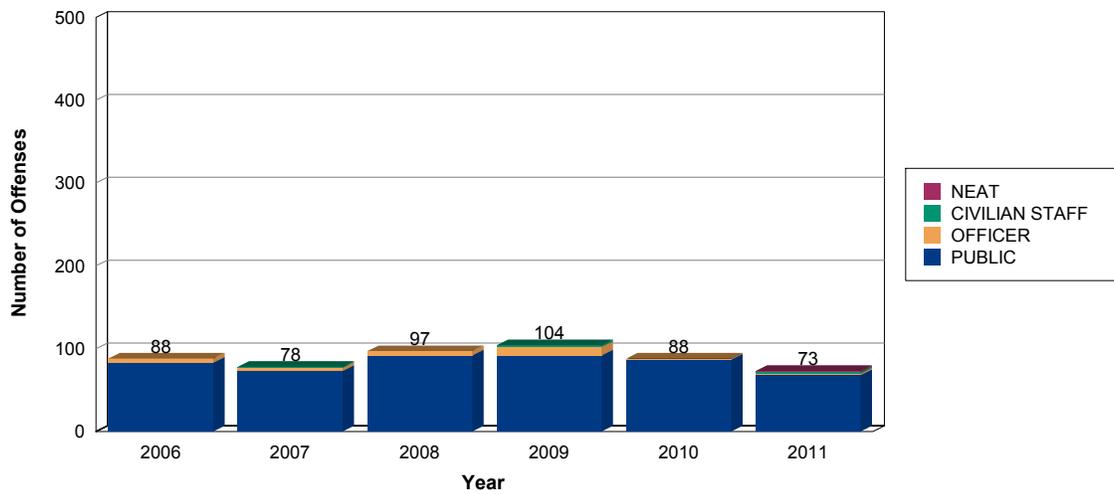


Chart 7j. Thefts Reported by:



Note: PUBLIC Complainant type includes other staff, businesses, churches, MNMC, CATA, Can Help, Alpha Fire Department, and victims.

Table 7b. Alcohol Offenses Reported by:

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	TOTAL
CIVILIAN STAFF	1						1
DSEP		1			2	2	5
NEAT						79	79
OFFICER	158	129	93	99	150	73	702
PUBLIC	38	53	33	44	36	29	233
TOTAL	197	183	126	143	188	183	1,020

Table 7c. Assaults/Fights/Harassment Reported by:

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	TOTAL
CIVILIAN STAFF	1						1
NEAT						4	4
OFFICER	5	1	3	4	4	4	21
PUBLIC	75	64	45	54	50	53	341
TOTAL	81	65	48	58	54	61	367

Table 7d. Criminal Mischief/Trespass Reported by:

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	TOTAL
CIVILIAN STAFF	3	6	4	5	4	2	24
NEAT						2	2
OFFICER	12	10	6	11	13	14	66
PUBLIC	117	99	128	110	77	84	615
TOTAL	132	115	138	126	94	102	707

Table 7e. Drug Offenses Reported by:

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	TOTAL
DSEP	1						1
OFFICER	5	11	15	2	3	3	39
PUBLIC	3	4	3	6	3	9	28
TOTAL	9	15	18	8	6	12	68

Table 7f. Noise Reported by:

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	TOTAL
CIVILIAN STAFF		1					1
NEAT						46	46
OFFICER	9	10	6	14	37	12	88
PUBLIC	254	195	172	230	214	198	1,263
TOTAL	263	206	178	244	251	256	1,398

Table 7g. Public Urination Reported by:

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	TOTAL
NEAT						5	5
OFFICER	30	22	12	20	29	22	135
PUBLIC	2	3	2	5	5	3	20
TOTAL	32	25	14	25	34	30	160

Table 7h. Refuse Offenses Reported by:

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	TOTAL
OFFICER	182	275	230	287	266	439	1,679
PUBLIC		7	29	9			45
TOTAL	182	282	259	296	266	439	1,724

Table 7i. Sex Crimes Reported by:

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	TOTAL
PUBLIC	4	7	7	3	4	3	28
TOTAL	4	7	7	3	4	3	28

Table 7j. Thefts Reported by:

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	TOTAL
CIVILIAN STAFF		1		2		2	5
NEAT						1	1
OFFICER	5	4	5	10	1	2	27
PUBLIC	83	73	92	92	87	68	495
TOTAL	88	78	97	104	88	73	528

Note: PUBLIC Complainant type includes other staff, businesses, churches, MNMC, CATA, Can Help, Alpha Fire Department, and victims.

A-8. Offender Demographics

Chart 8a. Offenders* by Age/Gender

2006 - 2011

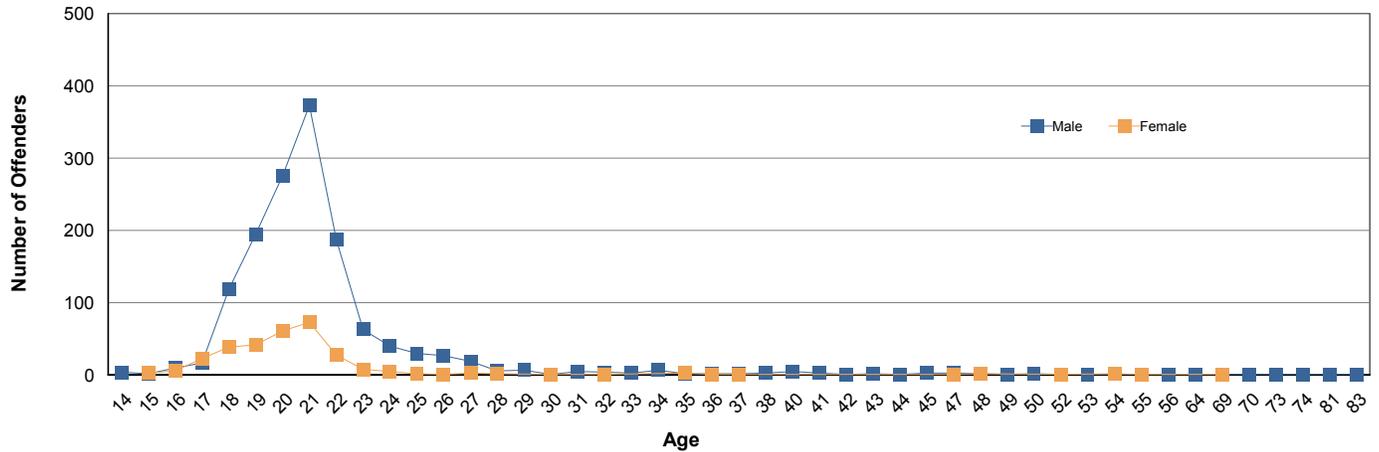


Chart 8b. Offenders* by Age/Race

2006 - 2011

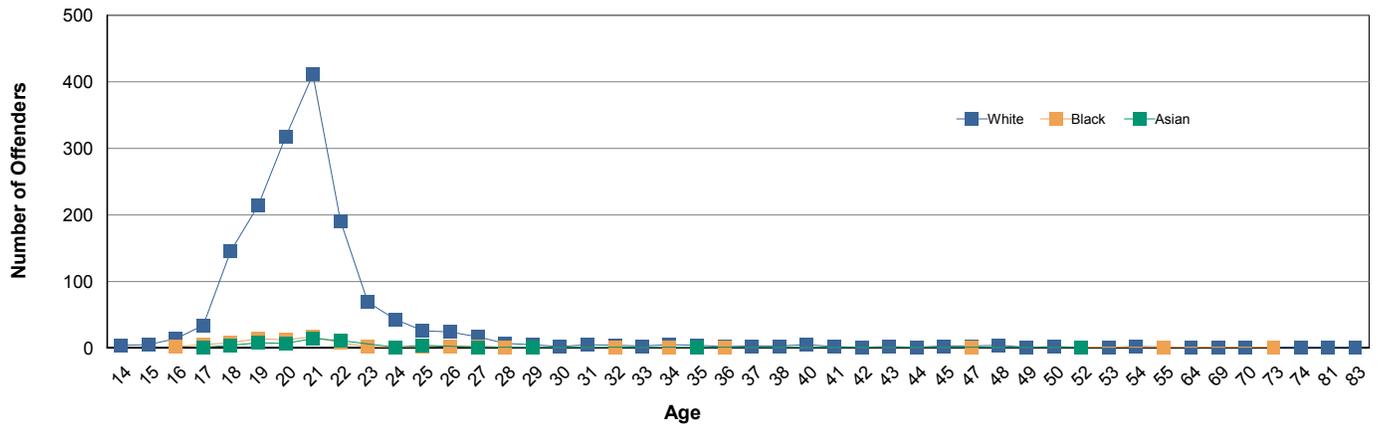
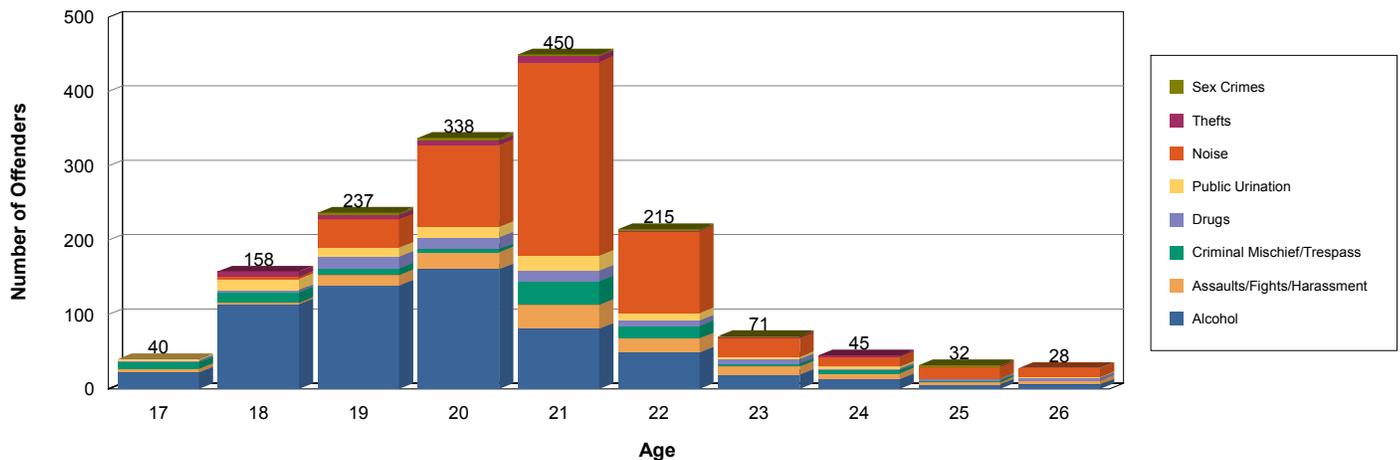


Chart 8c. Offense Types for Offenders* Age 17 - 26

2006 - 2011



* Includes offenders who have been identified and/or charged. Excludes expunged offenders, unknown age, unknown race, and unknown gender.

Table 8a. Offenders* by Age/Gender
2006 - 2011

	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	
Female			3	6	23	39	42	61	73	28	8	5	2	1	3	2		1		1			3	1	1	
Male	4	2	10	17	119	195	276	373	187	63	40	30	27	19	6	7	1	5	4	3	7	2	2	2	2	3
Unknown***							1	4							1											
Total	4	5	16	40	158	237	338	450	215	71	45	32	28	22	9	7	2	5	5	3	7	5	3	3	3	

	40	41	42	43	44	45	47	48	49	50	52	53	54	55	56	64	69	70	73	74	81	83	Other**	
Female								1	2			1		2	1			1						121
Male	5	3	1	2	1	3	3	2	1	2	1	1				1	1		1	1	1	1	1	823
Unknown***																								214
Total	5	3	1	2	1	3	4	4	1	2	2	1	2	1	1,158									

** Unknown or expunged age is categorized as **Other**.
*** Unknown race is categorized as **Unknown**.

Table 8b. Offenders* by Age/Race
2006 - 2011

	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Asian				1	4	8	7	14	11		1	4		1		1						1			
Black			2	5	8	14	12	17	8	2	1	2	3	3	1	1			1		1		1		
White	4	5	14	34	145	214	317	411	191	69	43	26	24	17	7	5	2	5	4	3	5	4	2	3	3
Unknown***					1	1	2	8	5				1	1	1						1				
Total	4	5	16	40	158	237	338	450	215	71	45	32	28	22	9	7	2	5	5	3	7	5	3	3	3

	40	41	42	43	44	45	47	48	49	50	52	53	54	55	56	64	69	70	73	74	81	83	Other**	
Asian											1													14
Black								1							1					1				15
White	5	2	1	2	1	3	3	4	1	2	1	1	2			1	1	1	1		1	1	1	875
Unknown***		1														1								254
Total	5	3	1	2	1	3	4	4	1	2	2	1	2	1	1,158									

** Unknown or expunged age is categorized as **Other**.
*** Unknown race is categorized as **Unknown**.

Table 8c. Offense Types for Offenders* Age 17 - 26
2006 - 2011

	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	
Alcohol		22	114	139	161	81	49	19	13	6	6
Assaults/Fights/Harassment		5	2	14	23	32	19	11	8	3	5
Criminal Mischief/Trespass		9	14	9	4	32	17	4	4	2	
Drugs		2	3	16	16	14	7	6	2	2	4
Noise			3	38	110	261	110	25	13	15	12
Public Urination		2	15	12	14	20	10	3	3	1	1
Sex Crimes				3	4	2	2	1		2	
Thefts			7	6	6	8	1	2	2	1	
Total		40	158	237	338	450	215	71	45	32	28

* Excludes expunged offenders and only includes those with known age and race who have been identified and/or charged.

B-1. Development of the F8 Program

Before F8

State College Borough has experienced issues related to the impact of students on residential neighborhoods for many years. Many thousands of university students move out of the residence halls or transfer from branch campuses each year and begin their first experience in independent living in the Borough. There are over 9,700 rental housing units in State College Borough, the great majority of which are student-occupied. Many of these rental units are in high rise buildings in the central business district or in more suburban locations in the southwest section of the borough. Significant numbers are located in borough neighborhoods in smaller apartment buildings, large, old homes converted into apartments or rooming houses, fraternities and in single-family homes rented to students or owned by students' families.

Students living in or visiting friends in borough neighborhoods often have lifestyles that conflict with those of their non-student neighbors. Students' late hours, noisy parties, and alcohol-fueled behavior issues impact residential neighborhoods where residents raise families and maintain respect for the needs and rights of the neighbors. These issues arise from new experiences for students, including:

- New-found freedom
- Exploring new social boundaries
- Access to alcohol
- Renewing friendships
- Social networking
- Football and other large events
- Lifestyle conflicts

Over the past decade, the number of students at Penn State has grown by 10 percent while the number of residence hall units on campus has remained level. This has added 4,000 more students to the community's population.

State College and Penn State have recognized the significant impact of the influx of students each autumn has on the community and its residential neighborhoods; particularly those close to campus: the Highlands, Holmes Foster and College Heights neighborhoods. Many of the borough's responses to this trend have been regulatory in nature. Examples of this include the enactment of occupancy limits, the adoption of property maintenance standards, the enactment of a rental permit suspension ordinance and the creation of the Student Home land use category. The University also responded with regulations through the extension of its Code of Conduct to apply to off-campus behavior.

The community also implemented strategies that do not rely on regulations, such as the first-time home buyer program and the home rehab program, as tools to entice owner-occupants to either move into or remain in the Borough. Town and Gown officials have worked together on a variety of programs targeted at addressing destructive behavior such as binge drinking. While these programs may have enforcement elements, they also focus on educating the community on the dangers of certain behaviors. For all the benefits that have resulted from these initiatives, more remains to be done to improve the quality of life in our neighborhoods for all of our residents.

Experience in State College and collaboration with other university communities has shown that the initial weeks of the fall semester are a critical time to set the expectations for the entire year. This was particularly reinforced in 2007 when Borough and University staff visited Fort Collins and Boulder, Colorado, which are host communities for Colorado State University and Colorado University respectively, to observe their town-gown fall semester initiatives. This experience underlined the importance of setting the tone – the community’s expectations – for the year as students return to town.

What is F8?

Beginning with the fall semester in 2007, the Borough and University began the F8 initiative. Originally, it referred to the first 8 weeks of the fall semester. Subsequently, it has been extended to continue through the football season.

This town – gown partnership includes multiple partners from both sides of College Avenue. State College Borough Administration, Ordinance Enforcement, Police and Centre Region Code Administration meet regularly with Penn State Student Affairs, Office of Greek Life, Judicial Affairs and Police. The work of this unified task force is to identify issues quickly and coordinate responses to set the tone for community expectations for the new academic year. Weekly meetings of the task force are the basis for organizing this effort.

The weekly meetings provide the platform for staff of both town and gown to coordinate responses and plan initiatives for proactive and positive actions, as well as increased law and ordinance enforcement collaboration, particularly in neighborhoods near campus. Proactive actions include police officer initiated contacts and, specifically, pre-party contacts when a police officer observed party preparations under way. Increased enforcement included starting limited weekend ordinance enforcement in 2008 and adding more weekend ordinance enforcement in 2009. Starting in late 2010, weekend ordinance enforcement has been instituted on a year-round basis. In 2011, the State College and Penn State Police Departments instituted NEAT teams during F8.

Each week for 16 weeks, beginning in mid-August, data is aggregated, reported and shared among the F8 participants. This collaboration among the University and Borough officials and agencies with current data enables police and other staff to focus efforts where they will have the greatest impact in the neighborhoods.

It is important to point out that F8 extends far beyond the weekly meetings. One of the most visible of these activities is the Living in One Neighborhood (LION) walk, held during the first week of Penn State classes in late August. Other outreach activities include window posters in downtown businesses, advertisements in *The Daily Collegian*, and posters in CATA buses. The combined objectives of these F8 efforts are to build community, to establish a sense among all residents, student and non-student, that there are community standards that each resident is expected to uphold in order to be a responsible part of the community.

Breaking down the barriers between police and other officials and our student residents is an important component of the F8 process. The LION walk is one way of putting a human face on public officials. Pre-party contacts, distributing information on how to conduct a safe party, working with university officials and event organizers to identify large social events, and initiating follow-up contacts at residences where problems have occurred in the past are all other methods that are used as part of the F8 process to reduce or eliminate problems before they occur.

At its core, F8 is a community-building initiative and it strives to build a sense of community in a number of ways. It attempts to convey to our student residents what expectations for living in neighborhoods are held by other members of our community. F8 is a process, not a once-and-done project. To be successful, the attitudes in F8 must become part of the everyday culture. One of the most important messages F8 can send is that civic vitality is built on the capacity of people to trust one another. Trusting one another depends on getting to know each other better, identifying shared values and overcoming areas where residents hold contrasting values. It inculcates the concept that citizens are responsible for quality of life in the community. While the government has a role to play in maintaining a community's quality of life, it is critical that a community's citizens are concerned with the quality of life in their community and are committed to taking steps necessary to maintain that quality of life. Finally, while measuring results is important, it is equally important to know that you have done the work to bring people together and help them make community connections.

B-2. Measuring the Effect of F8

The goal of the F8 initiative is to help stabilize and maintain a high quality of life in the residential neighborhoods. Because there are numerous programs beyond F8 (ongoing police activities, ordinance and code enforcement, LION walk), and because of weather, the success of the football team, the strength of the opponent and the closeness of the game impact the number of violations on a given football weekend (even if it is an away game), it is not possible to attribute changes in data or perceptions to any one program for certain. However, this report does present data which indicate that following a reduction in police incidents in the neighborhoods near campus during the first two F8 reporting periods the number of police incidents has risen slowly over the past three years. To a large extent, staff believes the increase in the past three years is the result of increased police enforcement, particularly police-initiated complaints, and the deployment of NEAT teams. The survey data collected since the program was initiated indicate that permanent residents' ratings of their neighborhood continue at a high level. The data are too limited to determine whether this is a permanent trend, but, at a minimum it can be stated that conditions have not worsened despite a continued growth in the number of students attending Penn State since 2006.

Police activity has been tracked in 8 categories. These categories, while not covering the full range of police activity, are key indicators of activity that contributes to neighborhood issues. The Police categories reported here are as follows:

- Alcohol
- Assaults/Fights/Harassment
- Criminal Mischief/Trespass
- Drug Offenses
- Noise Offenses
- Public Urination
- Sex Crimes
- Thefts

The key indicator tracked for Ordinance Enforcement was the number of refuse violations.

The offenses tracked for F8 are those that typically have the most direct impact on residents' perceptions of the quality of life in their neighborhood. Other work of the police, code enforcement and ordinance enforcement staff is equally important, but is not as directly related to neighborhood issues.

The data for F8 are tracked for 16 weeks beginning in mid-August. This period starts shortly before fall semester classes begin and runs through the end of the football season. Several of the appendices illustrate the weekly or other time-related patterns of the enforcement activity.

The data tracked for F8 are specific to the neighborhoods near to campus. These are not borough-wide data. Data are provided for three neighborhoods; the Highlands is divided into two parts, north and south. Thus, separate data are presented for Highlands North, Highlands South, Holmes-Foster and College Heights. A map illustrating the areas included in these neighborhoods is provided in Appendix A-1.

The police and ordinance enforcement data for the 16 weeks in the four neighborhood areas are provided in detail in the following appendices (numbers correspond to appendix number A-__):

1. Offenses by neighborhood (Includes map of the 4 neighborhoods near the campus that are included in all the data sets.)
2. Offenses by reporting areas (smaller police reporting areas within each neighborhood.)
3. Offenses by type by year
4. Offenses by week
5. Offenses by day of week
6. Police Offenses by hour and day of week (Police only; ordinance enforcement is not tracked on an hourly basis.)
7. Police Offenses by Hour
8. Offenses by Complainant
9. Offenses by Offender

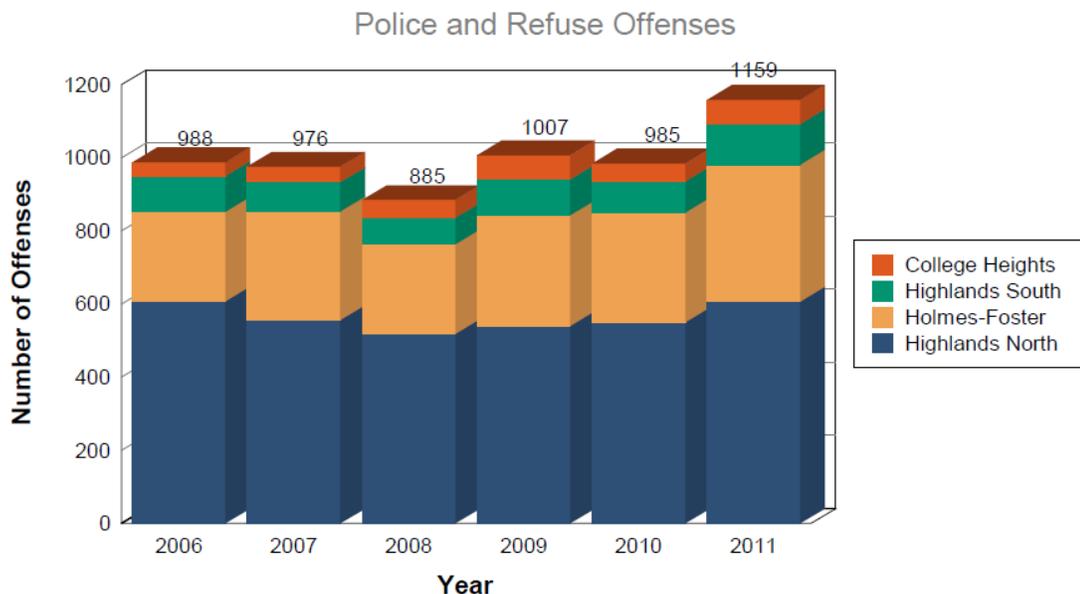
In addition to those data, the report includes information on the results of the citizens' survey (Appendix C), Penn State home football game schedule and number of students enrolled at the University (see Data Notes at the beginning of the Appendices). The data excerpted from the Citizens' Survey are Borough-wide.

Highlights from the Data

In the sections of the report below, some highlights will be taken from the extensive data provided in the appendices. Please note that the chart numbers below are not in numerical order. These are the numbers from the chart's location in the Appendices, so that the reader may refer to the related data located there.

The first chart (below and in the appendices) indicates that after an initial decline in total offenses in 2007 and 2008 when the F8 program was initiated, the number of offenses has seesawed over the ensuing three years, with the total offenses in both 2009 and 2011 higher than the pre-F8 year 2006.

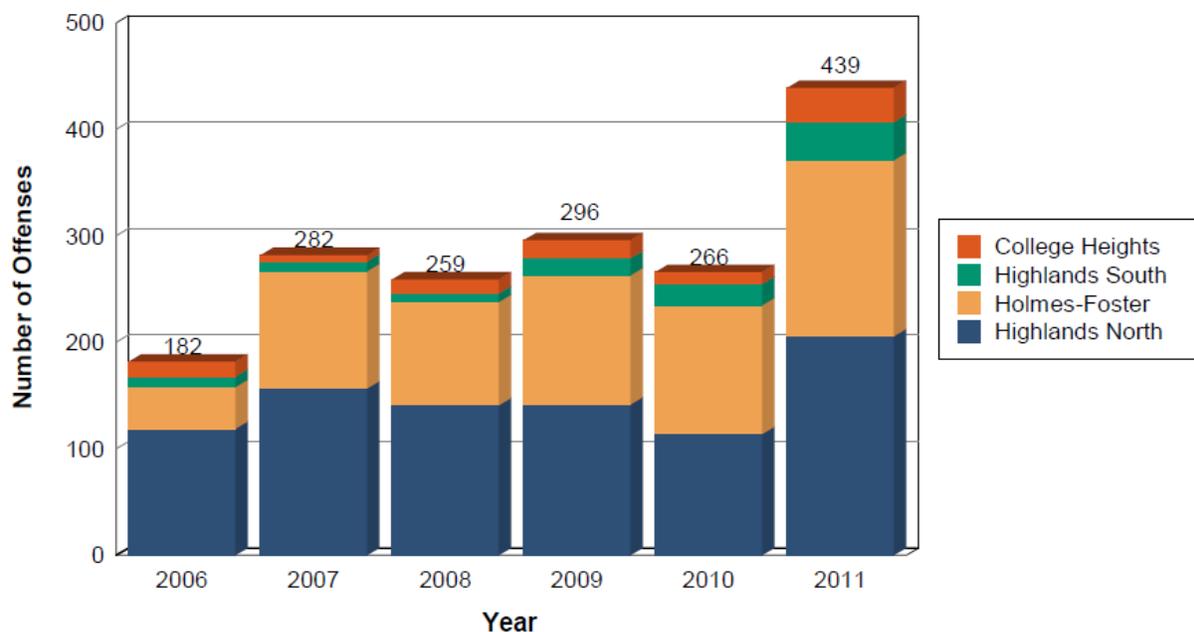
Chart 1h. Offenses for Neighborhood by Year



The aggregate data represented in the above table, however, mask some important details. First, it is important to distinguish between complainant-initiated and officer-initiated offenses. Second, there was an additional home football game in 2009 compared to the three previous years and in 2010.

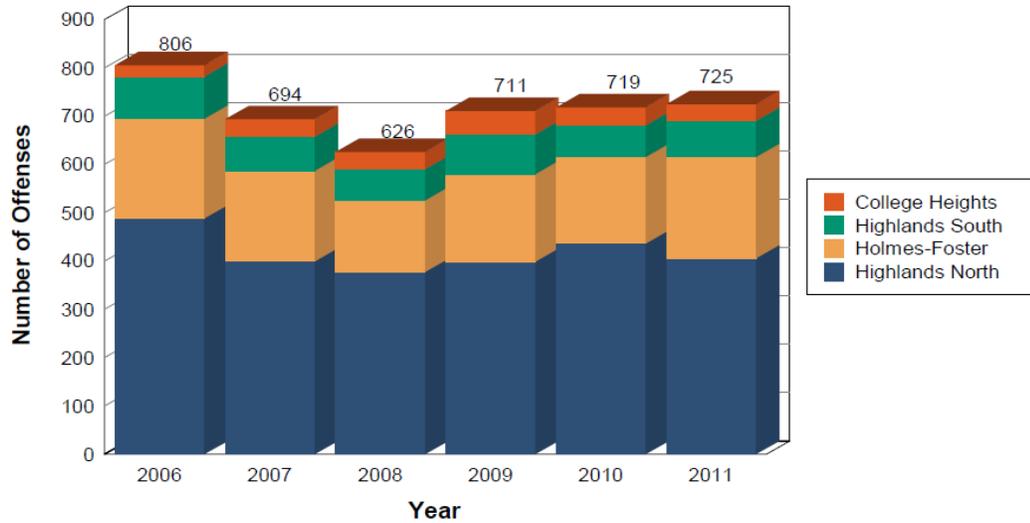
Officer-initiated violations are those where the Borough has not received a complaint. A majority of assault, criminal mischief, noise and theft offenses are reported to the police by the public (see Appendix 7). On the other hand, most alcohol offenses are found on the initiative of the police and refuse ordinance violations are almost all the result of ordinance enforcement officer initiatives rather than complaints. As a consequence, the number of alcohol and refuse offenses is dependent on the amount of staff time available and dedicated to enforcement activity. In particular, the data for refuse violations was impacted by an increased emphasis on enforcement through the addition of weekend enforcement and earlier morning enforcement. Chart 3h below illustrates the number of refuse offenses during the 2006 – 2011 reporting period.

Chart 3h. Refuse Offenses



If the number of refuse offenses is removed from the first chart (1a) above, the remaining number, the total number of police offenses, is down in all five of the F8 years from the base year (2006), even with an added home football game in 2009 (see Chart 1i below).

Chart 1i. Police Offenses for Neighborhood by Year



Two key categories of police enforcement activity that remained largely flat in 2011 over 2010 (although it remains somewhat below 2006) are alcohol and noise offenses, as illustrated in Charts 3b and 3f below

Chart 3b. Alcohol Offenses

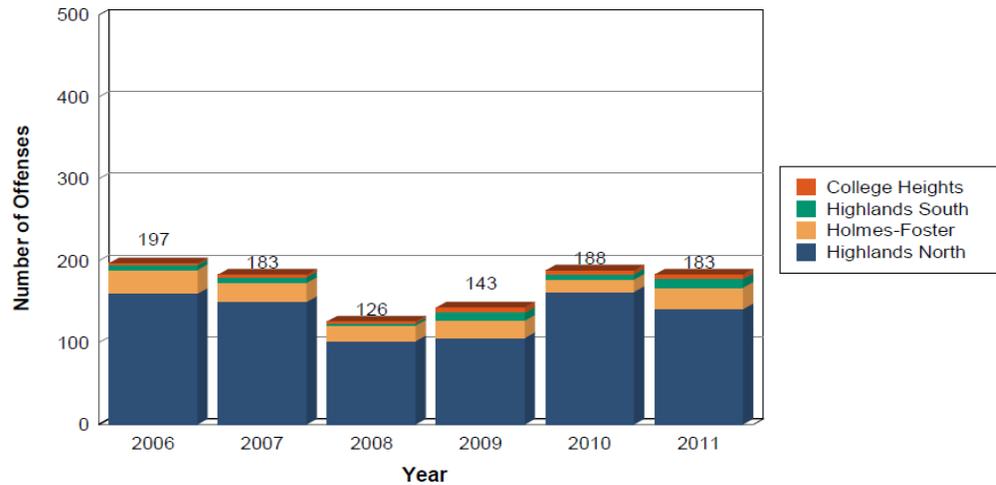
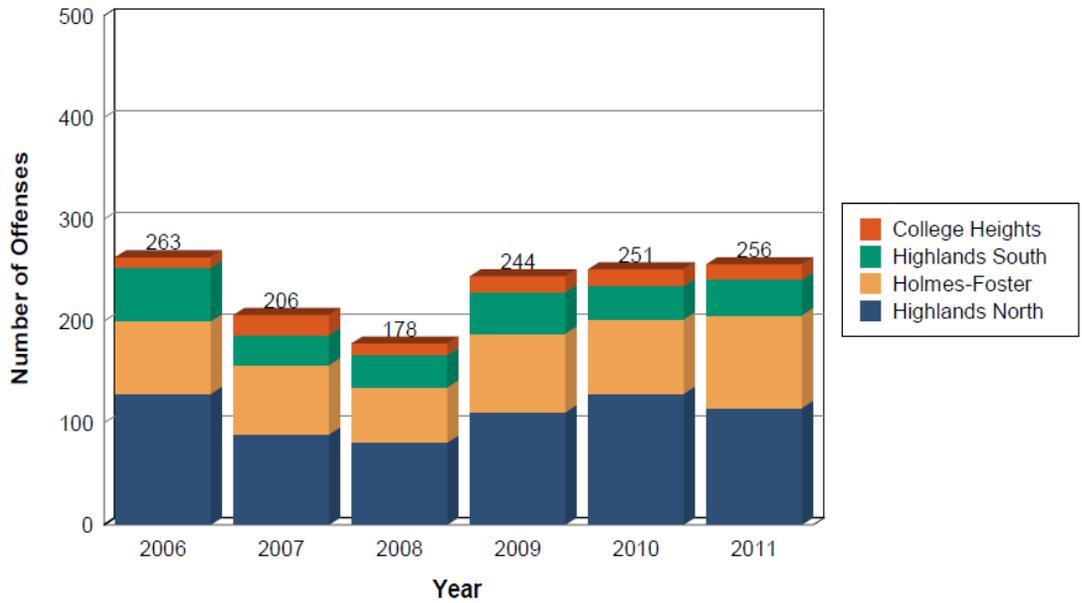


Chart 3f. Noise Offenses



Staff believes that to a large extent, the increases in the number of offenses recorded in these two categories over the first two years of F8 is the result of increase officer-initiated activity. This is evidenced by the following two charts on source of complaint.

Chart 7b. Alcohol Offenses Reported by:

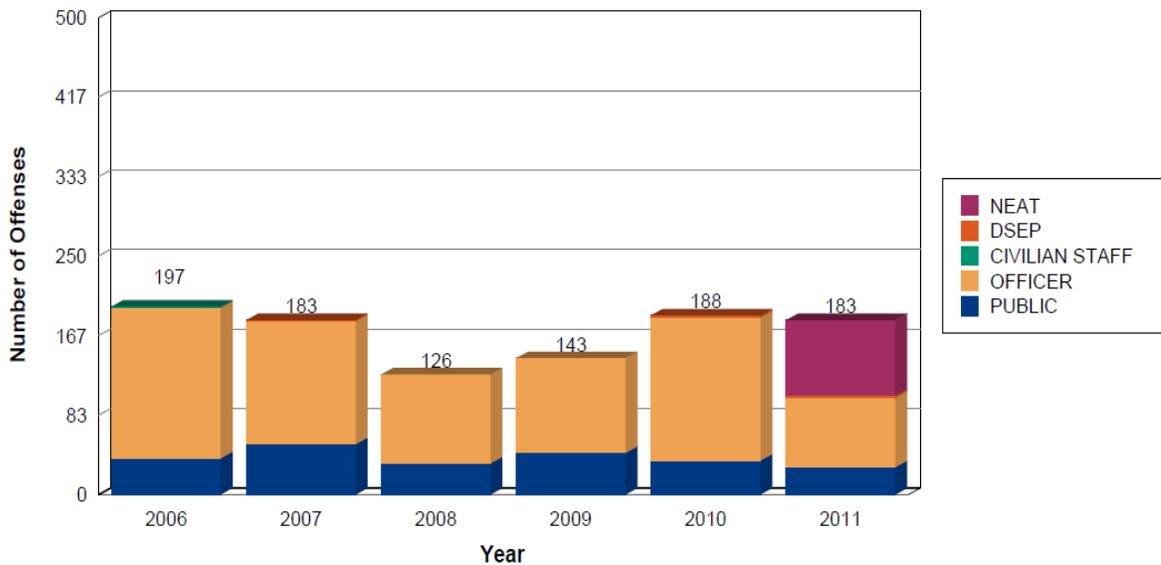
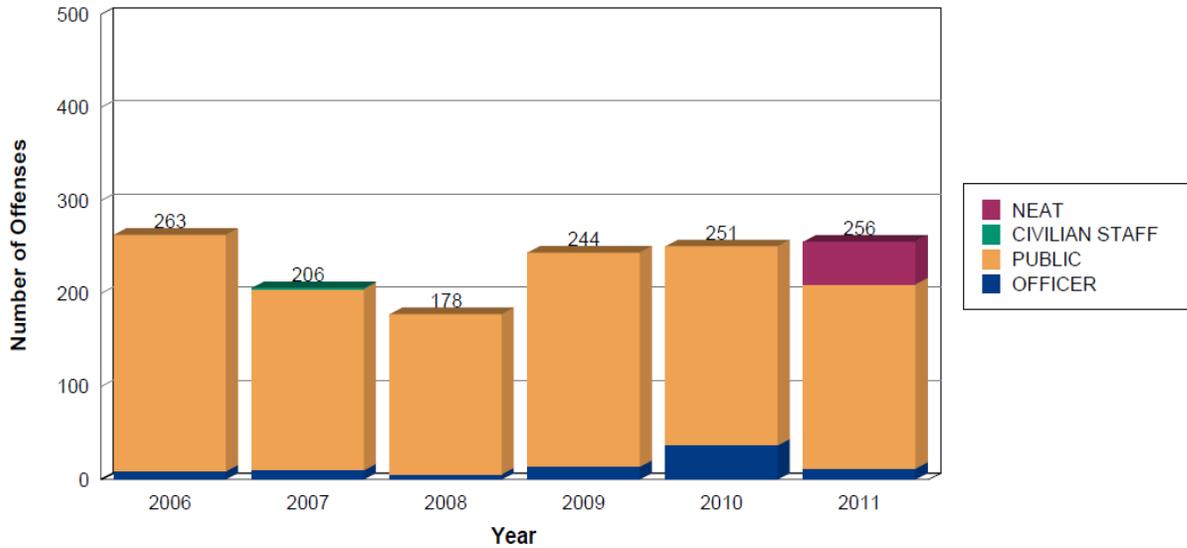


Chart 7f. Noise Offenses Reported by:



For both types of offense, we see an increase level of officer-initiated activity in 2011 over other years of the F8 program. This more assertive approach to enforcement will be carried through into 2012.

Citizen Survey Highlights

The results of the annual citizen survey are shown in Appendix C. Nine key indicators on quality of life in State College were selected from the survey to include in the appendices to this report. These indicators are those which relate most closely to residents’ assessment of the quality of life in the community and in their neighborhood. For each question, the responses for non-students are shown separately from students’ responses. The key summary result is found in Chart 11b. These results were as follows:

Percent responding Excellent or Good to question: *How do you rate your neighborhood as a place to live?*

- 2007 Non-students 89% Students 77%
- 2008 Non-students 87% Students 80%
- 2009 Non-students 87% Students 66%
- 2010 Non-students 87% Students 74%
- 2011 Non-students 86% Students 74%

This survey result provides an indication that the quality of life in neighborhoods in State College remains at a high level, notwithstanding the pressures created by the large numbers of Penn State students living in and visiting those neighborhoods.

C. National Citizen Survey

2011 Key Responses

Chart a. How do you rate State College as a place to live?

n=741, excluding "Don't Know" responses

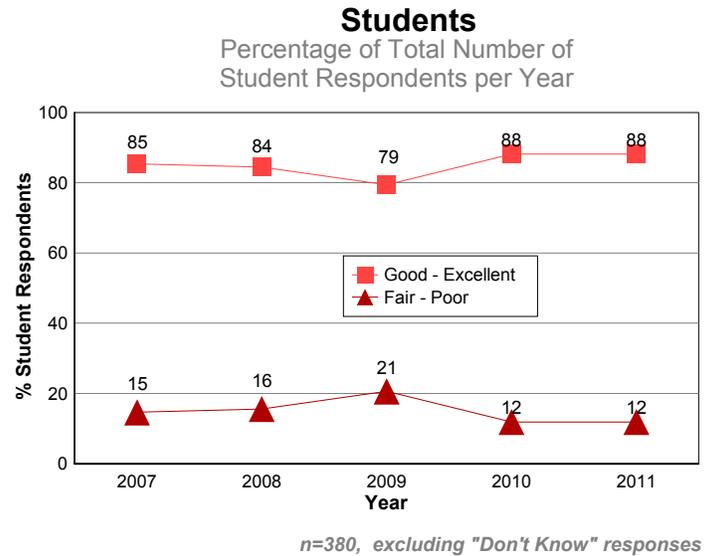
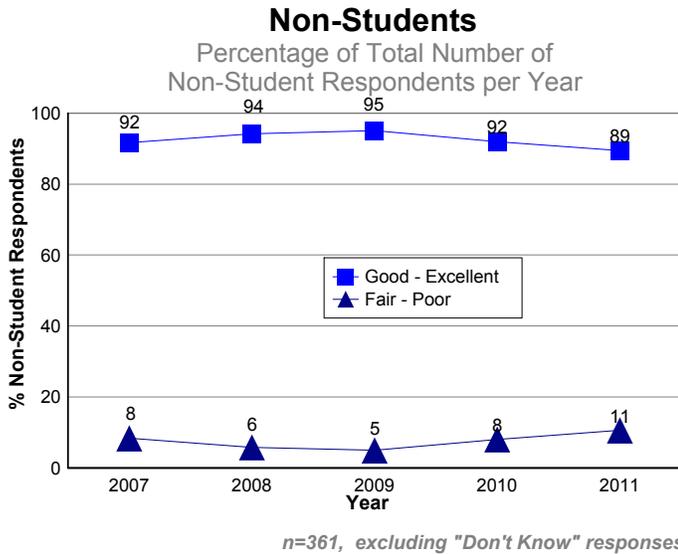


Chart b. How do you rate your neighborhood as a place to live?

n=737, excluding "Don't Know" responses

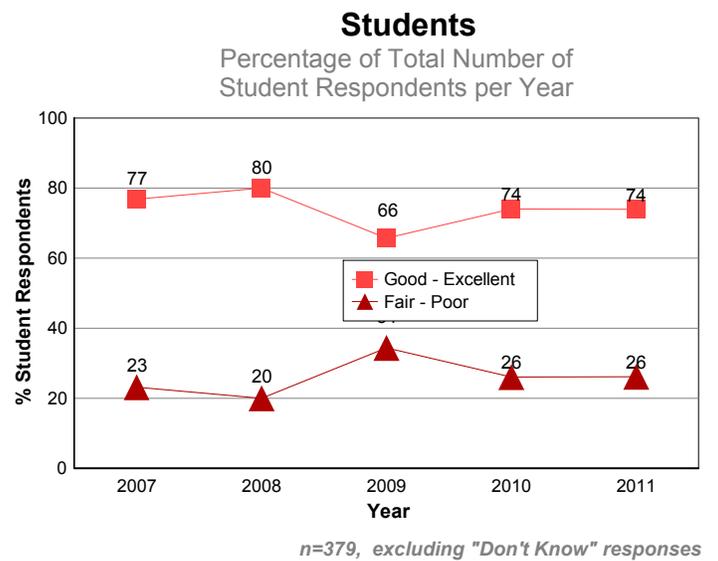
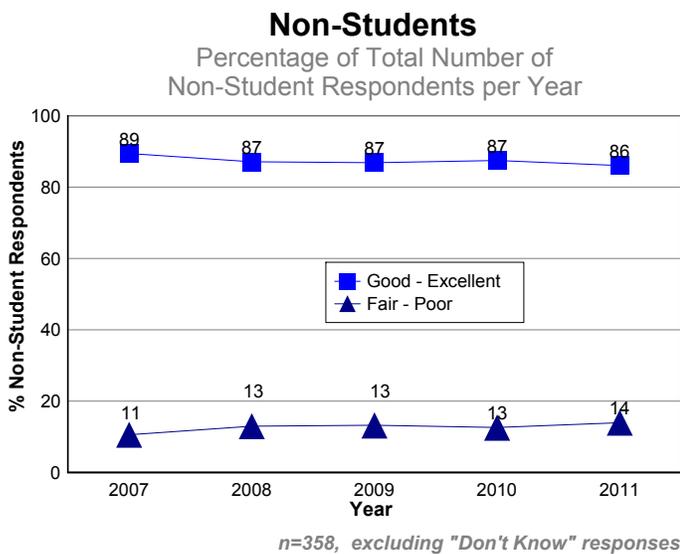


Chart c. How do you rate the overall quality of life in State College?

n=737

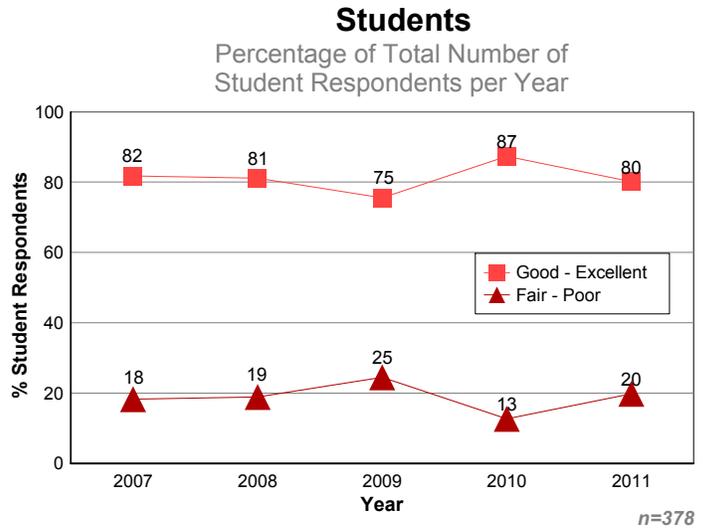
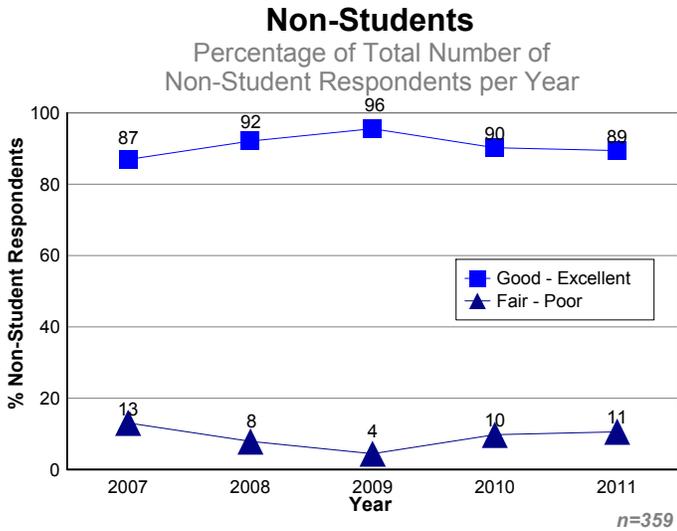


Chart d. To what degree is property crime a problem in your neighborhood?

n=716, excluding "Don't Know" responses

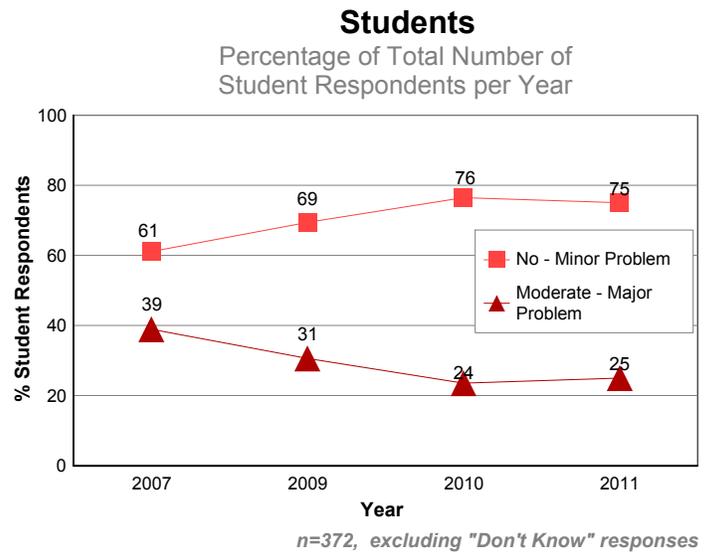
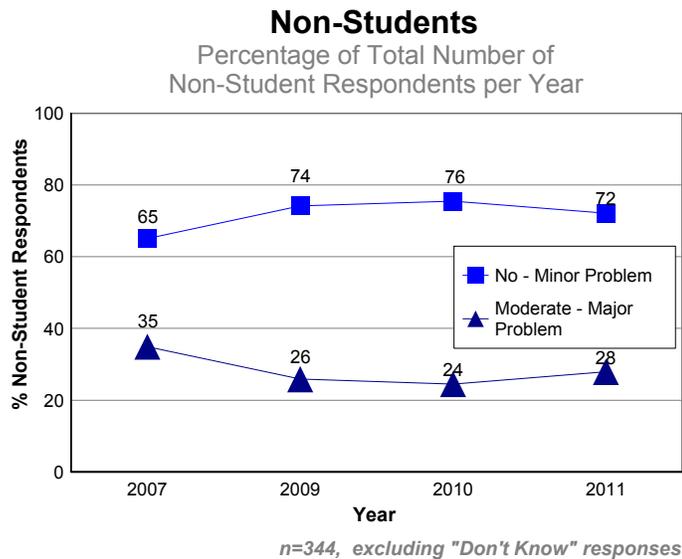


Chart e. To what degree is violent crime a problem in your neighborhood?

n=716

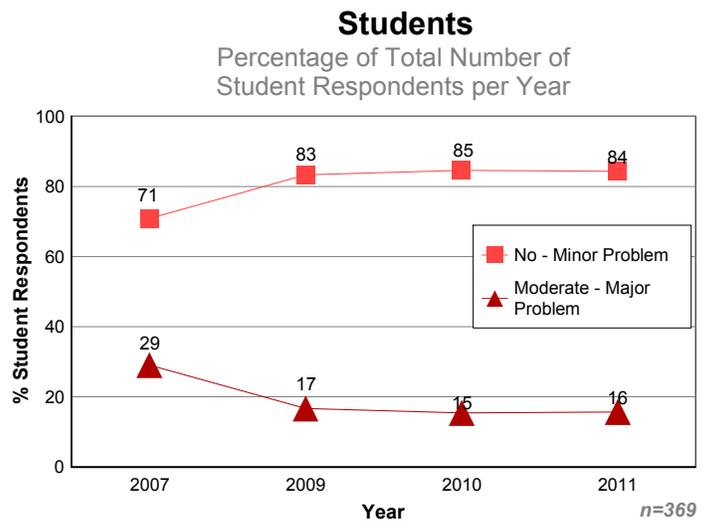
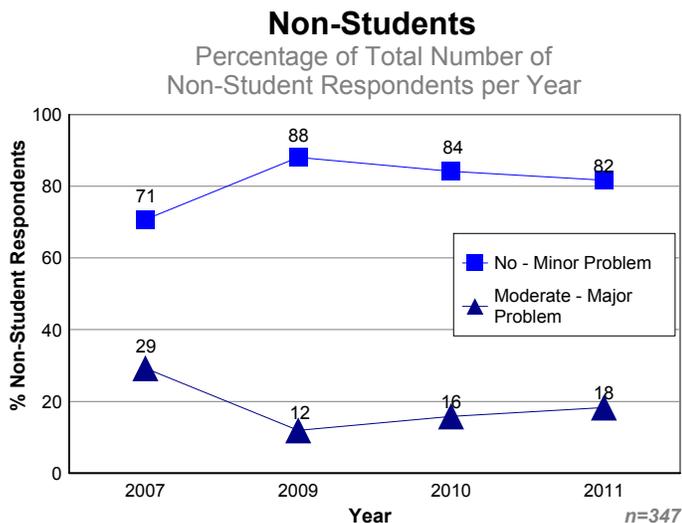
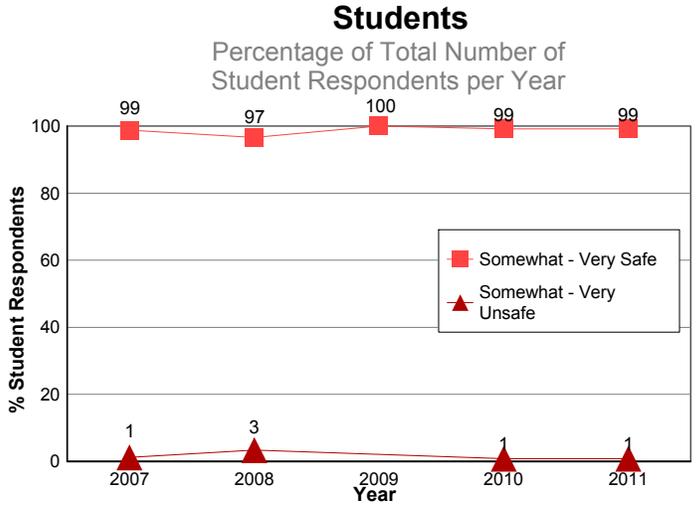
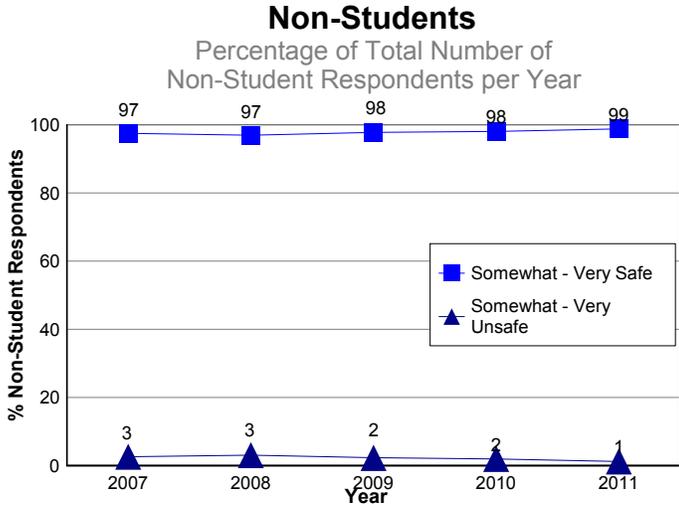


Chart f. How safe do you feel in your neighborhood during the day?

n=735, excluding "Don't Know" and "Neither Safe nor Unsafe" responses

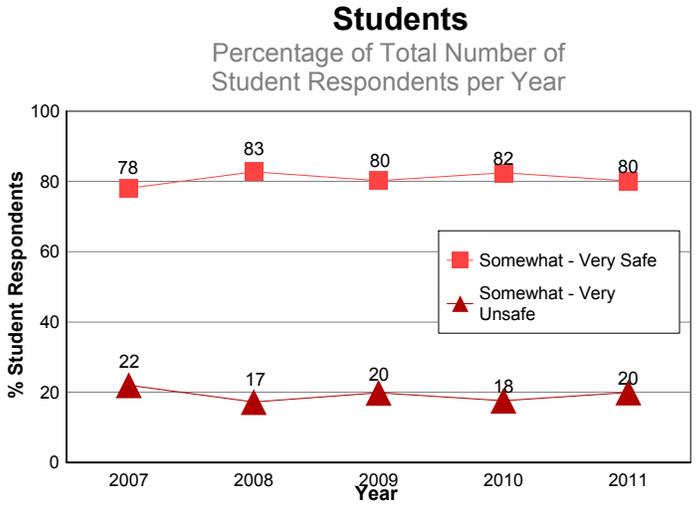
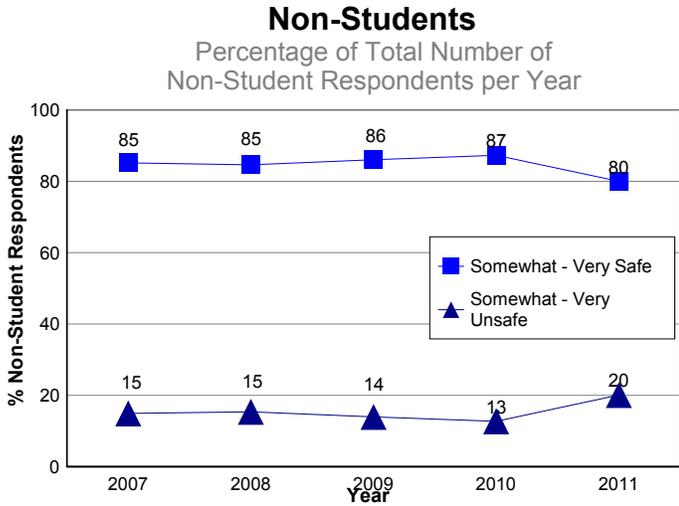


n=357, excluding "Don't Know" and "Neither Safe nor Unsafe" responses

n=378, excluding "Don't Know" and "Neither Safe nor Unsafe" responses

Chart g. How safe do you feel in your neighborhood during the night?

n=732, excluding "Don't Know" and "Neither Safe nor Unsafe" responses

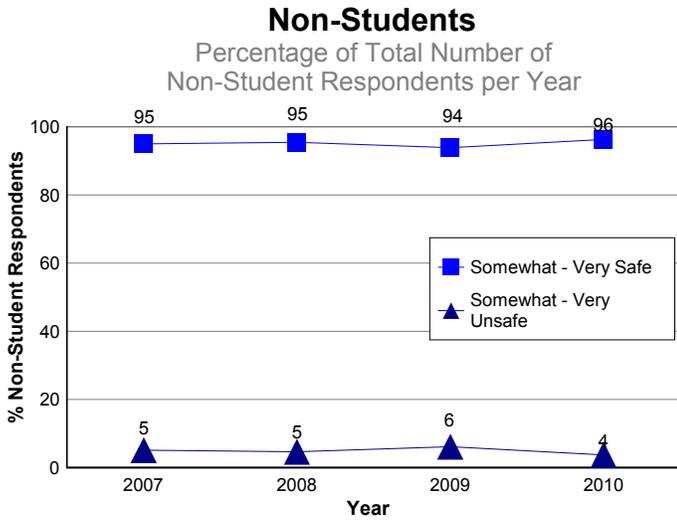


n=354, excluding "Don't Know" and "Neither Safe nor Unsafe" responses

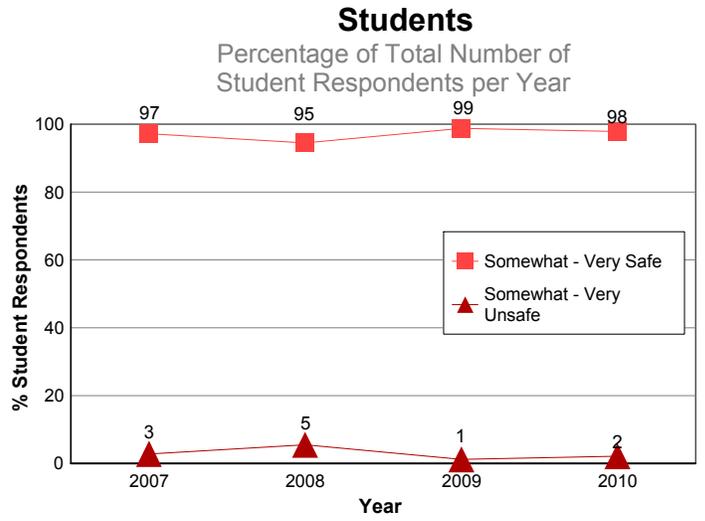
n=378, excluding "Don't Know" and "Neither Safe nor Unsafe" responses

Chart h. How safe do you feel in State College's parks during the day?

n=726, excluding "Don't Know" and "Neither Safe nor Unsafe" responses



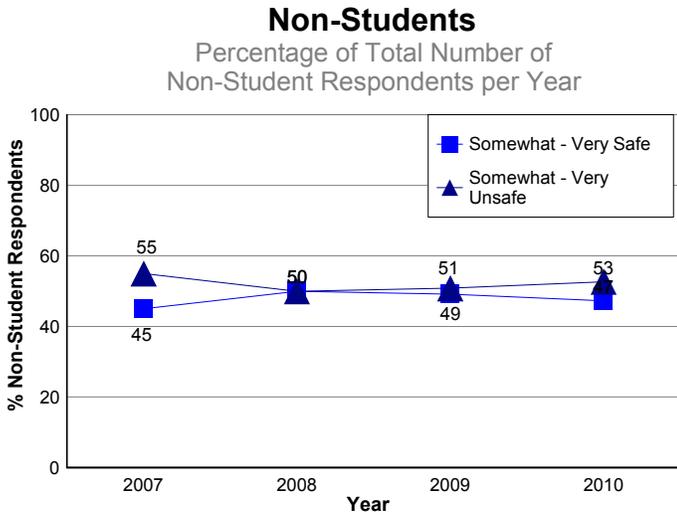
n=349, excluding "Don't Know" and "Neither Safe nor Unsafe" responses



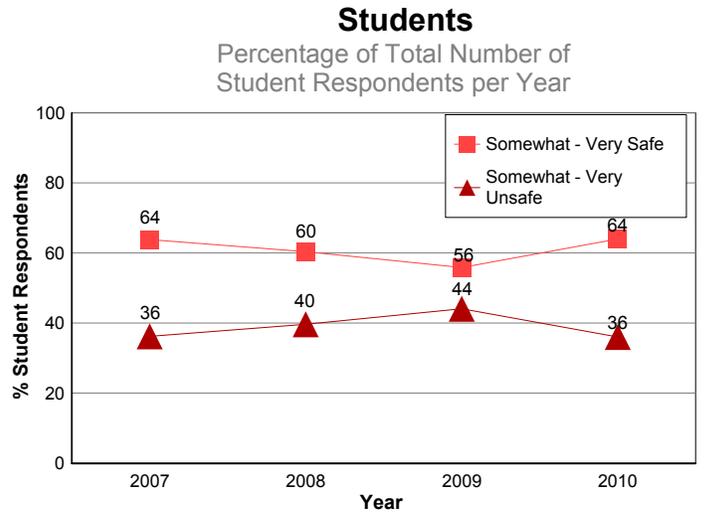
n=377, excluding "Don't Know" and "Neither Safe nor Unsafe" responses

Chart i. How safe do you feel in State College's parks after dark?

n=729, excluding "Don't Know" and "Neither Safe nor Unsafe" responses



n=352, excluding "Don't Know" and "Neither Safe nor Unsafe" responses



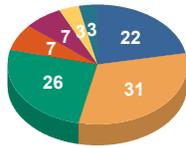
n=377, excluding "Don't Know" and "Neither Safe nor Unsafe" responses

Chart j. About how often, if at all, do you talk to or visit with your immediate neighbors (people who live in the 10 to 20 households that are closest to you)?

n=736

Non-Students

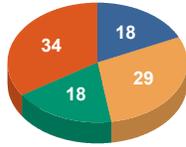
Percentage of Total Number of Non-Student Respondents per Year



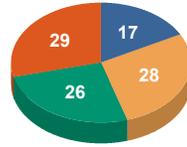
2008



2009



2010



2011



n=358

Students

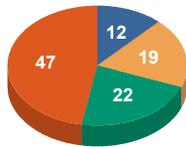
Percentage of Total Number of Student Respondents per Year



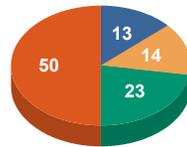
2008



2009



2010



2011



n=378

Chart k. How do you rate the value of services for taxes paid to State College?

n=734, excluding "Don't Know" and neutral responses

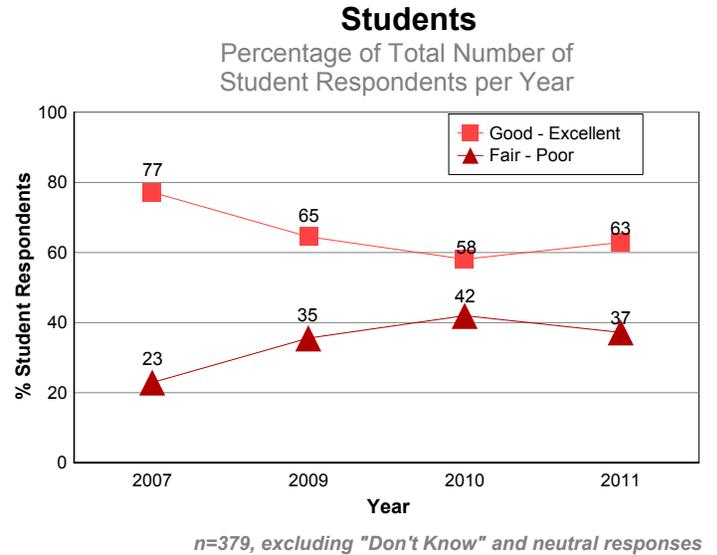
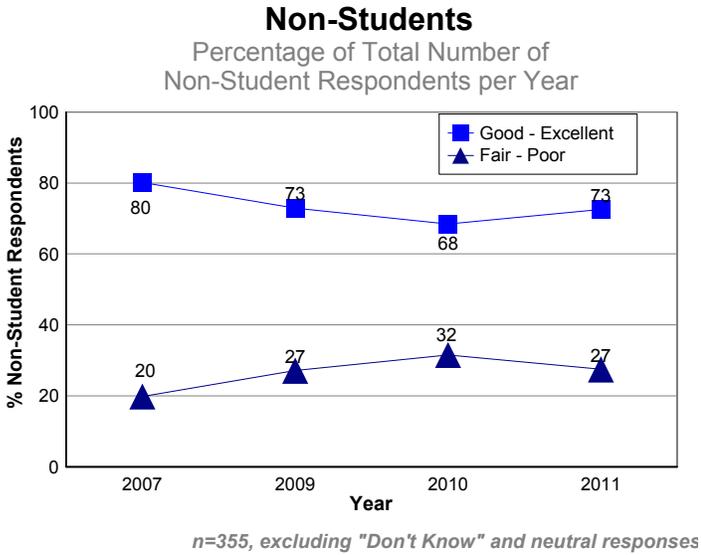


Chart l. How do you rate the sense of community in State College?

n=725, excluding "Don't Know" and neutral responses

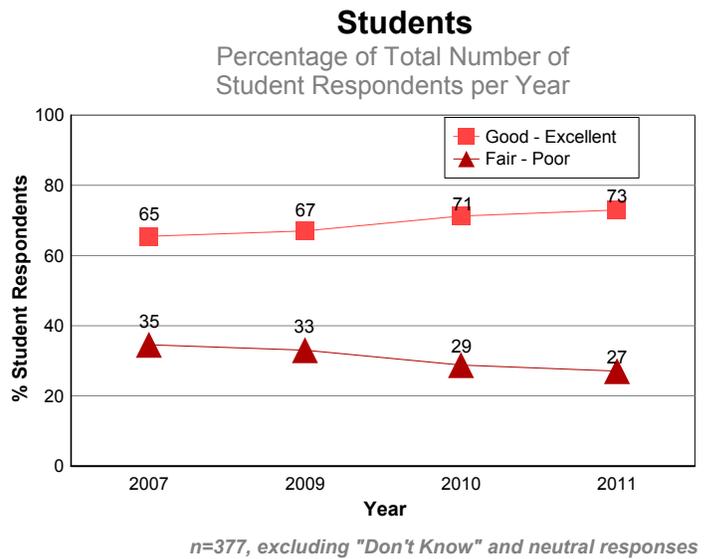
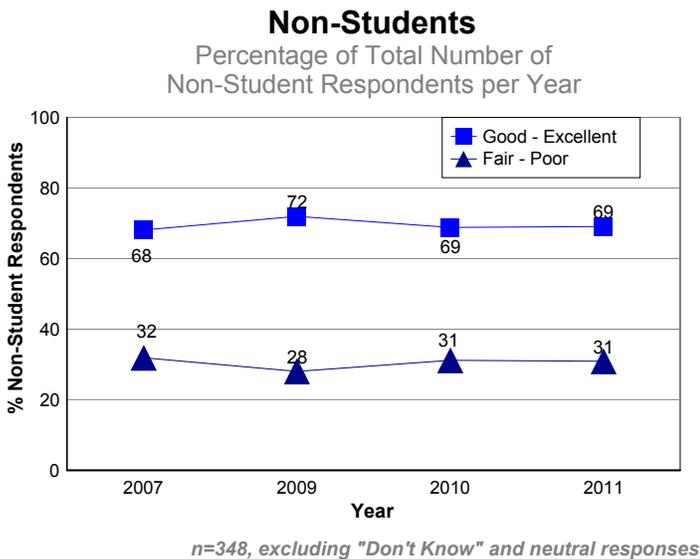


Table a. How do you rate State College as a place to live?

	2007			2008			2009			2010			2011			TOTAL
	Non-Student	Student	Total	Non-Student	Student	Total	Non-Student	Student	Total	Non-Student	Student	Total	Non-Student	Student	Total	
Excellent	141	32	173	129	26	155	96	27	123	181	139	320	154	82	236	1,007
Good	145	38	183	116	50	166	77	54	131	151	196	347	142	133	275	1,102
Fair	23	9	32	14	13	27	9	17	26	23	40	63	33	27	60	208
Poor	3	3	6	1	1	2		4	4	6	5	11	2	2	4	27
Don't Know	2		2			0			0			0	1		1	3
TOTAL	314	82	396	260	90	350	182	102	284	361	380	741	332	244	576	2,347

Table b. How do you rate your neighborhood as a place to live?

	2007			2008			2009			2010			2011			TOTAL
	Non-Student	Student	Total	Non-Student	Student	Total	Non-Student	Student	Total	Non-Student	Student	Total	Non-Student	Student	Total	
Excellent	147	23	170	132	23	155	77	18	95	144	88	232	142	64	206	858
Good	132	40	172	90	49	139	81	49	130	169	191	360	142	114	256	1,057
Fair	29	13	42	24	16	40	22	30	52	39	88	127	39	54	93	354
Poor	4	6	10	9	2	11	2	5	7	6	10	16	7	9	16	60
Don't Know	1		1			0			0		2	2		1	1	4
TOTAL	313	82	395	255	90	345	182	102	284	358	379	737	330	242	572	2,333

Table c. How do you rate the overall quality of life in State College?

	2007			2008			2009			2010			2011			TOTAL
	Non-Student	Student	Total	Non-Student	Student	Total	Non-Student	Student	Total	Non-Student	Student	Total	Non-Student	Student	Total	
Excellent	112	28	140	114	23	137	72	18	90	128	100	228	117	67	184	779
Good	160	39	199	120	50	170	100	59	159	196	230	426	178	127	305	1,259
Fair	36	14	50	19	15	34	8	23	31	27	46	73	31	47	78	266
Poor	5	1	6	1	2	3		2	2	8	2	10	4	1	5	26
TOTAL	313	82	395	254	90	344	180	102	282	359	378	737	330	242	572	2,330

Table d. To what degree is property crime a problem in your neighborhood?

	2007			2009			2010			2011			TOTAL
	Non-Student	Student	Total	Non-Student	Student	Total	Non-Student	Student	Total	Non-Student	Student	Total	
Not a Problem	73	12	85	38	25	63	95	130	225	86	84	170	543
Minor Problem	121	35	156	91	43	134	158	149	307	144	93	237	834
Moderate Problem	49	14	63	25	15	40	46	43	89	45	28	73	265
Major Problem	55	16	71	20	15	35	36	43	79	44	31	75	260
Don't Know	9	5	14	2	4	6	9	7	16	8	5	13	49
TOTAL	307	82	389	176	102	278	344	372	716	327	241	568	1,951

Table e. To what degree is violent crime a problem in your neighborhood?

	2007			2009			2010			2011			TOTAL
	Non-Student	Student	Total	Non-Student	Student	Total	Non-Student	Student	Total	Non-Student	Student	Total	
Not a Problem	114	31	145	63	51	114	160	198	358	138	119	257	874
Minor Problem	101	25	126	92	34	126	132	114	246	125	80	205	703
Moderate Problem	49	10	59	10	6	16	37	26	63	24	16	40	178
Major Problem	40	13	53	11	11	22	18	31	49	35	21	56	180
TOTAL	304	79	383	176	102	278	347	369	716	322	236	558	1,935

Table f. How safe do you feel in your neighborhood during the day?

	2007			2008			2009			2010			2011			TOTAL
	Non-Student	Student	Total	Non-Student	Student	Total	Non-Student	Student	Total	Non-Student	Student	Total	Non-Student	Student	Total	
Very Safe	265	75	340	229	82	311	150	93	243	321	340	661	277	219	496	2,051
Somewhat Safe	39	6	45	26	3	29	23	8	31	28	32	60	49	16	65	230
Neither Safe Nor Unsafe	4	1	5	7	2	9	4		4	5	2	7	4	1	5	30
Somewhat Unsafe	4		4	1	1	2			0	2	1	3		1	1	10
Very Unsafe			0		1	1			0			0	1	1	2	3
Don't Know			0		1	1	1	1	2	1	3	4		2	2	9
TOTAL	312	82	394	263	90	353	178	102	280	357	378	735	331	240	571	2,333

Table g. How safe do you feel in your neighborhood during the night?

	2007			2008			2009			2010			2011			TOTAL
	Non-Student	Student	Total	Non-Student	Student	Total	Non-Student	Student	Total	Non-Student	Student	Total	Non-Student	Student	Total	
Very Safe	135	32	167	117	41	158	64	36	100	144	141	285	132	90	222	932
Somewhat Safe	128	32	160	98	31	129	84	45	129	158	164	322	127	99	226	966
Neither Safe Nor Unsafe	22	7	29	19	6	25	10	5	15	17	38	55	29	21	50	174
Somewhat Unsafe	24	11	35	20	9	29	14	15	29	27	27	54	36	26	62	209
Very Unsafe	2		2	4	2	6	4	1	5	5	5	10	4	5	9	32
Don't Know	2		2	2	1	3	1		1	3	3	6	1	1	2	14
TOTAL	313	82	395	260	90	350	177	102	279	354	378	732	329	242	571	2,327

Table h. How safe do you feel in State College's parks during the day?

	2007			2008			2009			2010			TOTAL
	Non-Student	Student	Total	Non-Student	Student	Total	Non-Student	Student	Total	Non-Student	Student	Total	
Very Safe	214	60	274	185	62	247	121	65	186	232	271	503	1,210
Somewhat Safe	67	9	76	43	7	50	32	22	54	78	58	136	316
Neither Safe Nor Unsafe	9	2	11	6	3	9	8	1	9	11	6	17	46
Somewhat Unsafe	6		6	5	1	6	2		2	1	1	2	16
Very Unsafe	1		1	1	1	2			1	1	1	1	5
Don't Know	16	11	27	23	16	39	14	13	27	26	41	67	160
TOTAL	313	82	395	263	90	353	177	102	279	349	377	726	1,753

Table i. How safe do you feel in State College's parks after dark?

	2007			2008			2009			2010			TOTAL
	Non-Student	Student	Total	Non-Student	Student	Total	Non-Student	Student	Total	Non-Student	Student	Total	
Very Safe	30	13	43	25	15	40	11	18	29	36	75	111	223
Somewhat Safe	69	24	93	56	20	76	49	20	69	78	90	168	406
Neither Safe Nor Unsafe	39	13	52	36	13	49	27	19	46	61	50	111	258
Somewhat Unsafe	82	8	90	45	10	55	35	11	46	66	43	109	300
Very Unsafe	27	5	32	17	5	22	8	6	14	14	18	32	100
Don't Know	64	19	83	83	27	110	46	28	74	97	101	198	465
TOTAL	311	82	393	262	90	352	176	102	278	352	377	729	1,752

Table j. About how often, if at all, do you talk to or visit with your immediate neighbors (people who live in the 10 or 20 households that are closest to you)?

	2008			2009			2010			2011			TOTAL
	Non-Student	Student	Total										
About Every Day	57	9	66	33	10	43	65	45	110	56	32	88	307
Several Times a Week	82	17	99	49	23	72	105	72	177	92	34	126	474
Several Times a Month	67	16	83	42	16	58	66	83	149	84	54	138	428
Once a Month	19	10	29	17	9	26	122	178	300	94	120	214	569
Several Times a Year	18	13	31	19	13	32			0			0	63
Once a Year or Fewer	9	9	18	8	13	21			0			0	39
Never	9	16	25	9	18	27			0			0	52
TOTAL	261	90	351	177	102	279	358	378	736	326	240	566	1,932

Table k. How do you rate the value of services for taxes paid to State College?

	2007			2009			2010			2011			TOTAL
	Non-Student	Student	Total										
Excellent	77	7	84	37	7	44	57	35	92	59	23	82	302
Good	121	20	141	84	33	117	158	105	263	147	75	222	743
Fair	36	5	41	37	18	55	72	87	159	62	45	107	362
Poor	13	3	16	8	4	12	27	14	41	16	13	29	98
Don't Know			0	16	39	55	41	138	179	47	85	132	366
TOTAL	247	35	282	182	101	283	355	379	734	331	241	572	1,871

Table l. How do you rate the sense of community in State College?

	2007			2009			2010			2011			TOTAL
	Non-Student	Student	Total										
Excellent	51	14	65	39	16	55	72	86	158	56	63	119	397
Good	150	39	189	79	51	130	162	174	336	154	107	261	916
Fair	74	24	98	41	26	67	82	90	172	79	50	129	466
Poor	20	4	24	5	7	12	24	15	39	15	13	28	103
Don't Know	8	1	9	9	2	11	8	12	20	13	11	24	64
TOTAL	303	82	385	173	102	275	348	377	725	317	244	561	1,946